

GENERAL STATE COMPTROLLER



AUDInet Code 2019/413

State Comptroller at ADIF Alta Velocidad

(Free translation from the Original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish version prevails)



SPANISH MINISTRY OF FINANCE

GENERAL STATE COMPTROLLER

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I. Introduction

The General State Comptroller, through the State Auditor of ADIF Alta Velocidad, (hereinafter ADIF AV or the Entity), using the powers conferred thereto by Article 168 of the General Budgetary Law, has audited the annual accounts of the aforementioned Entity, which comprise the balance sheet at 31 December 2018, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and the notes to the annual accounts for the year then ended.

The audit firm PKF ATTEST SERVICIOS EMPRESARIALES SL by virtue of the agreement entered into with the Spanish Ministry of Finance, at the proposal of the General State Comptroller (IGAE), performed the audit engagement referred to in the preceding section. In the aforementioned engagement, the General State Comptroller applied the Technical Standards relating to the cooperation with private auditors in the performance of public audits dated 11 April 2007.

The General State Comptroller prepared this report based on the work performed by the audit firm PKF ATTEST SERVICIOS EMPRESARIALES SL.

The Chairman of ADIF Alta Velocidad is responsible for the preparation of the Entity's annual accounts in accordance with the financial reporting framework detailed in Note 2 to the annual accounts and, in particular, in accordance with the accounting principles and policies. The Chairman is also responsible for the internal control considered necessary to enable the aforementioned annual accounts to be prepared free from material misstatement.

The annual accounts to which this report refers were prepared by the Chairman of the Entity on 21 March 2019 and were furnished to the State Audit Office on that date.

The information relating to the annual accounts is contained in the file NF1548_2018_F_190321_184533_Cuentas.zip, the electronic summary of which corresponds to 02E7E958BA4C999180808352015A2D4BD734154EA57B6FF5CFBA7268CC534976 and is filed in the CICEP.Red application of the General State Comptroller.



II. Scope and objective of the engagement: Responsibility of the auditors

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on whether the accompanying annual accounts present a true and fair view, based on the work performed in accordance with Public Sector Auditing Standards. The aforementioned standards require that we plan and perform the audit, in order to obtain reasonable, but not absolute assurance, that the annual accounts are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves the use of procedures to obtain adequate and sufficient evidence on the amounts and the information included in the annual accounts. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts. In performing the aforementioned risk assessments, the auditor takes into account the relevant internal control for the preparation and fair presentation by the manager of the annual accounts, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate based on the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. An audit also includes the assessment of the appropriateness of the accounting rules and of the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the manager, and an assessment of the overall presentation of the annual accounts.

We consider that the audit evidence we have obtained provides a sufficient and appropriate basis to issue our audit opinion.

III. Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying annual accounts present, in all material aspects, a true and fair view of the net equity and the financial situation of ADIF Alta Velocidad at 31 December 2018, and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended on that date, in accordance with the applicable framework of financial reporting standards, and in particular, in compliance with the accounting principles and criteria contained in that framework.



IV. Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Per its bylaws, the Chairman of the Entity is required to prepare a Directors' Report that contains the explanations which are considered to be appropriate about the situation and evolution of ADIF Alta Velocidad, but it is not an integral part of the annual accounts.

Also, pursuant to Article 129.3 of the General Budgetary Law, the Entity is required to present, together with the annual accounts, a report relating to compliance of the economic and financial obligations assumed by it as a member of the public sector.

Our work is limited to verifying that the aforementioned reports were prepared in accordance with the regulating legislation and that the accounting information they contain is consistent with that contained in the audited annual accounts.

The Spanish version of this auditors' report was signed electronically through the CICEP.Red application of the General State Comptroller by the Financial Comptroller for ADIF Alta Velocidad, in Madrid, on 26 March 2019.



Entidad Pública Empresarial ADIF-Alta Velocidad

31 December 2018

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Financial Statements

31 December 2018



Balance Sheet 31 December 2018

ASSETS	NOTE	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Intangible assets	4	55,427	56,799
Property, plant and equipment	4	44,743,427	43,743,135
Land and buildings		3,767,779	3,750,665
Technical installations, machinery, equipment, furniture and other items		26,433,880	26,304,249
Under construction and advances	4	14,541,768	13,688,221
Investment property	4	191,671	195,736
Non-current investment in Group companies and associates	5	470,753	416,836
Equity instruments		8,388	8,388
Loans to companies		462,365	408,448
Non-current investments		45,524	174,291
Equity instruments	6	2,166	2,026
Public entities	12	42,485	171,399
Other financial assets	6	873	866
Deferred tax assets	11 y 12	1,357	1,522
Non-current trade receivables	6	540	616
Total non-current assets		45,508,699	44,588,935
Trade and other receivables		321,373	340,190
Trade receivables	6	100,888	103,055
Trade receivables, from Group companies	0	100,000	105,055
and associates	6	596	5,701
Other receivables	6	131,558	151,000
Personnel	6	12	18
Current tax assets	12	27	372
Public entities, other	12	88,292	80,044
Current investments in Group companies and associates	5	26,254	26,527
Loans to companies	5		
Short-term financial investments	E	26,254	26,527
Cash and cash equivalents	6 7	14 150 225	267 230
Cash	/	150,325	267,230
Cash equivalents		150,325	267,225
Total current assets		497,966	633,982
TOTAL ASSETS		46,006,665	45,222,917



Balance Sheet 31 December 2018

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	NOTE	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Equity	8	13,920,213	13,840,613
Equity contributions		14,994,688	14,683,114
Reserves		38,331	46,895
Retained earnings		(889,396)	(689,399)
Loss for the year		(223,410)	(199,997)
Valuation adjustments	11	(4,072)	(4,567)
Grants, donations and bequests received	9	10,619,017	10,542,749
Total equity		24,535,158	24,378,795
Non-current provisions	10	817,381	683,214
Long-term employee benefits		785	752
Other provisions		816,596	682,462
Non-current payables	11	15,240,618	14,938,722
Bonds and other marketable securities		4,383,814	3,788,425
Loans and borrowings		10,536,584	10,926,672
Derivatives		5,429	6,090
Other financial liabilities		314,791	217,535
Long-term debts with group companies and associates	11	53,911	-
Deferred tax liabilities	12	3,539,673	3,514,250
Non-current accruals	14	488,021	514,758
Total non-current liabilities		20,139,604	19,650,944
Current provisions	10	106,113	64,465
Short-term employee benefits		522	484
Other provisions		105,591	63,981
Current payables	11	1,013,929	902,559
Bonds and other marketable securities		51,852	47,524
Loans and borrowings		615,840	455,160
Derivatives		63	46
Other financial liabilities		346,174	399,829
Current payables, to Group companies and associates	11	16 204	
Trade and other payables	11	15,394	16,821
Other suppliers and payables	11	168,158	181,882
Suppliers, Group companies and associates	11	166,613	180,561 501
Personnel	11	731	
Current tax liabilities	ΤŢ	258	263
Public entities, payables	12	(23) 579	(23) 580
Current provisions	14	28,309	27,451
Total current liabilities	7.4	1,331,903	1,193,178
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		46,006,665	45,222,917



Income Statement 31 de diciembre de 2018

	NOTE	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Revenue	13	572,123	552,003
Self-constructed assets		8,825	9,228
Other operating income	14	411,894	404,295
Personnel expenses	15	(14,108)	(14,639)
Other operating expenses	16	(682,036)	(673,147)
External services		(676,008)	(664,767)
Taxes		(3,900)	(3,473)
Losses, impairment and changes in trade provisions		(2,128)	(4,907)
Amortisation and depreciation		(344,554)	(337,845)
Non-financial and other capital grants	17	107,334	100,093
Provision surpluses		1,226	9,742
Impairment and result on disposal of fixed assets		(11,592)	(10,751)
Results from operating activities		49,112	38,979
Finance income	19	116,464	120,755
From equity instruments		1,071	1,971
From marketable securities and other financial instruments		7,572	3,840
Capitalised finance costs	19 and 4	104.022	111,211
Other	15 und 1	3,799	3,733
Finance costs	18	(358,611)	(367,955)
On third party loans		(358,600)	(371,056)
Provision adjustments		(11)	3,101
Change in fair value of financial instruments		(3,866)	(6,259)
Impairment and losses on disposal of financial instruments	10.b.1	(26,509)	14,483
Net finance expense	-	(272,522)	(238,976)
Loss before income tax		(223,410)	(199,997)
Income tax	12.c	-	-
Loss for the year		(223,410)	(199,997)



Statement of Changes in Equity 31 December 2018

A) Statement of Recognized Income and Expense corresponding to the year ended 31 December, 2018

		Expressed in the	
	NOTE	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Loss for the year		(223,410)	(199,997)
Income and expense recognised directly in equity			
Grants, donations and bequests	9	209,025	150,970
Cash flow hedges	11	661	11,343
Actuarial gains and losses and other adjustments		(806)	4,824
Grants tax effect	9 and 12	(52,257)	(37,745)
Cash flow hedges tax effect	11	(166)	(2,835)
Total income and expense recognised directly in equity		156,457	126,557
Amounts transferred to the income statement			
Grants, donations and bequests	17	(107,334)	(100,093)
Tax effect	12	26,834	25,023
Total amounts transferred to the income statement		(80,500)	(75,070)
Total recognised income and expense		(147,453)	(148,510)



Statement of Changes in Equity Corresponding to the year ended 31 December, 2018

B) Statement of Total Changes in Equity corresponding to the year ended 31 December, 2018

	Equity contributions (Note 8a)	Reserves (Note 8.b)	Retained earnings	Loss for the year	Grants, donations and bequests received (Note 9)	Valuation adjustments (Note 11.a.1)	Total
Balance at 31 December 2016	14,454,014	42,071	(361,252)	(328,147)	10,504,732	(13,075)	24,298,343
Recognised income and expense	-	4,824	-	(199,997)	38,155	8,508	(148,510)
Transactions with shareholders or owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increase in equity contributions (note 8c)	229,100	-	-	-	-	-	229,100
Other changes in equity			(328,147)	328,147	(138)	-	(138)
Balance at 31 December 2017	14,683,114	46,895	(689,399)	(199,997)	10,542,749	(4,567)	24,378,795
Recognised income and expense		(806)		(223,410)	76,268	495	(147,453)
Transactions with shareholders or owners							
Increase in equity contributions (note 8.c)	311,574						311,574
Other changes in equity		(7,758)	(199,997)	199,997			(7,758)
Balance at 31 December 2018	14,994,688	38,331	(889,396)	(223,410)	10,619,017	(4,072)	24,535,158



Cash Flow Statement corresponding to the year ended 31 December, 2018

	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities		
Loss for the year before tax	(223,410)	(199,997)
Adjustments for:	514,039	475,235
Amortisation and depreciation (+)	344,554	337,845
Impairment (+/-)	36,293	(1,762)
Change in provisions (+/-)	(598)	(7,922)
Grants recognised in the income statement (-)	(107,334)	(100,093)
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets (+/-)	3,936	2,918
Proceeds from disposals of financial instruments (+/-)		18
Finance income (-)	(116,464)	(120,755)
Finance costs (+)	358,611	367,955
Change in fair value of financial instruments (+/-)	3,866	6,259
Other income and expenses (-/+)	(8,825)	(9,228)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(85,519)	(20,761)
Trade and other receivables (+/-)	35,926	26,794
Trade and other payables (+/-)	(8,508)	(47,486)
Other current liabilities (+/-)	(21,298)	(70,519)
Other non-current assets and liabilities (+/-)	(91,639)	70,450
Other cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(324,899)	(332,957)
Interest paid (-)	(291,989)	(282,571)
Dividends received (+)	1,070	1,971
Interest received (+)	139	305
Payments (collections) by tax of benefits (- / +)	368	1,080
Other amounts paid (received) (-/+)	(34,487)	(53,742)
Cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	(119,789)	(78,480)



Cash Flow Statement corresponding to the year ended 31 December, 2018

	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		
Payments for investments (-)	(878,593)	(1,216,288)
- Group companies and associates	(64,874)	(332,792)
Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and		
investment property	(813,719)	(883,496)
Other financial assets		-
Proceeds from disposals (+)	-	13
Group companies and associates	-	13
Cash flows from/(used in) investing activities	(878,593)	(1,216,275)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from and payments for equity instruments	428,194	243,038
Issue of equity instruments	311,574	229,100
Grants, donations and bequests received	116,620	13,938
Proceeds from and payments for financial liability instruments	453,283	788,839
Issue	949,246	1,463,151
Bonds and other marketable securities	600,000	600,000
Loans and borrowings (+)	240,000	817,143
Other payables (+)	109,246	46,008
Redemption and repayment of	(495,963)	(674,312)
Loans and borrowings (-)	(468,453)	(671,007)
Other payables (-)	(27,510)	(3,305)
Cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	881,477	1,031,877
– Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(116,905)	(262,878)
= Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	267,230	530,108
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	150,325	267,230



Notes to the Annual Accounts

31 December 2018



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

(1) <u>Activity of the Entity and Legal Status</u>

The state-owned enterprise Entidad Pública Empresarial ADIF-Alta Velocidad (hereinafter ADIF-AV or the Entity) was created on 31 December 2013 following the approval of Royal Decree-Law 15/2013 of 13 December 2013 on the restructuring of the state-owned enterprise Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (hereinafter ADIF) and other urgent economic measures.

ADIF-AV was created by spinning off the branch of activity involving the construction and running of ADIF's high-speed railway infrastructures, as well as other activities attributed to the new entity and entrusted to ADIF until this Royal Decree-Law entered force. ADIF retained the construction and running of conventional network rail infrastructures.

Due to the entry into force of this Royal Decree-Law 15/2013, Order PRE/2443/2013 of the Office of the Prime Minister was published on 27 December (hereinafter the Order or Order PRE/2443), identifying which of ADIF's assets and liabilities were to be transferred to the ownership of ADIF-AV. These assets and liabilities were to be integrated into and recognised by ADIF-AV at their carrying amounts, as indicated in the mentioned Order. Pursuant to this Order and the aforementioned Royal Decree-Law, for accounting purposes this spin-off was to take effect retrospectively from 1 January 2013.

Moreover, article 2 of Royal Decree-Law 15/2013, and Order PRE/2443/2013, governs the allocation to ADIF-AV of certain assets comprising the state-owned network, which were allocated to ADIF following the entry into force of Royal Decree-Law 4/2013, of 22 February 2013. This article stipulates that the transfer to ADIF and ADIF-AV of the title to these assets will be considered a free-of-charge transfer of assets associated with railway infrastructure administration, and should be carried out at the values taken from the financial information system and the records of the Ministry of Public Works, less any depreciation. The transfer of these assets took place at the moment Royal Decree-Law 4/2013, of 22 February 2013, came into force.

ADIF was established as a state-owned entity under the Basic Law of 24 1 January941 under the name Red Nacional de los Ferrocarriles Españoles (hereinafter RENFE). On 31 December 2004 Rail Sector Law 39/2003 of 17 November 2003 (hereinafter the RSL) entered into force, with the objective of incorporate various EU directives establishing a new framework for this sector in Spanish legislation and to completely re-organise the State rail sector, laying the foundations for new players to progressively enter this market. To achieve these objectives, rail infrastructure administration was regulated and entrusted to RENFE. Consequently, RENFE became Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF), retaining its legal status as a state-owned entity. The RSL also foresaw the creation of a new state-owned entity, RENFE Operadora, to provide rail transport services, with this entity assuming the resources and assets used by RENFE to render rail transport services. Like ADIF, ADIF-AV and RENFE Operadora are subject to the RSL.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

Through a modification to the ADIF statute set forth in Royal Decree 1044/2013 of 27 December 2013, ADIF-AV's statute was passed and its functions and responsibilities established, the main ones being the following:

- Construction of high-speed rail infrastructure forming part of the public service rail network, with a charge to equity and in accordance with provisions set out by the Ministry of Public Works.
- Construction of high-speed rail infrastructure with third-party funds, in accordance with the corresponding agreement.
- Running of the rail infrastructure owned by it.
- Allocation of capacity to requesting rail companies.
- Control and inspection of rail infrastructure, the protection areas and the railway circulation occurring thereon.
- Operation of owned assets.
- Additional services and, where the case may be, supplementary and auxiliary services for rail transportation in the infrastructures owned by it.
- Acquisition of electrical power to provide power supply to the rail system.

Pursuant to Royal Decree-Law 15/2013 and the RSL, the main sources of funding for ADIF-AV's activities include:

- State equity contributions, which are to make up ADIF-AV's own funds.
- Funds obtained from the management and operation of its assets and provision of services to third parties.
- Any EU funding it is allocated.
- Any grants that it may be allocated in the General State Budgets, as well as current transfers or capital contributions from the General State Administration (hereinafter AGE) and other government authorities.
- Borrowings, up to the annual limit set by the General State Budget Laws for each year.

1.a) ADIF-Alta Velocidad statute

ADIF-AV's statute was approved through Royal Decree 1044/2013 of 27 December 2013, which entered into force on 31 December 2013. The main aspects of the statute are as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

- ADIF-AV is a state-owned entity as provided for in article 43.1.b) of Law 6/1997 of 14 April 1997 on Organisation and Functioning of the General State Administration. This law primarily regulates the regime, organisation and operation criteria for the state administrative scheme within which stateowned entities are included. The Entity is part of this regime, falling under the Ministry of Public Works.
- ADIF-AV, as a state-owned entity, is subject to provisions set forth in the General Budget Law 47/2003. As a result, it keeps separate accounting records for its different activities (rail infrastructure construction and administration activities, and additional, supplementary and auxiliary services) and is subject to financial oversight by the Spanish General State Comptroller (hereinafter IGAE) pursuant to the terms of Law 47/2003.
- ADIF-AV was created by spinning off the branch of activity involving the construction and running of high-speed railway infrastructures, as well as other activities attributed to the entity and entrusted to Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) until its creation.
- ADIF-AV will assume all the functions assigned to ADIF by virtue of Rail Sector Law 38/2015 of 29 September 2015 (Law 39/2003 of 17 November 2003, previously) in respect of those infrastructures it has been assigned ownership of, as well as in connection with those infrastructures allocated in the future.
- The Ministry of Economy and Finance and the Ministry of Public Works may entrust ADIF-AV with administration of state-owned infrastructures through the corresponding agreements or public-private partnerships.
- In order to fulfil its objectives, ADIF-AV may have its own equity other than that of the General State Administration, comprising the assets, rights and obligations held in its name.
- Management, administration and operation of the assets and rights held by ADIF-AV are subject to the terms of the regulations creating the entity, to Rail Sector Law 38/2015 of 29 September 2015 and to the present statute, and, for all other aspects not regulated therein, to Law 33/2003 of 3 November 2003, on Public Authority Assets.
- In any event, the following assets and rights are considered to be held by ADIF-AV:
 - a. All assets (moveable and immovable) and rights that, at the date of its incorporation are owned by or assigned to Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF), are assigned thereto by virtue of an order issued by the Ministry of Public Works and the Ministry of Finance and Public Administrations, in accordance with article 1.5 of Royal Decree 15/2013 of 13 December 2013.
 - b. All assets, whether they are inalienable property in the public domain or privately-owned assets, comprising the railways and that at the date of creation of ADIF-AV were owned by Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF), where ownership thereof is allocated to the former.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

- c. All stations and terminals serving the high-speed lines, where ownership has been attributed to it, and other property assets that are permanently necessary for providing the services constituting its activity.
- d. In addition, ADIF-AV will own the rail infrastructures that it builds or acquires with its own funds and those that fall to it by virtue of future agreements.
- At any point ADIF-AV may exercise, with respect to public assets it holds, the powers of administration, defence, policing, investigation, division and recovery of possession as granted to the General State Administration by Law 33/2003 of 3 November 2003, on Public Authority Assets. With respect to the aforementioned assets, ADIF-AV is entrusted with establishing the system of use and with granting the concessions, authorisations, leases and other titles that enable potential use by third parties.

1.b) Service arrangements between ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad

Article 22 of Rail Sector Law 38/2015 of 29 September 2015 foresees that administration of the rail infrastructure and, where applicable, construction thereof, will correspond, within the framework of state responsibility, to one or more state-owned entities falling under the Ministry of Public Works, having their own legal identity, full capacity to operate and their own assets. These entities will be governed by the Rail Sector Law, by Law 6/1997 of 14 April 1997 on the Organisation and Functioning of the General State Administration, by its statute and by any other applicable regulations.

ADIF-AV assumes all the functions assigned to ADIF by virtue of the Rail Sector Law 38/2015 of 29 September, in respect of those rail infrastructures it has been assigned ownership of, as well as those infrastructures allocated in the future.

Article 1.7 of Royal Decree-Law 15/2013 of 13 December 2003 provides that ADIF-AV and ADIF may arrange to provide certain services to one another by signing the corresponding agreements. These agreements must state the financial compensation receivable by the entity commissioned to provide the service in question.

Specifically, the entities may commission one another to manage infrastructure capacity and, as an exception to article 22.4 of the Rail Sector Law on account of the interconnection of the networks entrusted to the two entities, also to manage control traffic and safety systems.

In addition, in the event that one of the entities commissions the other to perform tasks related with citizen security and civil protection, the same entity will be responsible for the matters in both entities. The foregoing will also apply in the case of the party responsible for workplace accident prevention and health and safety.



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By virtue of resolutions issued by the chairmen of ADIF and of ADIF-AV on 31 December 2013, these entities mutually commissioned the performance of certain tasks. According to the subject resolutions, the conditions of the service arrangement will be set out in the corresponding agreements to be entered into by ADIF and ADIF-AV.

By virtue of the foregoing, the documents "Agreement between Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) and ADIF-AV to commission the latter to provide certain services" and "Agreement between ADIF-AV and Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) to commission the latter to provide certain services" were prepared.

These agreements set out those activities to be carried out by the two entities in providing the commissioned services are specified in addenda to the respective service agreements to be signed between ADIF and ADIF-AV in connection with each particular service commissioned.

The main addenda prepared are as follows:

- Addenda to the service arrangement signed by Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) and ADIF-AV, whereby ADIF is commissioned to provide:
 - workplace accident prevention and health and safety services
 - traffic safety services
 - capacity allocation, traffic management and associated services
 - fibre optic network maintenance, operator installation and right of way services and the regulation of ADIF's rights of use
 - engineering and innovation services to ADIF-AV
 - voice and data telecommunication services
 - IT services
 - comprehensive communication services
 - human resources services
 - comprehensive management of property assets held by the state-owned enterprise ADIF-AV
 - comprehensive management of safety and protection
 - comprehensive management of the maintenance of ADIF-AV's functioning lines
 - discounted diesel supply services
 - works co-ordination and monitoring services



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- comprehensive maintenance prevention services in ADIF-AV-owned stations
- services relating to integration companies, subsidiaries and investees
- financial services
- corporate legal services
- the running and control of operations management departments
- comprehensive support for the internal audit function
- Addenda to the service arrangement signed by Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) and ADIF-AV, whereby ADIF-AV is commissioned to provide:
 - energy efficiency advisory services
 - management of compulsory expropriation orders awarded in favour of ADIF
 - services in the field of technical action (environmental, etc.)
 - electricity management services in non-traction use (NTU).

1.c) Other provisions

- The second additional provision of Royal Decree-Law 22/2012 of 20 July 2012 assigned ADIF ownership of the connection of the Mediterranean Corridor with the Madrid-Barcelona-French border high-speed line (Vandellós-Tarragona area) and the A Coruña-Vigo stretch of the Atlantic Axis, which had been built by the state prior to the commissioning of ADIF for completion of both infrastructures. By virtue of Order PRE/2443/2013 of 27 December 2013, ADIF-AV was assigned ownership of the high-speed Atlantic Axis (Santiago de Compostela-Vigo stretch).
- Article 34 of Royal Decree-Law 4/2013 of 22 February 2013 established the transfer to ADIF of ownership of the state rail network, as well as administration of the same. Section 1 of the article states that:

"ownership of the rail infrastructures and stations comprising the stateowned network whose administration is entrusted to ADIF will be transferred to the state-owned entity Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) upon entry into force of the present Royal Decree-Law", namely on 23 February 2013.

In addition, article 2 of Royal Decree-Law 15/2013 of 13 December 2013 on the restructuring of the state-owned enterprise Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (ADIF) establishes the allocation to ADIF-AV of the infrastructures delivered to ADIF by the state by virtue of Order PRE/2443/2013 of 27 December 2013 identifying the assets and liabilities forming part of the Entity.



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In light of the foregoing, in 2013 ADIF-AV was allocated ownership of the infrastructures, stations and other installations in use or under construction delivered by the State to ADIF in 2013, as follows:

- High-speed Madrid-Cuenca-Valencia line and high-speed link with Albacete and Alicante
- Valencia-Vandellós stretch of the Mediterranean Corridor
- Santiago de Compostela-Vigo stretch of the high-speed Atlantic Axis
- Castellón de la Plana Station
- The fibre optic network, as well as repeater towers and auxiliary installations located along the Orense-Santiago stretch of the high-speed Galicia line.
- Order FOM/2438/2013 of 17 December 2013 establishes the list of personnel of the state-owned entity Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias that will form part of the state-owned entity ADIF-AV.
- In resolutions dated 27 June 2014, the Council of Ministers approved the transfer from ADIF to ADIF-AV of ownership of the following assets:
 - a) Stretches of the Iberian gauge rail network linking the cities of Plasencia, Cáceres, Mérida and Badajoz
 - Monfragüe-Plasencia stretch: from km 0/00 to km 16/700
 - Monfragüe-AG stretch km 44-Monfragüe Ag. km 255.4: from km 0/000 to km 2/700
 - Madrid-Valencia de Alcántara line: from km 251/625 to km 332/833
 - Aljucén-Cáceres line: from km 0/000 to km 65/443
 - Ciudad Real-Badajoz line: from km 453/000 to km 512/351
 - b) Bobadilla-Granada stretch of the Iberian gauge rail network
 - c) Loja Station

The Council of Ministers determined that the transfer would be made free of charge, as the assets were used in the administration of rail infrastructures, and would be valued at the net book value in ADIF of the assets subject to transfer, recognising the gross cost and the depreciation accumulated at the transfer date. The net book value of the assets transferred to ADIF-AV in June 2014 amounted to 71,321 thousand euros.

• The Council of Ministers, in its agreements dated November 24, 2017 approved the transfer of ADIF to ADIF AV from the ownership of the network segment railway between León and La Robla. The agreement establishes a free transfer by registering ADIF AV the assets received by its gross cost and its



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accumulated depreciation until the transfer date, being its Net book value of 47,892 thousand euros. The formal delivery certificate was subscribed by ADIF and ADIF AV on November 30, 2017.

- In 2018, the Council of Ministers approved the assignment of different sections of the RFIG from ADIF to ADIF AV, free of charge. These transfers were motivated by the high-speed adaptation works that ADIF AV will undertake. The detail of the transfers is as follows:
 - 1. La Encina Xátiva section: with a length of 38 km. The agreement of the Council of Ministers took place on February 23, 2018, formalizing its delivery through a formal document signed between ADIF and ADIF AV on May 25, 2018 for a net book value of 116,123 thousand euros
 - 2. Taboadela Ourense section: with a length of 14 km. In a meeting held on April 6, 2018, the Council of Ministers agreed to transfer this section, formalizing its ADIF delivery note to ADIF AV on May 25, 2018 for a net book value of 9,945 thousand euros.
 - El Reguerón Cartagena Escombreras section: with a length of 67 km. The agreement of the Council of Ministers was signed on May 25, 2018, signing its formal delivery of ADIF to ADIF AV on 26 September, 2018 for a net book value of 30,395 thousand euros.
 - 4. Astigarraga Irún section: with a length of 25 km. At the meeting of the Council of Ministers held on May 25, 2018, the transfer of the aforementioned section of ADIF to ADIF AV was formalized and its delivery was formalized by means of a signed document on 26 September, 2018 with a net book value of 82,875 thousand euros.
- The resolution of the Secretary of State for Infrastructure, Transport and Housing, dated 23 May 2014, entrusts ADIF and ADIF-AV, in their respective areas of responsibility, with construction and works for the public service rail network, as put to tender and awarded by the Ministry of Public Works, determining that the construction will be made using ADIF or ADIF-AV's resources, as applicable.
- On 21 December 2009, the Ministry of Public Works, the Catalonia Regional Government, the Barcelona City Council, ADIF and RENFE Operadora signed an addenda to the collaboration agreement entered into on 12 June 2002 in connection with the high-speed network in the city of Barcelona and the corresponding remodelling of railway infrastructures. The addenda establishes the contribution from the General State Administration to ADIF of a total of 255,000 thousand euros, to finance the Sagrera Station, distributed in annual payments of 51,000 thousand euros from 2009 to 2013.
- Law 3/2017, of June 27, on General State Budgets for 2017, provides a financial contribution to ADIF- AV of 246,700 thousand euros in 2017 and an authorization of the net increase in long-term indebtedness in that year of 2,300,000 thousand euros. This figure shall be understood as the maximum net increase between 1 January and 31 December, 2018 in long-term debt at



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nominal value with financial institutions and for issues of fixed income securities, (see note 8.a)

 Law 6/2018, of July 3, of the General State Budgets for 2018 provides a financial contribution to ADIF-AV of 311,574 thousand euros in 2018. It also authorized a net increase in long-term indebtedness in that year of 1,890,000 thousand euros. This figure shall be understood as the maximum net increase between 1 January and 31 December, 2018 in long-term debt at nominal value with financial institutions and for issues of fixed-income securities. (see note 8.a)).

In 2019, pursuant to article 134.4 of title VII of the Spanish Constitution, the extension of Law 6/2018, of July 3, of the General State Budgets for 2018 has taken place. Consequently, for that year, it has recorded a financial contribution for ADIF-AV of 311,573.95 thousand euros and an authorization has been established for the net increase in debt of 1,890,000 thousand euros.

1.d) Charges and fees

On 29 September, 2015, Law 38/2015 of the Railway Sector was approved, which completely replaces Law 39/2003, of November 17, which unifies and concentrates in a single standard the complete legal regime of the rail mode of transport. In addition, it incorporates into Spanish legislation the rules contained in Directive 2012/34 / EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of November 21. This standard introduces significant changes in terms of fees and fees.

- The regulation of the fees of the new Railway Sector law substantially modifies the structure of these rates established in Law 39/2003.
- The modality of access fee is abolished, in the fee for the use of the railway lines; new line classification criteria are implemented in order to link the railway canon to the potential profitability of the market; and special emphasis is placed on the regulation of bonuses and discounts on the amount of the fee to be paid by the operators, to encourage the development of rail services and the more efficient operation of the lines.
- The use of the service facilities fee structure is also modified and the tariff regime is reviewed for the provision of services, advancing in the free access to service activities without compromising the sustainability of the railway infrastructure.
- Finally, the classification criteria of passenger transport stations are modified and extended in order to take into consideration the economic capacity of the associated services for the determination of the amount of the fee.
- The fourth transitory provision of Law 38/2015 establishes that, until they are fixed in accordance with the rules established in Title VI, the railway fees will continue to apply those in force at the time of the Law's entry into force. The adequacy of the railway charges to the provisions of the aforementioned Title VI will be included in any case, in the first bill of the General Budget of the State that is processed after the entry into force of the law.



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This regulation is applicable to ADIF-AV.

From July 1, 2017, the Railway Canons will be applied, in articles 97 and 98 of Law 38/2015, of 29 September of the sector railway, with the unit amounts established in articles 71 and 72 of Law 3/2017 of the General Budgets of the State for the year 2017, (BOE June, 28 2017). The following are detailed the Royalties in force, from 1 July 2017:

Charge for use of the Railway Lines within the RFIG managed by ADIF.

It constitutes the taxable event of the charge for the use of the railway lines for the members that make up the RFIG, as well as the provision of services inherent to said use, in the following modalities:

- Charge for Use of Charge for allocation of capacity (Modality A): for the assignment service of those time slots, defined in the declaration on the network, to the corresponding candidates so that a train can circulate between two points during a certain period of time. The costs of the process of capacity allocation, traffic management, security in the circulation and the replacement of the security and control facilities of the traffic, directly attributable to the operation of the rail service. The amount will be determined by each train-kilometer awarded, distinguishing by type of affected line and type of service.
- Charge for the use of railway lines (Modality B): for the action and effect of using a railway line. The costs of maintenance and conservation of railway infrastructure, directly attributable to the operation of the rail service. The amount will be determined by each train-kilometer circulated distinguishing by type of line and type of service.
- Charge for the use of the transformation and distribution facilities of the electric power of traction (Modality C), by the action or effect of using the electrification installations of a railway line. The costs will be passed on maintenance and conservation of electrification facilities and their Replacement costs, directly attributable to the operation of the service railway. The amount will be determined by each train-kilometer circulated by lines electrified railways distinguishing by type of line, type of service and type of traction.

<u>Charge for the use of the Service Facilities owned by the general managers of railway</u> infrastructures.

It constitutes the taxable event of the charge for the use of the service facilities and infrastructure referred to in Article 98 of the LSF, as well as the provision of public services or activities inherent to said use, in the following modalities:

A- Charge for the use of passenger transport stations (Modality A). The costs associated with the maintenance and conservation of stations, their replacement and the provision of the minimum basic services of the stations, financial expenses in the case of stations classified in the category 6, as well as the monitoring service of the stations and the control of access of travelers and their luggage. The amount is determined according to the category of the station, type of stop, type of train and number of travelers.



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B- Charge for passage through width changers (Modality B). It is calculated according to of the steps of each train by a width changer.

C- Charge for the use of platforms in parking stations of trains for commercial passenger services and other operations (Modality C). For the purposes of this fee, the following two rates are established:

- C.1) By parking of trains for commercial services of travelers without other operations.
- C.2) By parking trains for other operations.

D- Charge for the use of roads in other service facilities: section, of formation of trains and maneuvers, maintenance, washing and cleaning, fuel supply (Mode D).

E- Charge for the use of loading points for merchandise (Modality E).

During the first semester of 2017, the railway charges established in Law 39/2003, of November 17, of the Railway Sector that established, in articles 74 and 75, the regulation of the aforementioned fees accrued in favor of the Railway Infrastructure Administrator for the use of infrastructures by transport operators. The Law determines the need for a Ministerial order establishing the amounts resulting from application of the items and criteria regarding railway infrastructure use fees. In this regard, the regulations that have implemented this aspect of the RSL are as follows:

- Order FOM/898/2005 of 8 April 2005, establishing the amounts of rail fees
- Order FOM/3852/2007 of 20 December 2007, modifying Order FOM/898/2005
- Order FOM/2336/2012 of 31 October 2012, modifying Order FOM/898/2005
- Royal Decree-Law 11/2013 of 2 August 2013, modifying Law 39/2003, as well as the parameters and criteria established in Order FOM/898/2005
- Law 36/2014 establishing the General State Budget for 2015 which applied a 1% increase the fixed rates for 2014 (Art. 65.1)
- Railway fees provided for in Law 39/2003 can be classified into two types:

Charge for the use of rail lines forming part of the public service rail network (four categories):

- i. Access (category A). The amount for using the public service rail network is determined on the basis of the type of network stretches on which services are to be rendered and the declaration of activity carried out by the payee, in accordance with the forecast traffic level on each stretch.
- ii. Capacity reservation (category B). The amount is determined on the basis of the train-kilometres reserved, taking into account the type of line, the type of transport service and train, and the time of day of the reservation.



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- iii. Circulation (category C). The amount is calculated based on the trainkilometres effectively used, taking into account the type of line, the type of transport service and the type of train.
- iv. Traffic (category D). The amount is established on the basis of the economic value of the passenger rail transport service, measured in terms of capacity (seats per kilometre), taking into account the type of line and time of day of the service.

Charge for the use of stations and other rail installations (five categories):

- i. Use of stations by passengers (category A). This is applied to passengers using the rail transport service, based on the distance travelled and the classification of the departure and arrival stations.
- ii. Stopping and use of station platforms (category B). The amount is determined on the basis of the time a train is stopped and track change operations are carried out at the request of the operator, as well as the category of station, especially taking into account those stations which could encounter traffic congestion problems (first category stations).
- iii. Use of gauge-changing facilities (category C). The amount is determined using the number of times the train passes through a gauge-changing facility.
- iv. Use of sidings (category D). The amount is calculated based on the type of line of the station to which the siding corresponds, the time trains are stopped on sidings, and the type of service/train.
- v. Rendering of services that require authorisation for the use of public rail assets (category E). This category represents a charge for use of the public rail assets, based on the area occupied.

(2) Basis of Presentation of the Interim Financial Statements

2.a) Fair presentation

The annual accounts have been prepared in accordance with the accounting records of the Entity, in order to show the true image of the assets and the financial situation as of 31 December, 2018 and the results of its operations, changes in the net equity and cash flows for the period from 1 January, 2018 to 31 December, 2018.

ADIF-AV presents the annual accounts in accordance with the accounting principles and measurement standards set out in Royal Decree 1514/2007 of 16 November 2007, approving the General Chart of Accounts and applying, among other aspects, the going concern basis in accordance with the legal and statutory regime described in Note 1, as well as the modifications to the General Chart of Accounts incorporated by virtue of Royal Decree 1159/2010 of 17 September 2010, and Royal Decree 602/2016 of 2 December 2016 and on the basis of the accounting principles and criteria set by the Spanish General State Comptroller (IGAE) through the resolution dated 30 December 1992 (hereinafter the Resolution), which continues in force in all aspects not in opposition to the provisions of the subject General Chart of Accounts. In addition, in preparing the financial statements the Entity has taken into account Order EHA/733/2010 of 25



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March 2010, published in the Official State Gazette of 26 March 2010, approving accounting practices for state-owned companies operating in certain circumstances.

Furthermore, in the preparation of these interim financial statements the Entity also considered the IGAE opinion relating to accounting policies as expressed through answers to questions presented by ADIF in accordance with Law 47/2003, of 26 November 2003. Significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3.

2.b) Comparative information

The Entity's Management presents, for comparative purposes, with each of the items in the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and in the notes to the annual accounts, as well as of the figures for the financial year 2018, those corresponding to the previous year that were part of the annual accounts for 2017 approved by the Board of Directors of ADIF AV dated March 23, 2018.

2.c) Critical issues regarding the valuation and estimation of relevant uncertainties and judgements used when applying accounting principles

Preparation of the interim financial statements requires that certain estimates be made, based on past experience, the assessment of certain risks (see note 22) and other factors considered reasonable in the current circumstances, which serve as a basis to establish the value of assets and liabilities where this cannot be easily determined using other sources. The Entity revises its estimates continuously. However, in light of the inherent uncertainty, there is a considerable risk that the assets and liabilities involved could require significant adjustments in the future, in the event of a major change in the assumptions, facts and circumstances on which the estimates are based.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other relevant data on the uncertainty of estimates and important judgements in the application of accounting policies at year end, which entail a considerable risk of significant changes in the value of assets and liabilities in coming years, are as follows:

- Depreciation of high-speed rail infrastructure: depreciation of property, plant and equipment included in the high-speed railway infrastructure requires the use of estimates to determine the useful life and impairment deriving from normal activity and usage. Management of the Entity has had to estimate depreciation based on the use of these installations over their useful life, considering different assumptions regarding fluctuations in rail traffic in line with expected demand.
- Deferred tax assets: when determining the amount of deferred tax assets and tax credits to be recorded, Management of the Entity measures the probability of generating future tax profits, as well as the amount and timing of such profits (see Note 12.a).
- Impairment of non-financial assets (see Note 3(b)).



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- Property, plant and equipment for railway infrastructures executed by various integration companies in which the Entity participates under the Integration Agreements of which they bring cause (see notes 3.b and 3.i). The infrastructures put into service are recorded as property, plant and equipment even if their formal delivery has not occurred, provided that future economic returns are expected through their exploitation and a reliable valuation of their cost is available. The realization of these estimates requires the application of relevant professional judgments to classify the infrastructures executed, which are complex in nature, such as railways or urban development, as well as to allocate certain costs necessary for the development of the global project entrusted to the aforementioned companies. The final allocation to the partners must be agreed within each of them, so there is uncertainty about the final attribution of the various assets to each of its shareholders.
- Determination of the commercial or non-commercial nature of the nonfinancial fixed asset swaps.
- Impairment of the value of the credits granted to group companies and associates, (see note 3 (i))
- Provisions for liabilities and charges: provisions are recognised when it is
 probable that a present obligation resulting from a past event will give rise to
 an outflow of resources and the amount of the obligation can be reliably
 estimated. Entity Management makes estimates based on an evaluation of all
 relevant information and events, of the probability that a contingency will
 materialise, and of the amount of the liability to be settled in the future. (see
 Note 3.i).

These estimates have been made on the basis of the best information available up to the date of preparation of these annual accounts. Any future events not known at the date of preparation of these estimates could lead to modifications (up or down), which would be carried out, where appropriate, prospectively.

2.d) Functional and presentation currency

The annual accounts are presented in thousands of Euros, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Entity, rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

(3) Significant Accounting Policies

3.a) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are comprised primarily for the rights of use of space owned by ADIF AV acquired by Renfe Operadora in 2015 and whose origin comes from the OM FOM/2909 of 19 September 2006, which established a right to use, without payment to RENFE-Operadora of certain sites, basically spaces in passenger stations. That decree established that such rights of use would be later replaced by the transfer of the property to be agreed. Due to this, ADIF AV registered in 2014 a provision for risks and charges amounting to 21,952 thousand euros



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corresponding to the estimated replacement costs of such spaces to be delivered in terms of use.

The Entity has valued the rights of use acquired in 2015 by the current value of the purchase price for RENFE Operadora after deducting the provision for risks and expenses that the Entity had registered for the replacement costs and the delivery of the properties that should replace these spaces under the conditions of use. These assets are presented net of accumulated depreciation on a straight-line method during a useful life of 75 years. To calculate this useful life period, the Entity has developed a business plan in which they have considered the cash flows generated by the agreed leases with RENFE Operadora and its group of companies for a renewable term of 10 years as well as by those that are considered likely to be received from third parties. In the mentioned business plan, various scenarios changes have been considered in the occupation of spaces, changes in price indexes and interest rates in line with current conditions in the housing and financial markets.

In addition, the Entity has included in the section of intangible assets, computer software and research and development, specifically the technology platform linked to rail traffic management "Da Vinci". This technology platform has been assigned a useful life in line with those of the security and signalling installations it supports, namely 25 years. Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition or production, net of accumulated amortisation, which is calculated on a straight-line basis or, in the case of assets linked to high-speed lines, using the increasing balance method, in accordance with the following estimated useful lives:

	YEARS
R&D expenses	25
Computer software	5

R&D expenses are recognised as intangible assets of the Entity when the following conditions are met:

- They are segregated by project, and the cost is established so that it can be distributed over time
- There is evidence of the project's technical success and the economic profitability of the project.

3.b) Property, plant and equipment

The fixed assets attributed to ADIF-AV can be classified into the following categories:

 Publicly owned railway assets: these assets include railway lines, the land on which they are located and installations built in the public property zone (article 27 of the RSL). According to article 13 of the RSL, the public property zone includes the land on which the lines forming part of the public service rail network are laid, as well as an eight-metre strip of land on either side of the track bed, with special rules depending on the associated infrastructures (tunnels, bridges, etc.). Most of the assets contributed to ADIF-AV are



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considered to be publicly owned assets. In order to dispose of these assets, their legal status would first need to be amended through delisting from this category by way of a resolution from the Entity's board of directors declaring them to be unnecessary [article 16, section 1, point q) and article 31 of Royal Decree 1044/2013]. As a result of this delisting, the assets in question would be included among the Entity's own assets (under the Entity's private ownership) and could then be disposed of or exchanged.

 Privately-owned assets: those not covered by the legal definition of publicly owned railway assets. ADIF-AV's privately-owned assets comprise stations, terminals or other buildings or installations used for passenger services, except for the railway lines and land mentioned above. Nevertheless, if any of these assets (stations, terminals or other buildings or installations for services linked to rail transport) were acquired as a result of a compulsory purchase order, despite being included among the Entity's own assets under the Rail Sector Law and Regulation, in the interests of legal certainty such assets would undergo the same category delisting procedure foreseen for publicly owned assets, as set forth in article 66.2 c) of Law 33/2003 of 3 November 2003, on Public Authority Assets. Finally, this category could also comprise all buildings associated with railway lines that have been closed down or abandoned.

• Cost of property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are presented in the balance sheet at cost, less any accumulated depreciation or impairment allowances. The general criteria used for valuing these items is the cost of acquisition or the cost of production, including materials, direct labour and costs incurred.

Borrowing costs related with the loans extended by the European Investment Bank (hereinafter EIB) and by other financial institutions, as well as those derived from fixed-income securities issues, to finance railway infrastructure under construction that requires more than one year to become operational are recognised as an increase in the cost of these assets. In cases where a highspeed line is in partial use, the Entity has estimated and capitalised borrowing costs relating only to the stretches under construction in proportion to the total cost of the investment therein.

The cost of expansion, modernisation or improvements that increase productivity, capacity or efficiency, or extend the useful lives of the assets, are capitalised as an increase in the cost of these assets. Repair and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

Funds earmarked for maintenance and conservation of Spanish heritage sites, as established in Law 16/1985, Royal Decree 111/1986 and Instruction No. 43 from the Sub-Secretary for Public Works of 16 May 2014, are also capitalised as an increase in the cost of the associated assets. The aforementioned laws stipulate that the budget for each public project entirely or partially financed by the State should include an item equivalent to 1.5% of the funds contributed by the State to finance this type of work.



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Work carried out by the Entity to improve or extend the useful lives of its assets is treated as an investment and recognised at the accumulated cost, which is the sum of external costs (based on suppliers' invoices), internal costs (determined on the basis of in-house consumption of materials in warehouses) and all other costs incurred. Capitalised production costs are recognised under self-constructed assets in the income statement.

Where applicable, the initial cost of property, plant and equipment is corrected when differences arise between the non-deductible input VAT initially recognised by the Entity as cost and that which is finally applicable when an interpretation of tax legislation is amended or is established by a court of law or the tax authorities.

The Entity classifies acquisitions of property, plant and equipment through barter exchange, entailing the acquisition of an item of property, plant and equipment in exchange for non-monetary assets or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, in commercial or non-commercial barter exchange transactions, using the following criteria:

- a) Barter exchange in which the cash flows from the assets received differ significantly from the cash flows from the asset delivered, or when the present value of the post-tax cash flows deriving from the activities affected by the transaction changes as a result of the barter exchange, are considered commercial barter exchange.
- b) Other barter exchange is considered non-commercial barter exchange.

In the case of non-commercial barter exchange, the Entity measures the asset received at the net carrying amount of the asset delivered, plus any monetary consideration received, up to the fair value of the asset received.

In the case of commercial barter, the asset received is measured at the fair value of the asset delivered, plus any monetary consideration received, unless there is a clearer evidence of the fair value of the asset received with the limit of this latter.

According to the Order PRE/2443/2013 mentioned in note 1, assets and liabilities transferred from ADIF to ADIF-AV have been integrated into and recognised by ADIF-AV at those carrying amounts as accounted for in ADIF at the spin-off date.

The criteria used to value rail infrastructure by ADIF-AV are as follows:

a) Infrastructure constructed by the Entity was measured using the cost of construction plus the cost of preparing directly-related reports, blueprints, drafts, studies, technical assistance, surveillance, etc., the cost of supplementary studies and reports necessary for planning and designing lines, work carried out for assets and non-deductible input VAT. Also included, as a higher cost of infrastructure, is the best estimate available at the closing date, of the current amounts claimed by contractors of works or expropriated, which the Entity considers likely to generate a future outflow of resources, and which correspond inter



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

alia to differences in the measurements of works and to claims of costs linked with increases in execution times over those originally planned.

- b) Other infrastructures received from the seconding State were valued at an amount equal to that contained in the corresponding subrogation certificates, at the purchase price or production cost incurred by the Ministry of Development, in accordance with the data contained in its Accounting Information System and in its accounting records, deducting its accumulated amortization on the date of transfer. However, if subsequent to the initial valuation, changes are shown in the values included in the corresponding delivery documents or other provisions by which railway infrastructures are transferred to ADIF-AV or new investments related to the lines or sections are identified previously assigned, these adjustments are recorded in the year in which the new values are known and the corresponding rectifying minutes are signed or the aforementioned provisions are modified.
- c) The assets relating to Madrid-Sevilla high-speed rail line, transferred by the State to RENFE through the Submission and Receipt Agreement, were valued by the Ministry of Public Works at cost, less accumulated depreciation at 31 December 2004, calculated using the depreciation criteria applied by RENFE based on the type of asset and the date of its entry into service.
- d) Investments underway and in operation on the high-speed Atlantic Axis and the Mediterranean corridor connection were allocated to ADIF for no consideration, in accordance with the second additional provision of Royal Decree-Law 22/2012 of 20 July 2012, and were spun off to ADIF-AV as per the Spin-Off Order. These assets were constructed by the State before ADIF was commissioned to operate both sets of infrastructure through respective rulings issued by the Secretary of State for Infrastructure on 11 May 2012. These items and work in progress were recognised at the amount of 2,476,419 thousand euros, which corresponds to the acquisition price or cost of production incurred by the Ministry of Public Works based on data contained in its financial information system and accounting records, less accumulated depreciation at the transfer date. This amount is equivalent to the fair value of these assets, since it was defined in the context of the tenders provided for under legislation applicable to the General State Administration and results from a public tender process conducted between knowledgeable independent parties.
- e) In respect to the infrastructures built by the Sociedad Estatal de Infraestructuras del Transporte Terrestre, S.A. (Hereinafter SEITTSA) on the Madrid – Galicia high-speed rail line, these were delivered to ADIF AV in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement signed on August 25, 2015 by the mentioned Entity, ADIF and the Ministry of Development (hereinafter referred to as the Recast Convention or the Convention). The aforementioned agreement establishes that the delivery of these assets will be considered as a free transfer of assets assigned to the activity of railway infrastructure management. ADIF AV has been



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recording these assets at the acquisition price or the cost of production for which SEITTSA had valued them in its books and which were previously paid by the AGE to the Company.

f) Land and natural assets are valued based on the amounts paid for expropriations and the assignment value in the case of expropriations that were paid in due time by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport and in which the Entity was subrogated, The Entity began in 2014, the work of delimitation, individualized valuation and registration where appropriate, of those lands that, being of their ownership, were not registered due to expropriations of historical origin undertaken in the 19th or 20th centuries, Additionally, the Entity has carried out a similar process to regularize the book value of the land linked to infrastructures and railway facilities delivered by the State and that until that time, were registered by the assignment value according to the information received from the AGE, For this, the value of acquisition or expropriation according to the supporting documentation has been used as valuation method and, in cases where this has not been available, the acquisition value of adjoining land expropriated in similar years.

As explained in note 4, at the end of 2017, all expropriated land by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport that were incorporated into the Balance of ADIF-AV at their assignment value have been adequately delimited and valued according to the methodology described in previous paragraphs.

- g) The assets transferred by ADIF to ADIF-AV under the Agreements of the Council of Ministers mentioned in note 1 are valued in accordance with the provisions of these agreements for the book value for which they were posted in ADIF, recognizing in ADIF AV by their gross cost and accumulated depreciation up to the date of transfer (see note 1.c).
- h) The infrastructures executed within the framework of the Agreements for the integration of the railroad in the cities, which are carried out either by commercial companies created for this purpose or directly by one or more of the entities that have signed the aforementioned agreement, are valued with the best estimation of the construction costs incurred and that have been necessary for putting it into operating conditions.

In those cases in which the Agreement establishes the obligation to finance all the actions through monetary contributions of all or some of the entities that are subscribed to them, the costs corresponding to certain provisional works or to urban integration infrastructures, such as the walls and slabs derived from the execution of burials or coverings, whose basic purpose is to achieve permeability between different areas of a city, are included in the value of railway infrastructures, by means of reasonable imputation criteria, up to the limit of the contributions assumed by the Entity. In the event that the agreement does not foresee that the Entity will assume the financing of the infrastructures contemplated therein through monetary contributions, the



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aforementioned burials or coverings, considered as urban infrastructures, are not, in general, integrated into the ADIF Alta Velocidad's asset.

ADIF-AV records in its fixed assets both the railway infrastructures received by means of delivery and / or through a standard with the rank of Law, Royal Decree, agreement of the Council of Ministers or Ministerial Order, as well as any other railway infrastructures and stations that, forming part of the network of its ownership whose administration is entrusted, have entered into service, although they are not subject to formal delivery by means of a Minute, Royal Decree or Ministerial Order, provided that economic returns are expected through exploitation and a reliable valuation is available of its cost.

• Transfers from work in progress:

The Entity reclassifies work in progress to fixed assets according to the nature of the asset at the date on which the works become operative state.

• Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

- Depreciation of high-speed rail infrastructure

High-speed rail infrastructure is generally depreciated using an increasing balance method at an annual geometric progression of 3%, over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Track bed	
- Earthmoving	100
- Stone and brick works	100
- Tunnels and bridges	100
- Drainage	25
- Enclosures	50
Track superstructure	30-60
Electric installations	
- Overhead lines	20
- Supporting elements for overhead contact system	60
- Electric substations	60
- Signalling, safety and communications installations	25
Buildings and other constructions	50
Rolling stock	10-20

- Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:



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	Years
Buildings and constructions	50
Transport elements	10 - 30
Other items of property, plant and equipment	5 - 40

The Entity reassesses the useful lives of its property, plant and equipment every year.

• Impairment

In application of Ministry of Economy and Finance Order EHA/733/2010 of 25 March 2010, the Entity has considered that its property, plant and equipment should be fundamentally classified as non-cash-generating assets, considering that these are part of the public interest rail network infrastructure and essentially held for the socioeconomic benefit of the public and, therefore, not for commercial gain. In cases where it is not clear whether assets are held for the main purpose of generating cash flows, rule two from the above-mentioned Order is applied whereby, given the general objectives of the Entity, these assets are assumed to be non-cash-generating.

In accordance with rule two of the aforementioned Ministerial Order, at least at year end, management of the Entity assesses its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property for indications of impairment, in which case should estimate the recoverable amount.

When assessing whether there are any significant indications that an asset is impaired, the Entity takes the following circumstances into account:

- Significant changes in the technological, regulatory or legal environment in which the Entity operates, either during the year or which are expected to arise in the short term, which will adversely affect the Entity.
- Significant decline in the asset's market value, if one exists and is available, in excess of that expected due to the passage of time or normal use.
- Evidence of obsolescence or physical deterioration of the asset.
- Significant changes in the method of or scope for using the asset, either during the year or which are expected to arise in the short term, which will adversely affect the Entity.
- There are reasonable doubts as to whether the technical performance of the asset can be maintained in the future, on the basis of the forecasts considered at the date of its recognition by the Entity.
- Suspension of the asset's construction before it is ready to enter into service.



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- Cessation of or significant reduction in demand or need for the services rendered with the asset. Nevertheless, a mere reduction in demand does not necessarily indicate that these assets are impaired, as the demand or need for these services may fluctuate over time.

In that regard, the Entity has categorised its assets into operating units which can be assessed for indications of impairment. These units are essentially the railway lines or axes forming the public service rail network in which the assets are utilised. The different operating units considered are listed below:

- Axis 11 of Madrid Chamartín Valladolid León HSL.
- Axis 12 of Madrid Atocha Barcelona French border HSL.
- Axis 13 of Madrid Atocha Levante HSL.
- Axis 14 of Madrid Atocha Toledo Seville Santa Justa Málaga María Zambrano HSL.
- Axis 16 of Olmedo Medina del Campo Zamora Galicia HSL.

According to rule four from the above-mentioned Ministerial Order, at least at year end the Entity should recognise impairment losses if the carrying amount of operating units exceeds their recoverable amount on the date the analysis is carried out. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and the value in use, which is the depreciated replacement cost.

After this impairment loss or reversal of an impairment loss is recognised, the depreciation charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods based on its new carrying amount. If the specific circumstances of the assets indicate an irreversible loss, this is recognised directly in losses on the disposal of fixed assets in the income statement.

3.c) Investment property

Investment property comprises property which is earmarked totally or partially to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Property that is being constructed for future use as investment property is classified as property, plant and equipment under development until construction is complete. The Entity measures and recognises investment property following the policy for property, plant and equipment.

Investment property is generally depreciated on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 50 years.

Income from real estate operating leases is recognised in the income statement in the year in which it is earned. Rent received in advance are recognised as accruals under liabilities in the balance sheet and taken to profit and loss over the term of the contract signed with the lessee.

3.d) Financial assets

• Equity investments in Group companies and associates



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This item includes investments in companies over which the Entity has a significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence of potential voting rights that are exercisable or convertible at the end of each reporting period, including potential voting rights held by the Entity or other entities, are considered when assessing whether an entity has significant influence.

Non-current investments in Group companies and associates are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given plus directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at cost net of any accumulated impairment losses, which are recognised when there is evidence that the carrying amount of an investment is not recoverable. The impairment loss reflects the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, understood as the higher of the fair value of the asset less costs to sell and the value in use. Accordingly, value in use is calculated to the extent of the Entity's interest in the present value of estimated cash flows from ordinary operations and the proceeds generated on final disposal, or the estimated cash flows from the distribution of dividends and final disposal of the investment. However, in certain cases, when estimating possible impairment, unless better evidence is available, the Entity considers the equity of the investee, corrected for unrealised gains and losses existing at the measurement date, relating to identifiable balance sheet items.

Nonetheless, when the carrying amount of an investment has been reduced to zero, the additional losses and the corresponding liability are recognised to the extent that the Entity has incurred a legal, contractual, constructive or tacit obligation, or if ADIF-AV has made payments on behalf of this Group company, jointly-controlled entity or associate. (see Note 3,i)

• Loans and receivables

This category includes trade and non-trade receivables with fixed or determinable payments, which are not traded in an active market and for which the Entity expects to recover the full amount recognised, except in the event of customer arrears.

These financial assets are initially measured at fair value, which, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, is the transaction price, i.e. the fair value of the consideration given plus costs directly attributable to the transaction. After initial recognition, these assets are measured at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method, which is the discount rate that exactly matches the initial amount of a financial instrument to its total estimated cash flows in respect of all items over the remaining useful life. Accrued interest is accounted for in the income statement using the aforementioned method.



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Trade and non-trade receivables falling due within one year that do not have a contractual rate of interest are initially and subsequently measured at their nominal amount when the effect of not updating the cash flows is immaterial.

The Entity tests these financial assets for impairment at least at each year end. Objective evidence of impairment is considered to exist when the carrying amount of the financial asset exceeds the recoverable amount. The Entity determines the recoverable amount based on historical default rates, classifying receivables into groups with similar risk characteristics. Impairment is recognised in the income statement when it arises.

3.e) Financial liabilities

• Debts and payables

This category comprises financial liabilities arising on the Entity's acquisition of goods and services, or non-trade goods and services that do not meet the criteria for consideration as derivative financial instruments.

Debts and payables are initially measured at the fair value of the consideration received, adjusted for any directly attributable transaction costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method. Accrued interest is accounted for in the income statement using the aforementioned method.

Nevertheless, financial liabilities which have no established interest rate, which mature or are expected to be settled in the short term, and for which the effect of discounting is immaterial, are measured at their nominal amount.

• Financial guarantee contracts

If no payments from the associate to the Entity are agreed for such a guarantee, then the Entity has provided the guarantee in its capacity as a shareholder and accounts for the issuance of the guarantee as a capital contribution to the associate. After initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are measured at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the accounting policy for provisions in section i), and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the accounting policy for revenue recognition in section m).
- Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments which qualify for hedge accounting are initially measured at fair value, plus any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, or less any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of the financial instruments.



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The Entity contracts cash flow hedges. At the inception of the hedge, the Entity formally designates and documents the hedging relationships and the objective and strategy for undertaking the hedges. Hedge accounting is only applicable when the hedge is expected to be highly effective at the inception of the hedge and in subsequent years in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk, throughout the period for which the hedge was designated (prospective analysis) and the actual effectiveness, which can be reliably measured, is within a range of 80%-125% (retrospective analysis).

The Entity records the gain or loss on the measurement at fair value of a hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge in recognised income and expense. The ineffective portion and the specific component of the gain or loss or cash flows on the hedging instrument, excluding the measurement of the hedge effectiveness, are recognised under change in fair value of financial instruments in the income statement.

When the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting, the corresponding cumulative amount in equity is recognised in the income statement.

3.f) Cash and cash equivalents

This item includes cash in hand, current bank accounts, deposits and resale agreements that meet the following conditions:

- They may be converted into cash.
- They have a maturity of three months or less upon acquisition.
- They are not subject to a significant risk of changes in value.
- They form part of the Entity's usual cash management policy.

3.g) Grants, donations and bequests received

This item forms part of the Entity's equity and mainly comprises nonrefundable capital grants awarded for the construction of state-owned assets, principally from European funds (Cohesion Fund, Trans-European Networks Transport (TEN-T), European Regional Development Found (ERDF)). The Entity recognises these grants at the amount awarded, net of tax, when, in accordance with recognition and measurement standard 18 of the Spanish General Chart of Accounts, a grant award agreement has been reached, the conditions of award have been met and there is no reasonable doubt that the grant will be received.



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In application of the single additional provision of Ministry of Economy and Finance Order EHA/733/2010 of 25 March 2010, for accounting purposes only, grant conditions are considered to be met when, at the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements, the works have been partially or fully completed, quantified in the proportion of works financed that have been completed. This item also includes grants received in kind from the State through the conveyance of certain railway lines in operation or under construction, for no consideration.

According to corresponding subrogation documents and in line with the reply given by the IGAE's Sub-Directorate General for Planning and Accounting Guidance on 22 April 2013, to the consultation put forth by the Delegate Comptroller in ADIF regarding the accounting application of Royal Decree Law 22/2012 of 20 July 2012, Entity management has considered the assignment to ADIF-AV of finished assets and work in progress corresponding to the connection between the Mediterranean Corridor and the high-speed Madrid-Barcelona-French border line and the high-speed Santiago-Vigo stretch of the high-speed Atlantic Axis to be a free-of-charge title of assets used in an activity of public interest. Article 19, section 2 of the RSL stipulates that rail infrastructure administration is an essential public service.

As a result of the foregoing and applying recognition and measurement standard 18, and in accordance with regulation 6, section 1 of Order EHA/733/2010 of 25 March 2010, the Entity recognised a capital grant in the amount of 2,476,419 thousand euros, reflecting the fair value of the items received calculated as the depreciated replacement cost of those items pursuant to the aforementioned ministerial order (see Note 3.b)). This grant will be taken to income each year in proportion to the depreciation of the assets received.

Similarly, in application of Royal Decree-Law 4/2013 of 22 February 2013, the Entity has recognised a grant for the value of the works delivered by the State to ADIF-AV for no consideration in 2013 (see Note 1).

The Entity recognises any amounts received in advance, and balances relating to grants awarded and receivable for which not all the above conditions have been met, as payables convertible into grants, under other financial liabilities.

The Entity recognises grants as operating income from non-financial grants, in line with the depreciation for the year of the fixed assets for which the grants have been received.

3.h) Long-term employee benefits (liabilities)

The Entity classifies long-term employee benefit commitments as defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans, accordingly. Defined contribution plans are those whereby the Entity undertakes to make contributions of a specified amount to a separate entity, provided that there is no legal, contractual or constructive obligation to make additional contributions were the separate entity unable to meet the commitments



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undertaken. Plans other than defined contribution plans are considered as defined benefit plans.

• Defined benefit plans

Long-term defined benefit commitments are recognised at the present value of the committed remuneration, which is estimated using actuarial calculation methods and financial and actuarial assumptions that are unbiased and mutually compatible.

The Entity recognises these provisions as and when employees render their services. The contributions payable are recognised as an expense for employee remuneration in the income statement, and as a liability after deducting any contribution already paid.

Variations in the calculation of the present value of this remuneration due to actuarial gains and losses are directly taken to equity in the year in which they arise, recognised as reserves.

• Defined contribution plans

Long-term contributions payable are recognised as a liability, where applicable, at the amount of the accrued contributions payable at year end.

Obligations accrued as a result of changes in the actuarial assumptions used to determine the contributions made by the Entity are recorded directly under equity in the year in which they arise, recognised as reserves.

3.i) Provisions

The Entity recognises as provisions those present obligations arising from past events of which settlement is likely to give rise to an outflow of resources, but for which the amount or date of settlement is uncertain.

All the obligations mentioned in the preceding paragraph are disclosed in these annual accounts, provided that it is more likely than not that the obligation will require settlement.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the best estimate of the amount required to settle or transfer the obligation, taking into account available information on the event and its consequences, and recognising any adjustments arising on the discounting of these provisions as a finance cost when accrued. Provisions maturing in one year or less are not discounted when the financial effect is immaterial. Provisions are reviewed at each year end and adjusted to reflect the best present estimate of the liability at each given time.

The Entity records, as provisions, the best estimate available at the closing date of the obligations assumed by the participation in various integration companies whose cancellation is likely to result in an outflow of resources, but which are indeterminate as to their amount or date. For the quantification of the aforementioned obligations, estimates of the



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expected cash flows to be obtained in each case are considered, provided by the Management of each of the Companies, analyzing their capacity to obtain income from the sale of land that allows them to face the obligations contracted with third parties to develop the project entrusted to them, as well as the needs for contributions of funds by the shareholders and their capacity to reimburse the financing provided and pending contribution. In the cases in which it is estimated that there will be a deficit to be assumed by the shareholders, the final risk assumed by the Entity is determined, taking into account, in addition, the best estimate of the value of the railway infrastructures that the Company must deliver to ADIF AV, As a result, the loss assumed by the Entity and recognized as a provision for risks and expenses and as a provision for impairment of financial assets is quantified as the difference between the present value of the aforementioned deficit and the estimated cost of the infrastructures that the Entity (See note 3b).

In quantifying the estimation of the cash flows that the Companies intend to obtain in the future, the residual dynamic method is generally used, for the valuation of soils, for reasons of prudence excluding duly justified exceptions. This method uses techniques to discount cash flows and therefore takes into account the evolution of the value of money over time.

3.j) Classification of assets and liabilities as current and non-current

Assets and liabilities are classified as current and non-current on the balance sheet. Assets and liabilities are classified as current when they are connected with the Entity's normal operating cycle of less than one year and are expected to be recovered, consumed or settled within twelve months after the balance sheet date.

3.k) Foreign currency balances and transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recognised at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date.

Loans in foreign currency are reflected at the effect exchange rate at the balance sheet date and exchange differences are recorded at the time they occur.

3.1) Income taxes

The income tax expense or tax income for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax assets or liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity, or from a business combination.



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(i) <u>Recognition of taxable temporary differences</u>

Taxable temporary differences are recognised in all cases except where they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income.

(ii) <u>Recognition of deductible temporary differences</u>

Deductible temporary differences are recognised provided that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised, unless the differences arise from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable income.

Tax planning opportunities are only considered when assessing the recoverability of deferred tax assets and if the Entity intends to use these opportunities or it is probable that they will be utilised.

(iii) Measurement

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the years when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted. The tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Entity expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets or liabilities are also reflected in the measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

(iv) Offset and classification

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet under non-current assets or liabilities, irrespective of the expected date of recovery or settlement.

3.m) Recognition of income and expenses

Income and expenses are recognised on an accruals basis, irrespective of collections and payments.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, less any interest on the nominal amount of loans. Nevertheless, the Entity includes interest incorporated in trade balances maturing in less than one year that do not have a contractual rate of interest, when the effect of not discounting the cash flows is immaterial.

3.n) Related party transactions

Related party transactions, except those related to mergers, spin-offs and non-monetary contributions, are recognised at the fair value of the



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

consideration given or received. The difference between this value and the amount agreed is recognised in line with the underlying economic substance of the transaction.

3.o) Leases

Lease contracts, which at the outset transfer, substantially all the inherent risks in ownership of the assets to the Entity, are classified as finance leases and, if they are not, are classified as operating leases. The lease contracts in effect at the date of closing of these financial statements, all classified as operating leases, consist mainly of the rental of vehicles and administrative offices.

(4) <u>Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Investment</u> <u>Property</u>

Details of the balances of property, plant and equipment, intangibles and investment property and their corresponding depreciation and impairment and movement at 31 December 2018 and full year 2017 are shown in Appendix 1.

By virtue of a Council of Ministers Resolution or Resolutions of the Secretary of State for Planning and Infrastructure, ADIF-AV is entrusted with the following:

- Construction and administration of the Madrid-Zaragoza-Barcelona-French border high-speed rail line. The Figueras-French border sub-stretch was excluded from this service arrangement as it is part of the Figueras-Perpignan stretch by virtue of the agreement between the Spanish and French governments signed on 10 October 1995 (Agreement 9/04/99).
- Construction of a new North-Northwest rail access: Madrid-Segovia-Valladolid/Medina del Campo.
- Construction and administration of the new Córdoba-Málaga rail access.
- Construction and administration of the new Levante high-speed rail access: Madrid-Castilla la Mancha-Valencia Autonomous Community-Murcia Region.
- Construction and administration of the León-Asturias high-speed line (La Robla-Pola de Lena stretch/Pajares alternate route) of the North-Northwest Corridor.
- Construction and administration of the new Toledo high-speed rail access.
- Construction and administration of the Basque Country high-speed line of the North-Northwest Corridor.
- Construction and administration of the Navalmoral de la Mata-Cáceres stretch of the Madrid-Cáceres / Mérida-Badajoz high-speed line of the Extremadura Corridor.
- Construction and administration of the stretch between Almeria and the Murcia region border of the Murcia-Almeria high-speed line of the



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Mediterranean Corridor.

- Completion of construction work on the Bobadilla-Granada high-speed line, including track bed and track.
- Drafting and execution of the basic projects and construction of the Madrid-Asturias high-speed line. Stretch: Venta de Baños-León-Asturias (excluding the Pajares alternate route) (Resolution of 28/12/06).
- Drafting and execution of the basic projects and construction of the Madrid-Basque Country/French border high-speed line. Stretch: Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria. (Resolution of 28/12/2006).
- Drafting and execution of the basic projects and construction of the Mediterranean Corridor high-speed line. Stretch: Murcia region-Murcia border. (Resolution of 28/12/2006).
- Drafting and execution of the basic projects and construction of the Madrid-Extremadura/Portuguese border high-speed line. Stretch: Cáceres-Mérida-Badajoz. (Resolution of 28/12/2006).
- Construction of the Olmedo-Medina-Zamora-Puebla de Sanabria-Lubián-Orense stretch of the Madrid-Galicia high-speed line, in the North-Northwest Corridor. (Resolution of 4/12/2009).
- Construction of the Castejón-Pamplona region stretch of the Zaragoza-Pamplona high-speed line in the Navarre territory. (Resolution of 30/3/2010).
- Construction of the connection of the Mediterranean Corridor with the Madrid-Barcelona-French border high-speed rail line: Vandellós-Tarragona area. (Resolution of 11/5/2012).
- Construction of the Santiago de Compostela-Vigo section of the A Coruña-Vigo stretch of the high-speed Atlantic Axis. (Resolution of 11/5/2012).
- Construction of the update for the link between the Medina del Campo siding and the Medina del Campo-Salamanca line.
- The drafting and execution of the projects and maintenance of the overhead lines installations, telecommunications systems, GSM-R mobile radio system and items related with the high-speed Bobadilla-Granada line.

Up to 31 December, 2018, as explained in note 3,b), the Entity has recorded the best estimate of railway works executed by various investees whose corporate purpose is the integration of railways in urban areas according to the following breakdown:



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	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018 31/12/2		
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	71,859	71,859	
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	53,911	61,882	
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.	5,457	5,457	
AV Alicante Nodo de Transporte S.A.	53,147	53,147	
León Alta Velocidad AV, S.A.	9,686	9,686	
TOTAL	194,060	202,031	

The Entity has recorded, in the financial statements, the best estimate available of the railway works executed to date by the integration companies Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002 S.A., Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A., Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transportes S.A., Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. and León Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A., in which it participates and which are put into operation.

The railway works executed by Zaragoza Alta Velocidad were delivered to ADIF AV through a formal act signed on February 1, 2016 and its valuation amounted to 5,457 thousand euros, which were recorded in the annual accounts for 2015.

At the close of 2018, the Entity had registered in investments, works executed by the subsidiary Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transportes S.A. for an accumulated value of 53,147 thousand euros. Of this amount, ADIF AV had recorded at 31 December 2016 a total of investments amounting to 30,989 thousand euros and an amount of 22,158 thousand euros in the year 2017.

In the case of Valencia Parque Central 2003, S.A. railway works registered at the end of 2017 and which were registered in 2016 amount to 71,859 thousand euros.

On November 12, 2018 ADIF-AV and ADIF subscribed with the investee Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, SA, hereinafter VAV, an agreement for the transfer of railway assets in which a total value was established, excluding VAT of 53,911 thousand euros. In said agreement it is established that the consideration to be paid for this delivery will consist of the delivery of ADIF AV to VAV of the lands that are unaffected or that may be affected in the future of the railway use and that are owned by them.

As of the closing date of these annual accounts, ADIF AV has recorded a long-term liability for this concept with the company VAV.

In 2017, the Entity recorded in investments the best estimate with the available information of the value of the works executed by the subsidiary Valladolid AV 2003, S.A., which were in operation and that should be delivered to the Entity according to the criteria of assignment of actions contemplated in the agreement signed on November 20, 2017 between ADIF, ADIF-AV, RENFE Operadora, Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. the Junta de Castilla y León and the Ayuntamiento de Valladolid for the development of the works derived from the transformation of the railway arterial network of Valladolid.



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On June 3, 2018, the contract for the delivery of railway works was signed between ADIF-AV and León Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. for a total value, VAT excluded from 9,686 thousand euros. At 31 December, 2017, the best estimate available for these works was recorded and amounted to 9,686 thousand euros.

At the date of formulation of these annual accounts, the Entity and the companies Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. and AV Alicante Nodo de Transporte S.A have not formalized a delivery certificate for the transmission of the property. Additionally, it should be noted that, with the exception of Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transportes SA, the rest of the investee companies have executed other works or ancillary costs that have not been recorded in these annual accounts and that are pending attribution to their shareholders, in function of its final classification as railway or urban infrastructure and the allocation of certain costs necessary to carry out the global project entrusted to the aforementioned companies. The final attribution of said works to the partners must be subject to an agreement within each company, which is considered complex as of the date of these annual accounts.

Under Royal Decree Law 4/2013 of February 22 and the Recast Convention (see note 3,b), the General State Administration and SEITTSA have transmitted to ADIF AV, since 2015 and free of charge, the land and platform works linked to different sections of the LAV Madrid-Galicia, predominately between Medina and Zamora, Until the date of issuance of these Annual Accounts, the Entity has recorded, as fixed assets in progress or completed, when the infrastructures has been put into operation, said assets for an accumulated value of 561,675 thousand euros, recognizing as a counterpart the corresponding capital grant, Of this amount, a total of 521,168 thousand euros corresponds to assets that have been transmitted by SEITTSA, As part of this figure, there are the assets registered by ADIF AV in 2018 as fixed assets for the amount of 7,481 thousand euros, Below is a summary, in thousands of Euros, of the situation as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 for the works received by the Entity free of charge and relating exclusively to the Madrid-Galicia High Speed Line, in application of the Royal Decree-law 4/2013 and the aforementioned recast agreement:

	Land Valuation and works received for free platform in operation LAV Madrid Galicia		
ORIGIN	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
A.G.E. Royal Decree Law 4/2013	40,507	40,507	
SEITTSA, Recast Agreement	521,168	513,687	
	561,675	554,194	

In the process of accounting regularization of land owned by ADIF - AV, (see note 3,b,) the Entity up until 31 December, 2018 and until 31 December, 2017has delimited, valued, and entered, or, where appropriate, regularized its value in the economic accounting inventory the land located in the following areas of action:

• Sections of the conventional width rail network that connect the cities of Plasencia, Cáceres, Merida and Badajoz and a stretch of 27 km, of the conventional rail network Bobadilla- Granada,



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

- Madrid-Sevilla high-speed line, for the land mainly referred to the Getafe-Córdoba section, which was paid by the Ministry of Development and whose records were not included in the Entity's economic and accounting inventory at 31 December 2013.
- 31 stations assigned to ADIF AV whose land was not registered in the Entity's economic inventory as of 31 December, 2013.
- The Valencia-Vandellós section of the Mediterranean Corridor, for the land of historical origin, which is expropriated by private companies that were integrated into the former National Network of the Spanish Railways and also the expropriations undertaken by this public business entity and by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, In 2016, the Entity had access to the supporting documentation for the expropriations carried out by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport in this area and, as a result of its analysis, said land has been delimited and valued, increasing its acquisition value to 45,773 thousand euros, For its part, as of 31 December, 2015, these lands were registered for 56,339 thousand euros, a figure contributed by the Ministry at the time and collected in the corresponding signed memorandum, so that in 2016 the accounting acquisition value has been regularized.
- The Santiago-Vigo section included in the High Speed Atlantic Axis, referring both to land of historical origin, expropriated by RENFE or the previous private rail companies that were delimited, valued and registered in the year 2016, for a total of 295 thousand Euros, as well as the land expropriated by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, which have been delimited, valued and recorded in 2017 for an amount of 71,272 thousand euros, based on the available documentation, and which were recorded in the year 2016 for an acquisition value of 70,000 thousand euros.
- Madrid-Barcelona-French border Link of the high-speed line with the Mediterranean Corridor, referring to the land expropriated by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, which at the close of the 2016 fiscal year were registered for a value of 48,665 thousand euros and have been revalued at 31,745 thousand euros, with the delimitation, valuation and registration, based on the supporting documentation of the expropriations being performed in 2017.
- Galicia High Speed Line, land referred to expropriated by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, These lands, which at the close of the 2016 fiscal year were registered for an acquisition value of 43,000 thousand euros, have now been valued at 22,801 thousand euros, once their delimitation, valuation and registration was performed based on the available documentation.
- León-La Robla Section of conventional width line, in relation to the land of historical origin (378 thousand euros) transferred from ADIF to ADIF AV in November 2017, as well as those expropriated by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport (see note 1, c), which have been valued at 2,073 thousand euros.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

With the described process, the Entity considers that it has completed the update of its inventory of land of historical origin from expropriations undertaken in the nineteenth or early twentieth century, Likewise, all lands expropriated by the Ministry of Public Works and Transport that were incorporated into the Balance sheet of ADIF-AV due to their value of affection have been adequately delimited and valued.

Below is a summary, as of 31 December, 2018 of the appraisal of land owned by ADIF Alta Velocidad and coming mostly from free deliveries from the State.

	Thousands of Euros		
	Delimited Land value at 31 December 2018	Delimited Land value at 31 December 2017	
Historic land AV stations and others	17,004	17,003	
Madrid-Sevilla HSL	51,055	51,055	
Mediterranean Corridor, Valencia-Vandellos section	45,773	45,773	
Santiago de Compostela-Vigo Atlantic axis	71,567	71,567	
Corredor Mediterráneo HSL Link	31,745	31,745	
Olmedo-Zamora-Lubían-Orense HSL	22,808	22,801	
León - La Robla Section	3,277	2,073	
El Reguerón - Cartagena	864	-	
Variante de Alpera y La Encina - Xátiva	11,474	-	
Total	255,567	242,017	

In 2017, the Entity recorded the addition of assets relating to the León - La Robla railway section for a total net value of 47,892 thousand euros, recording as a counterpart a capital grant and a deferred tax liability for the same amount to the extent in which it is establishes that it can be considered a free delivery, (see note 1.c).

In 2018, the Entity recorded the addition of assets related to infrastructure works of the La Encina - Xativa, Taboadela - Ourense, El Regueron - Cartagena - Escombreras and Astigarraga - Irún rail sections for a total net value of 239,338 thousand euros, recording as a counterpart a capital grant and a deferred tax liability for the same amount because they were fully subsidized (see note 1.c).

4.a) Operating property, plant and equipment

The following is a breakdown of the acquisition or production cost at 31 December, 2018 and at 31 December, 2017 of the Entity's property, plant and equipment by high speed network line:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros				
	Land and natural resources	Buildings and other constructions	Track and other technical installations	Other property, plant and equipment	Total
Madrid-Barcelona-Figueras	782,336	642,234	10,189,299	15,465	11,629,334
Mediterranean Corridor	52,858	23,283	882,421	185	958,747
Madrid-Levante	819,106	202,059	6,533,682	1,219	7,556,066
Madrid-Sevilla and branch to Toledo	76,691	442,575	2,468,704	9,710	2,997,680
Córdoba-Málaga	174,801	67,443	2,268,461	1,846	2,512,551
Bobadilla - Granada y Extremadura	1,470	2,569	129,849	105	133,993
Madrid-Valladolid	44,133	62,551	3,801,259	559	3,908,502
Valladolid - León	98,793	32,908	1,147,700	176	1,279,577
Olmedo - Zamora Santiago de Compostela-Vigo	71,786	16,730	547,565	163	636,244
Atlantic axis	124,282	58,864	1,864,240	461	2,047,847
Others	262,547	57,776	650,071	12,837	983,231
	2,508,803	1,608,992	30,483,251	42,726	34,643,772

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros				
	Land and natural resources	Buildings and other constructions	Track and other technical installations	Other property, plant and equipment	Total
Madrid-Barcelona-Figueras	780,559	638,900	10,181,252	7,360	11,608,071
Madrid-Levante	864,378	223,515	7,234,193	1,361	8,323,447
Madrid-Sevilla and branch to Toledo	76,691	437,400	2,432,565	9,490	2,956,146
Córdoba-Málaga	168,144	66,965	2,250,067	1,846	2,487,022
Bobadilla - Granada y Extremadura	1,470	2,569	129,538	105	133,682
Madrid-Valladolid	43,811	61,401	3,781,774	523	3,887,509
Valladolid - León	98,396	32,530	1,146,030	176	1,277,132
Olmedo - Zamora Santiago de Compostela-Vigo Atlantic	70,132	16,730	536,420	163	623,445
axis	121,881	57,129	1,844,153	461	2,023,624
Others	249,520	64,589	382,743	12,964	709,816
	2,474,98 2 1,601,728 28,918,735 34,449 34,029,				

4.b) Work in progress

Work in progress at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is detailed in the table below:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

_	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Madrid - Zaragoza - Barcelona - Figueras	311,923	280,105
Zaragoza - Pamplona, Castejón - Comarca de Pamplona Stretch	79,001	75,258
Madrid - Castilla la Mancha - Com, Valenciana – Murcia Region	2,002,862	1,922,921
Mediterranean High Speed Corridor	10,985	145,621
Link Mediterranean Corridor, Tarragona Area	540,042	517,442
Pulpí - Murcia High Speed Line	78,001	76,460
Murcia - Almería High Speed Line	583,117	567,764
Madrid-Sevilla and Toledo branch	-	-
Córdoba - Málaga	700	1,055
Bobadilla - Granada High Speed Line	1,311,683	1,263,491
Madrid - Cáceres, Navalmoral de la Mata stretch - Cáceres High Speed	672,110	581,285
Madrid - Extremadura - F, portugues, Cáceres stretch - Mérida - Badajoz High Speed Line	357,275	325,106
Madrid - Segovia - Valladolid	1,466	1,149
Valladolid - Burgos - Vitoria	671,726	631,905
País Vasco High Speed Line	1,366,141	1,284,293
Palencia - León	116,539	114,234
León - Asturias High Speed Line	2,988,015	2,930,332
Galicia (Olmedo - Lubián) High Speed Line	744,710	526,250
Galicia (Lubián - Ourense) High Speed Line	1,697,590	1,502,399
High Speed Atlantic Axis	79,012	78,060
Madrid Atocha - Madrid Chamartín	774,166	783,784
Atocha Station complex expansion	4,838	3,868
Other High Speed investments,	53,078	29,303
Investment in asset reposition and improvement	96,788	46,136
TOTAL	14,541,768	13,688,221

The Entity recognized, in previous years, as a greater value of work in progress, the best available estimate of those executed and outstanding works pending certification at 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 arising from outstanding contractual issues pending formalization worth 45,472 and 62,937 thousand euros, respectively. ADIF AV continues with a process of regularization of these situations and is working on the development of instruments to avoid such incidents in the future.

Work in progress at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 includes 169,941 and 207,035 thousand euros, respectively, for advances to suppliers. At 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017, this item also comprises advances extended to suppliers that have not been formally set out in contracts, in the amount of 42,008 and 44,612 thousand euros respectively. The heading includes advances for the future delivery of railway works derived from agreements signed between the Entity and its associates, as per the following breakdown at 31 December 2017:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018 31/12/20		
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	48,084	48,084	
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	1,529	1,529	
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.	11,165	11,165	
Almería Alta Velocidad, S.A.	10,169	-	
TOTAL	70,947	60,778	

Under the act of formal delivery of signed works on February 1, 2016 between Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, SA, ADIF and ADIF-AV, in 2015, the Entity has partially cancelled the advances for outstanding works to be received from Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, SA, pending at 31 December, 2014. The value of the works received and recorded in 2015 amounted to 5,457 thousand euros. In addition, the Entity, in light of the best available estimate at year end, valued the railway projects likely to receive in future years, registered in the 2015 income statement a loss of 2,157 thousand euros (see Note 3,b).

Applying the same criteria used by the State for its real estate and infrastructure works, ADIF-AV has not taken out any insurance coverage for these assets, except as regards extraordinary infrastructure risks, which do not include stations, tunnels, bridges and other buildings.

Also ADIF-AV, like the State, has not listed its buildings and infrastructure works in the Property Register, except for housing and commercial premises.

At 31 December 2018, the Entity has firm commitments with third parties to make future investments of 2,502,772 thousand euros, excluding VAT. At 31 December 2017, the Company had firm commitments with third parties to make future investments of 2,925,847 thousand euros, excluding VAT.

4.c) Capitalised borrowing costs

During 2018, the Entity capitalised borrowing costs totalling 104,022 thousand euros, comprising the cost of the loans received from the EIB or other institutions, and the cost of the liabilities and Green Bonds emissions, which were primarily allocated to finance the construction of various high-speed lines. Among other items, this amount comprises 23,332 thousand euros in relation to the Levante line; 22,991 thousand euros reflecting the cost of the high-speed rail network of the Basque Country, called "Y Vasca"; 7,440 thousand euros representing the costs of the Valladolid-Vitoria stretch of the Madrid-Basque Country/French border high-speed line; and 10,247 thousand euros for the costs of the Pajares alternate route of the Madrid-Asturias high-speed line and 16,535 thousand euros for the railway connection between Madrid Atocha station and Madrid Chamartín station; and 11,344 thousand euros of the Galicia high-speed line.

During 2017, the Entity capitalised borrowing costs totalling 111,211 thousand euros, comprising the cost of the loans received from the EIB or other institutions and the cost of the Obligations emissions which were primarily allocated to finance the construction of various high-speed lines. Among other items, this amount comprises 22,667 thousand euros in relation to the Levante line; 24,494



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

thousand euros reflecting the cost of the high-speed rail network of the Basque Country, called "Y Vasca"; 7,422 thousand euros representing the costs of the Valladolid-Vitoria stretch of the Madrid-Basque Country/French border highspeed line; and 11,882 thousand euros for the costs of the Pajares alternate route of the Madrid-Asturias high-speed line and 17,427 thousand euros for the railway connection between Madrid Atocha station and Madrid Chamartín station.

4.d) Fully depreciated/amortised assets

Details of the cost of fully depreciated or amortised items of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property in use at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018 31/12/2017		
Intangible assets	8,209	8,209	
Property, plant and equipment	606,924	488,361	
Investment property	103	84	
TOTAL	615,236 496,65		

4.e) Government grants received

The construction of property, plant and equipment for railway infrastructure has partly been financed by non-refundable capital grants, among which some come from European Funds (Cohesion Funds, TEN-T, ERDF) (see Note 9).

Current and on-going investments delivered by the State to ADIF in 2012 and 2013, mainly the works on the Atlantic Hub and the link to the Valencia-Vandellós section of the Mediterranean Corridor. In 2015 and following by the State and SEITTSA in relation to the platform works of various sections of the Madrid-Galicia line, they have been registered with a counterpart being the recognition of a capital grant (see Notes 3(b) and 3(g)).

4.f) Intangible assets

Details of intangible assets at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:



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	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros			
	Cost	Accumulated Cost amortisation		
Operating intangible assets				
Computer software	6,426	(6,349)	77	
Rights of use space RENFE	50,831	(2,033)	48,798	
Research and development expenses	10,520	(4,687)	5,833	
Other intangible assets	6,713	(6,090)	623	
Total operating intangible assets	74,490	(19,159)	55,331	
Intangible assets in progress				
Computer software	-	-	-	
Research and development expenses	-	-	-	
Other intangible assets	96	-	96	
Total intangible assets in progress	96	-	96	
Total intangible assets	74,586	(19,159)	55,427	

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros			
	Cost	Total		
Operating intangible assets				
Computer software	6,387	(6,311)	76	
Rights of use space RENFE	50,831	(1,356)	49,475	
Research and development expenses	10,519	(4,099)	6,420	
Other intangible assets	6,413	(5,823)	590	
Total operating intangible assets	74,150	(17,589)	56,561	
Intangible assets in progress				
Computer software	31	-	31	
Research and development expenses	141	-	141	
Other intangible assets	66	-	66	
Total intangible assets in progress	238	-	238	
Total intangible assets	74,388 (17,589) 56 ,			

The intangible asset called "rights of use Renfe space " referred to in the above tables correspond to the current value of acquisition of these rights after deducting the provision for risks and expenses that the Entity created to address the replacement costs for preparation of the spaces for suitable use that will replace these spaces, which is included in the purchase price.

On December 28, 2015, the Entity, together withADIF, signed with RENFE Operadora, Renfe Viajeros, S.A., Renfe Fabricación y Mantenimiento, S.A. y Renfe Alquiler de Material Ferroviario, S.A an agreement for partial acquisition of the rights of use in spaces owned by the Entity for a current value of 50,831 thousand euros, once applied the provision for risks and expenses cited in the preceding



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

paragraph which the Entity carried on its balance sheet amounting to 21,952 thousand euros.

The purpose of this agreement is to extinguish the rights of use without financial compensation recognized in the Order FOM / 2909/2006 to RENFE-Operadora in diverse administrative and operational spaces located in buildings owned by theAdministrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias. The mentioned Order established the obligation of ADIF to replace, within a maximum period of three years, these spaces for their property that can be capitalized by RENFE Operadora.

As a result of the creation of ADIF AV, in the Order PRE-2443/2013 of 27 December, the assets, rights and obligations of ADIF which became owned by ADIF AV established the subrogation from the Entity in its obligations for the replacement of the rights of use corresponding to the spaces located in buildings attributed to ADIF AV, for a total of 20,947.76 net square meters.

Given the legal complexity and practice in the execution of Order FOM / 2909/2006, and since ADIF and ADIF AV did not have sufficient property to replace all the rights recognized for RENFE-Operadora's use, it has been necessary to reach an agreement that allows, first partially to replace a portion of the surface subject to such rights of use, by incorporating it in the equity of the mentioned company of certain properties owned by ADIF and ADIF AV and, secondly, the termination of other rights not replenished, recognizing the corresponding RENFE-Operadora consideration.

In order to extinguish the totality of the commitments assumed by ADIF-AV (see note 10.b.2) derived from the aforementioned FOM Order, the Entity acquired from RENFE Operadora in 2015, the usage rights corresponding to a total of 17,826.35 net useful squares meters and committed to deliver in a maximum period of one year, office space located in the Atocha historic station equivalent to 3,121.41 useful square meters. ADIF-AV and RENFE-Operadora are currently holding talks assessing the possibility of acquiring from RENFE-Operadora in favour of ADIF-AV, the rights of use held at the offices located at the Atocha station, as provided for in the Agreement of 28 December 2015

The amount payable to RENFE Operadora for the rights of use acquired in 2015 has been quantified at 77,434 thousand euros, excluding VAT. Of that amount the Entity has paid in January 2016 to Renfe Operadora a figure of 50,831 thousand euros and agrees to pay 2,660 thousand euros each year until the year 2025, inclusive. (See notes 10.b.2 and 11.d))

Additionally, the agreement reached with RENFE Operadora includes leasing, by the mentioned entity and the Group companies, in accordance with the conditions shown in the following table:

Net useful squared		
Metres	Period	Annual income (euros)
15,887.49 m ²	Ten years	2,406,491.64

After the 10-year period, the lease may be extended by mutual agreement between the parties, updating the lease income according to the general index of



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competitiveness. As the leased assets have a great relationship with the activity undertaken by Renfe Operadora, it is understood that these leases will be extended for the very long term.

4.g) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property

At 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, the Entity assessed the operating units forming its property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and investment property for indications of impairment. From this analysis it was concluded that the operating units forming the Entity's non-financial assets showed no indications of impairment except that indicated in Annex I (see Note 3.b)).

4.h) Investment property

The breakdown at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Total
Shopping centres at passenger rail stations	101,625	(21,643)	79,982
Commercial car parks	78,596	(11,669)	66,927
Buildings and hotels at intermodal stations	61,683	(17,341)	44,342
Housing, premises and garages	228	(211)	17
Investment property in progress	403		403
Total	242,535	(50,864)	191,671

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Total
Shopping centres at passenger rail stations	101,624	(19,643)	81,981
Commercial car parks	78,596	(10,575)	68,021
Buildings and hotels at intermodal stations	61,683	(16,372)	45,311
Housing, premises and garages	209	(189)	20
Investment property in progress	403	-	403
Total	242,515	(46,779)	195,736

4.i) Sale commitments (land associated with Chamartín-Fuencarral Station rail complex, in Madrid)

In the case of the railway-urban development transaction, the "Chamartín Transaction", the rights and obligations of ADIF arising from the agreement entered into between ADIF, RENFE Operadora and "Desarrollo Urbanístico Chamartín, S.A." on 23 June 2009 will be split between ADIF-AV and ADIF based on the area pertaining to each entity and the price per square metre established in the agreement.



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Under this contract, ADIF and RENFE Operadora signed a Revised Text of the Contract with Desarrollo Urbanístico de Chamartín, S.A. (DUCH), which stipulated that ADIF and RENFE Operadora agree to give priority to DUCH to complete the urban planning of the land included in both the PPRI (Partial Interior Reform Plan) of the APR (Area planned for development to be defined at a later stage) 08.03 "Extension of the Castellana" and the APE (Special Planning Area) 05.27 "Colonia Campamento" and that affects the Chamartín and Fuencarral railway station complexes. The aim is to obtain the best conditions and urban land classes when the urban development rights are assigned to certain land, mostly associated with Chamartín station in Madrid, included in the project called "Extension of the Castellana". In accordance with the terms of the Revised Text of the Contract, DUCH agreed to pay a consideration, part in cash and part in kind (through the transfer of developed land classified for government-supported residential properties) up to the limits established and for specific amounts, in exchange for the transfer of the title to land and building rights included in the APR 08.03 and the APE 05.27, which comprises the Chamartín and Fuencarral station complexes.

The consideration payable to ADIF and RENFE Operadora (with distribution subject to the agreement between the parties, although the larger portion of this amount would correspond to ADIF) would be 984 million euros (in cash) and 100,000 m2 of urban land for the building of government-supported residential properties (payment in kind).

On 21 June 2013, the High Court of Justice in Madrid handed down a ruling that resolves an appeal against the Partial Interior Reform Plan of APR 08.03 " EXTENSION OF THE CASTELLANA" that partially upholds the appeal and annuls the provisions of the plan permitting buildings of more than three floors plus a penthouse in that area, as well as other provisions regarding urban development aspects of the Partial Interior Reform Plan. As a result of this ruling, the development according to the Partial Plan is not technically and economically viable.

The Madrid City Council, ADIF, RENFE Operadora and DUCH filed appeals against this ruling with the Supreme Court. Additionally, ADIF, RENFE Operadora and DUCH have considered that this ruling means that the obligations under the agreement are not enforceable.

Pursuant to the agreement, on 29 July 2014 DUCH petitioned ADIF and RENFE Operadora to formally open renegotiations, since more than five years had elapsed since the last section of the agreement was signed and the PPRI had not been approved on the foreseen terms.

Subsequently, on 22 January 2015, the parties signed a Framework Agreement whereby DUCH undertook to pay the public entities a cash amount of 984,225 thousand euros, over a 20-year payment period and subject to 3% annual interest, and an in-kind payment comprising use of 100,000 m2 of government-supported residential area. The validity and effectiveness of this agreement is subject to definitive approval of the modification of the PPRI.

In accordance with the Framework Contract, ADIF and ADIF-AV may receive 84.027% of the price foreseen of 1,245,460 thousand euros (including delay



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interest), namely 1,046,523 thousand euros. A priori, this is the maximum amount receivable, given that if ADIF/ADIF-AV is not allocated ownership of an area in the corresponding urban development re-parcelling, this price would be reduced in accordance with a predetermined unit price. Of the total of 1,046,523 thousand euros, 20.430% corresponds to ADIF-AV (254,447 thousand euros), while 63.507% (792,075 thousand euros) corresponds to ADIF.

In addition, both state-owned entities will receive a payment in kind through the delivery of plots on which 84,027 m² can be built for government-supported residential use (53,438.65 m² for ADIF and the remaining 30,588.35 m² for ADIF-AV).

Moreover, on 22 January 2015 the parties affected by the Operation Chamartín (DUCH, ADIF, ADIF-AV, RENFE Operadora, RENFE Fabricación y Mantenimiento, Madrid City Council, Madrid Regional Government and Canal de Isabel II) signed an urban development agreement for the management and execution of APR 08.03.

DUCH drafted a new document which was initially approved by the City Council on 19 February 2015. Following the completion of the public exposure period and the securing of sector reports, the processing of this planning instrument was completed on 18 Of May of 2015, pending final approval by the City of Madrid.

On June 9, 2015 the Supreme Court of Madrid issued a new judgment on the PPRI restating the nullity of the determinations that allowed more than 3 floors plus an attic, to buildings in this area. This prediction makes the operation technically and economically inviable. Duch, ADIF, ADIF and RENFE Operadora-AV have appealed the decision.

Despite the above, on December 28, 2015 it was published in the B.C.A.M. the approval by the Assembly of Madrid Law 4/2015 of 18 December Partial Amendment of Art. 39 of Law 9/2001 of 17 July, Community of Madrid Land, eliminating section 8 which established the prohibition to build to a height greater than three floors plus an attic in each and every one of the points on the ground, with this modification of interpretations that is not applicable in this urban area the limitation of height.

On July 14, 2015, the resolution of the Board of Directors of the company Desarrollo Urbanístico Chamartín S.A. was published to the public, dated June 29, 2015, the name change to the de Distrito Castellana Norte S.A. (DCN)

On 10 May 2016, the Madrid City Council presented a proposal for the management of the APR 08.03 "Prolongación de la Castellana" alternative to that promoted by DCN, called Madrid Puerta Norte.

This proposal eliminates the prolongation of the Castellana, it reduces to nearly half the buildability of the area, excluding a large part of the railway land, while decreasing the urban costs, among others, the area of road cover.

Likewise, the scope is divided into three, proposing that the South of 30 street, be managed by the administrations through the creation of a Consortium or public society.



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This new ordination proposal would need the modification of the General Plan in force in several aspects. The procedure would extend the deadlines.

During the months of May and June 2016, meetings have been held between the Ministry of Public Works, the Community of Madrid, the City Council, BBVA, which controls the DCN, ADIF and RENFE-Operadora, in which both the Ministry, Community of Madrid and Public Entities have expressed their opposition to the municipal proposal.

On May 25, 2016, based on the report of its Planning and Urban Planning DG, the Plenary of the City Council agreed to deny the definitive approval of the Partial Plan of APR 08.03 "Prolongación de la Castellana" promoted by DCN and declaring the impossibility of processing the Urban Agreement for the management and execution of the Partial Plan (BOCM Publication dated June 24, 2016).

On June 24, 2016, the Ministry of Public Works, sent a prior notice against the agreement cited in the previous paragraph to the City of Madrid, which requires the declaration of nullity of the Agreement mentioned, as well as negotiations with all the signatories of the Management Urban Agreement and execution of Partial Plan APR 08.03 "Extension of the Castellana".

In September 2016, as they understand that the Agreement adopted by the City Council is contrary to law and because of their importance, the Ministry of Public Works, ADIF and RENFE-Operadora filed the corresponding administrative appeals.

On 30 November 2016, a meeting took place between the Minister of Public Works and the Mayor of Madrid, where they agreed to create a working group to work jointly on an urban planning approach for the northern part of Madrid, starting from scratch and without any apriorism by any of the parties. This allows us to arrive at a consensual urban solution in a relatively short time and that would be processed urbanistically by the Madrid City Council, by means of a specific modification of the PGOU.

The first meeting of the working group was held on December 19 and agreed, among other things, to create a Technical Subcommittee, which has been meeting regularly to this date.

Motivated by the new situation of urban development, DCN, ADIF and RENFE-Operadora subscribed, on December 28, 2016, an extension of the Basis Agreement, until August 31, 2018. DCN must pay to Public Entities for this reason an amount of 4,350,274 euros derived from the extension of the Basis Agreement until August 31, 2018. Of this amount, ADIF AV is due the amount of 444,380 euros fully charged in 2017 and 444,380 euros in 2018.

The aforementioned Technical Subcommittee was established on December 30, 2016 and after 7 months of work meetings a principle of agreement was reached between the parties, reflected in the document "Bases para la ordenación urbanística del área Estación de Chamartín – sur de Calle 30 / Fuencarral – norte de Calle 30, Acuerdo ADIF / DCN / Ayuntamiento de Madrid" was presented to the media at an event held at the Ministry of Development on July 27, 2017, calling the urban action whose bases are agreed, Madrid Nuevo Norte (MNN).



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Also, in the framework of the work and tables held, the Ministry of Development, ADIF, ADIF Alta Velocidad and RENFE have requested the suspension of administrative appeals lodged against the Agreement of the Plenary Session of the Madrid City Council on May 25, 2016, because the solutions that arise in the bases could put an end to the controversy raised in it.

On December 28, 2018, the Boards of Directors of the ADIF and ADIF-ALTA VELOCIDAD have authorized a modification of the contract they have signed with the company DISTRITO CASTELLANA NORTE, S.A. (DCN), on the preferential adjudication of their rights in relation to the urban development of the Chamartín and Fuencarral rail precincts, in Madrid (the so-called "Chamartín Operation").

On 20 September, 2018 the Madrid City Council agreed to the Initial Approval of the Specific Modification of the Madrid General Plan (MPPGOUM) "Madrid Nuevo Norte". This document constitutes the new urban framework of reference for the parties to this Contract and, consequently, it has had to adapt the content thereof to the determinations of this new modification of the Plan.

The most relevant information in this contractual amendment is that, despite the fact that the area to be transferred to DCN by the railway entities has been reduced by 798,366 m² and that the net buildable area attributable to the railway spaces has been reduced by 575,246 m² t (31.02%), both the price established in the current contract and the agreed form of payment remain unchanged, a fixed canon of \in 1,245,459,973 to be paid in 20 years plus the delivery of urbanized plots subject to some regime of public protection with a buildable area of 100,000 m².

This has been possible due to the interest and effort of DCN in continuing to bet on this ambitious and transformative urban development in Madrid, as well as the favorable evolution of the real estate market in the north of Madrid and because the buildability of the area has been transferred to the north from M30 to the south zone in the vicinity of Chamartín station (area with the highest real estate value). It has also contributed to this achievement for railway entities the configuration of a large business center (CBD, Central Business District) next to the station with a great real estate potential.

It should be noted, finally, that the Parties have agreed that, if the new urban framework that emerges from the Specific Modification of the Madrid General Plan (MPPGOUM) "Madrid Nuevo Norte" initially approved on 20/9/2018, is not approved definitively before 31/12/2021 (without substantial modifications with respect to such frame) the Contract subscribed with DCN will be solved.

In regard to the aforementioned Specific Modification, it is foreseen that it will be provisionally approved by the Madrid City Council during the first quarter of this year, after which it will have to undergo final approval by the Autonomous Community of Madrid.



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(5) <u>Investments in Group Companies and Associates</u>

5.a) Non-current equity instruments in Group companies and associates

The movement for 2018 and 2017, expressed in thousands of euros, of the accounts that make up this section are detailed below:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros			
	Investments in Group companies and associates	Uncalled equity holdings	Provisions	Total
Balance at 1 January 2018	9,462	-	(1,074)	8,388
Additions	-	-	-	
Withdrawals		-	-	
Balance at 31 December 2018	9,462	-	(1,074)	8,388

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros			
	Investments in Group companies and associates	Uncalled equity holdings	Provisions	Total
Balance at 1 January 2017	12,396	(2,925)	(1,074)	8,397
Additions	-	-	-	-
Withdrawals	(2,934)	2,925	-	(9)
Balance at 31 December 2017	9,462		(1,074)	8,388

Annex II shows a detail of the main investees that are domiciled in Spain, and the information related to them.

Among the holdings in associated companies, it is worth highlighting those corresponding to companies whose corporate purpose is the integration of railways in various cities, The aforementioned companies were created under the agreements signed between the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, the Public Business Entities attached to the same with competences in railway matters and the Public Administrations involved in each of the affected cities (Autonomous Community and City Council), distributing the participation in its capital at 50% between the General State Administration and the local and regional Administrations, This model aims to unite all parties with interests in the project by achieving the integration of the railroad in various cities with the partner contributions and with the putting on the market of the urban development derived from freed land for railway use resulting from the planned actions. As of 31 December 2018, several agreements subscribed in their day for the integration of the railroad in the cities are being revised in order to redefine both the actions to be undertaken and their form of financing, In this respect, the corresponding revision to the agreements relating to the cities of Alicante, Gijón, Valencia and Murcia have been initiated, which affect the integration companies Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo de Transporte, SA, Gijón al Norte, SA, Valencia Parque Central and Murcia AV, SA respectively, The signing of such agreements is subject to negotiation between the signatories thereof to determine their content and final commitments, as well as various prior authorization acts.



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Furthermore, at an extraordinary general meeting held on 4 December 2012, the shareholders of León Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. agreed to dissolve the company so as to enable liquidation as quickly as possible. At this meeting, the shareholders also agreed that ADIF should acquire the railway infrastructure works carried out by the company. Entity management does not consider that ADIF-AV will assume significant liabilities and assets as a result of this process.

5.b) Non-current loans to Group companies and associates

Details of non-current loans to Group companies and associates at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

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	Thousands	of Euros
Concept	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.	113,256	113,256
Cartagena AVE, S.A.	1,080	1,080
Murcia AVE, S.A.	3,400	3,400
Logroño Integración del Ferrocarril 2002, S.A.	31,057	19,680
Gijón al Norte, S.A.	12,739	9,319
Barcelona Sagrera AV, S.A.	41,317	24,319
Valladolid Alta Velocidad, 2003, S.A.	259,774	246,865
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	26,576	17,363
Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo del Transporte, S.A.	181	181
Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A.	610	-
Total non current loans to Group companies and associates	489,990	435,463
Provision for impairment	(27,625)	(27,015)
	462,365	408,448

These amounts correspond to loans granted by the Entity from 1 January, 2013 and those that were assigned to it in the segregation process and that were not impaired as of 31 December, 2012. At that date, ADIF-AV was assigned loans granted by ADIF to the Integración Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A. for a nominal value of 30,279 thousand euros and to Palencia Alta Velocidad for a nominal value of 410 thousand euros. These were totally impaired and therefore in compliance with the accounting regulations and were allocated to ADIF-AV for its net amount, i.e. for zero euros. Therefore, they are not reflected in the above table. The impaired amount of 27,625 thousand euros as of 31 December, 2018 corresponds to loans granted to the company Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A. and Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A.

The situation at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 in relation to loans granted to its long-term investees at nominal value is shown in the table below:



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	Thousands	of Euros
Company	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.	143,535	143,535
Cartagena Alta Velocidad, S.A.	1,080	1,080
Murcia Alta Velocidad, S.A.	3,400	3,400
Logroño Integración Ferrocarril 2002, S.A.	31,057	19,680
Gijón al Norte, S.A.	12,739	9,319
Barcelona Sagrera Alta Velocitat S.A.	41,317	24,319
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003 S.A.	259,774	246,865
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	26,576	17,363
Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo del Transporte, S.A.	181	181
Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A.	610	-
	520,269	465,742

The company Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S,A, as a result of its financial situation, has not been able to meet its obligations with the creditors in the framework of the financing agreements signed, Consequently, on June 27, 2017, the Board of Directors of ADIF Alta Velocidad authorized the signing of the agreement for the cancellation of the syndicated line of credit agreement and the interest rate hedging agreements of the Participated Company Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S,A, in the following terms:

The creditors will waive the collection of 11,760 thousand euros for the definitive cancellation of the credit and of the coverage and ADIF, ADIF- Alta Velocidad and RENFE Operadora would pay a maximum of 341,205 thousand euros.

Before June 30, 2017, the three mentioned EPEs are obliged to pay 145,172 thousand euros, of which 87,103 thousand euros correspond to ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the amount guaranteed in the comfort letter granted at the time.

Before 30 September, 2017, and whenever the modification of the "Agreement between the Ministry of Development, the Government of Castilla y León and the City Council of Valladolid for the development of the works derived from the transformation of the RAF of Valladolid is signed. "On November 6, 2002 or a new agreement, the three SOEs are required to pay a total of 196,933 thousand euros, of which ADIF AV corresponds to an amount of 118,160 thousand euros.

As of June 30, 2017, ADIF AV has made the disbursement agreed by its Board of Directors on June 27, 2017, amounting to 87,103 thousand euros, having complied with the obligation acquired through the comfort letter granted.

On November 20, 2017, shareholders Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A. they have signed a new agreement for the development of the works derived from the transformation of the Valladolid railway arterial network that replaces the one signed on November 6, 2002. As a result of this fact, the actions to be carried out to achieve the transformation goal have been redefined of the railway network in the aforementioned city and the financial commitments that the partners must make in the 2017-2033 horizon have been established to finance the works to be contracted based on the shareholding percentages of each partner. In this way



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

ADIF AV is committed to contributing to the company Valladolid Alta Velocidad S.A. a total of 89.7 million euros as participative loans, in the 2017-2033 horizon and, accordingly, with its shareholding in Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.

Additionally, and derived from the subscription of the aforementioned new agreement, ADIF AV has disbursed a total of 118.16 million euros on November 23, 2017 for the total cancellation of the Company's debt derived from the credit agreement with banking entities.

As established in the new agreement, the contributions already made by ADIF AV as well as those that it undertakes to make will be reimbursed by Valladolid Alta Velocidad with the capital gains generated in the land transfer process and according to the priority of collections established in the signed Agreement, The first amounts obtained were allocated to the cancellation of the debt acquired by the Company with the three EPEs assigned to the Ministry of Development as a result of the cancellation of the loan and of the hedge contracts subscribed by Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, SA.

Likewise, ADIF, ADIF AV and Renfe Operadora in order to guarantee the return of the amounts contributed for the cancellation of the credit agreement and the interest rate hedging contracts may expressly reserve ownership of the land freed from the railway use and that they could be contributed to the Company or constitute an explicit resolution condition thereon. In the case of having been land released for rail use contributed to Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, SA will be constituted by the Company a pledge of chattel mortgage, or if applicable, real estate in favor of the three SPEs on any Project assets included in the balance of that, being granted to ADIF, ADIF AV and RENFE Operadora irrevocable power for the constitution of mortgage or pledge on assets for a value equivalent to the total amount paid for the cancellation of the aforementioned contracts.

In relation to the loans granted by the Entity to various investees related in the previous tables, in addition to the loan impairments included in the first breakdown, the amounts have been recorded under Provisions for risks and expenses (see note 10) that the Entity estimates it will have to pay in the future derived from the comfort letters or letters of commitment assumed by ADIF AV or by the loans granted by the Entity to various companies and for which there is a probability of non-recovery based on current estimates of future cash flows expected by the investee as explained in notes 2, c, 3, and note 23.

5.c) Current investments in Group companies and associates

The balance of the heading "Loans to companies" at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:



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	Thousands of Euros	
Concept	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Short-term loans to group companies and associates	28,230	28,840
Loans for disposal of fixed assets	-	274
Other financial assets	18,184	11,077
Impairment of receivables	(20,160)	(13,664)
	26,254	26,527

The heading of short-term loans to group companies and associates corresponds to the loans granted to its investees, with maturity within one year, at nominal value and with the following breakdown:

	Thousands of Euros		
Concept	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A. Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo del Transporte,	-	610	
S.A.(AVANT)	26,254	26,254	
León Alta Velocidad, 2003, S.A.	1,976	1,976	
Total Short-term loans to Group companies and associates	28,230	28,840	
Provision for impairment	(1,976)	(2,586))	
-	26,254	26,254	

In 2017, the Entity granted financing to Alicante Alta Velocidad Nudo de Transporte, S.A. (AVANT) for a value of 26,435 thousand euros, with the aim that the Company can meet the obligations acquired against banks and other creditors.

On January 27, 2017, the Entity granted a loan of 1,282 thousand euros to the Company to pay the interest owed to a banking syndicate in relation to the syndicated loan policy that it had underwritten.

Subsequently, on July 20, 2017, ADIF's Board of Directors adopted a series of agreements to make the Company viable in the framework of the amendment process for the Agreement of May 7, 2003 signed between the Ministry of Public Works and Transport, the Generalitat Valenciana, the Valencia City Council, GIF and RENFE for the remodelling of the Alicante arterial network railway, Among these agreements are the following:

a) ADIF and ADIF Alta Velocidad pledged to pay the amount of 29,595 thousand euros to creditors before August 4, 2017, to which they were committed based on the letters of commitment granted for the awarding of the syndicated credit policy, subrogating in the position of the banking syndicate against the Company, Of this amount, a total of 5,919 thousand euros corresponds to ADIF and the rest, for a total of 23,676 thousand euros, to ADIF AV.

These amounts were finally paid on July 31, 2017.

b) Additionally, they would pay, before October 31, 2017, the remaining amount for the cancellation of the existing debt with the banking



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syndicate for a total of 31,059 million euros, once the aforementioned amendment to the 2003 Agreement had been subscribed, subrogating ADIF and ADIF AV in the position of the banking entities against the Company.

Likewise, ADIF and ADIF AV will receive a part of the works corresponding to the Alicante access project executed by the Company, handling the asset received basically with the cancellation of the corporate debts of AVANT, The works to be received by ADIF AV amount to a total of 53,143 thousand euros and have been recorded as of 31 December, 2017 in the Balance Sheet of the Entity.

However, since the modification of the 2003 Agreement has not yet been signed, whose negotiation and processing is ongoing, on December 28, 2017, ADIF and ADIF Alta Velocidad granted a commercial loan to AVANT amounting to 31,252 thousand euros, of which 1,296 thousand euros corresponds to ADIF AV, This loan is destined to cancel the debt with the banking syndicate for 31,059 million euros and the rest, for a value of 193 thousand euros for payment to suppliers.

Finally, on August 8, 2017, ADIF AV paid, in proportion to its participation in the capital of the Company, 181 thousand euros to enable the Company to meet its operating expenses in the years 2017 and 2018.

(6) Other Financial Assets

The breakdown by category of financial assets, excluding investments in equity of group and associated companies (see note 5), except the balances with Public Administrations (see note 12), at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, in thousands of Euros, is as follows:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros		
	Equity instruments	Loans, derivatives and other	Total
Non-current financial assets			
Loans and receivables	-	1,413	1,413
Available-for-sale assets	2,166	-	2,166
Total non-current financial assets	2,166	1,413	3,579
Current financial assets Loans and receivables	14	233,054	233,068
Total current financial assets	14	233,054	233,068
	31/12/20	017 Thousands of Euros	
	Equity instruments	Loans, derivatives and other	Total
Non-current financial assets			
Loans and receivables	-	1,482	1,482
Available-for-sale assets	2,026	-	2,026
Total non-current financial assets	2,026	1,482	3,508
Current financial assets Loans and receivables	35	259,774	259,809
Total current financial assets	35	259,774	259,809



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These amounts are broken down into the following balance sheet items, as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros			
	Equity instruments	Loans, derivatives and other	Total	
Non-current financial assets				
Non-current financial investments	2,166	873	3,039	
Non-current trade receivables	-	540	540	
Total non-current financial assets	2,166	1,413	3,579	
Current financial assets				
Current financial assets	14	-	14	
Trade and other receivables		233,054	233,054	
Total current financial assets	14-	233,054	233,068	

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros			
	Equity instruments	Loans, derivatives and other	Total	
Non-current financial assets				
Non-current financial investments	2,026	866	2,892	
Non-current trade receivables		616	616	
Total non-current financial assets	2,026	1,482	3,508	
Current financial assets				
Current financial assets	35	-	35	
Trade and other receivables		259,774	259,774	
Total current financial assets	35	259,774	259,809	

The carrying amount of these financial assets does not differ significantly from their fair value.

6.a) Investments

The breakdown of financial investments at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros			
	31/12/2018		31/12/2017	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Equity instruments (see Appendix II)	2,406	-	2,266	-
Impairment	(240)		(240)	
Total equity instruments	2,166	-	2,026	
Other financial assets (deposits, guarantees and other credits)	873	14	866	35
	3,039	14	2,892	35



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6.a.1) Equity instruments

Equity instruments are the Entity's holdings in companies over whose management it does not have significant influence. The Entity's interest in each of these companies is less than 20%.

Annex II shows a detail of the main investees that are domiciled in Spain, and the information related to them.

6.b) Trade and other receivables

The breakdown of trade and other receivables at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros				
	31/12/2018		31/12/2017		
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	
Group companies and associates					
Receivables (Note 6.b.1))	-	596	-	5,701	
Unrelated parties					
Trade receivables (Note 6.b.2))	-	100,888	-	103,055	
Other receivables (Note 6.b.3))	540	131,558	616	151,000	
Personnel		12		18	
	540	233,054	616	259,774	

6.b.1) Group Companies and Associates

The detail of the balances of these accounts of current assets in the accompanying balance sheet as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017, is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
	Current	Current	
Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo del Transporte, S.A.	-	798	
Murcia Alta Velocidad S.A	505	45	
Barcelona Sagrera Alta Velocitat, S.A.	91		
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.		4,858	
	596	5,701	

6.b.2) Trade receivables

Trade receivables include the balance of rail fees settled and pending collection at 31 December 2018, for 59,385 thousand euros. Trade receivables also include accrued interest receivable of 41,500 thousand euros. It also



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collects the value of 3 thousand euros from the liquidated and pending collection receipts by Railway Fees.

Trade receivables include the balance of rail fees settled and pending collection at 31 December 2017, for 57,421 thousand euros, Trade receivables also includes accrued interest receivable of 45,634 thousand euros.

6.b.3) Other receivables

The detail at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Agreements with rail operators	62,693	46,786	
Fibre-optics rental	9,335	9,334	
Amounts due to ADIF-AV from ADIF	18,559	14,947	
Other rentals	4,125	6,857	
Other items	7,214	4,848	
Services rendered pending invoice			
Agreements with rail operators	20,644	20,363	
Agreements with ADIF	18,583	56,913	
Other	(491)	(1,975)	
Impairment of trade receivables	(9,104)	(7,073)	
Total other receivables	131,558	151,000	

The agreements with railway operators correspond mainly to Renfe Operadora and its group.

The balance receivable from ADIF at 31 December, 2018 and at 31 December, 2017 corresponds to services rendered to ADIF billed up to that date and pending billing, based on the additions listed in note 1.

The movement of valuation adjustments for impairment of short and long-term receivables at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros				
	31/12/20	018	31/12/	2017	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	
Balances at 1 January 2017 Provisions, reversals and/or	-	(7,073)	-	(2,209)	
applications during the year	-	(2,031)		(4,864)	
Balances at 31 December 2018	<u> </u>	(9,104)	-	(7,073)	

(7) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The breakdown of cash and cash equivalents as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands	of Euros
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Cash on hand and at banks	150,325	267,225
Cash equivalents	<u> </u>	5
	150,325 267,	

(8) <u>Equity</u>

Details of and movement in equity are shown in the statement of changes in equity.

8.a) Equity contribution

As of 31 December, 2018, the total amount consigned in the General State Budget for the year 2018 was received and amounted to 311,574 thousand euros. (see note 1.c)

As of 31 December, 2017, there have been changes in equity contributions, as a total of 229,100 thousand euros have been received from the 246,700 thousand euros entered in the General State Budget for 2017 in favor of ADIF- AV as contributions for the financing of the railway network of its ownership. The Entity does not expect to receive the remaining amount charged to the 2017 fiscal year due to the absence of authorization from the State Secretariat for Budget and Expenditure, Ministry of Economy and Finance and Public Service.

Since 2015, the Entity proceeded to delimit, evaluate and register those lands which, although they were owned, were not recorded in the accounts basically for acquisitions or very old expropriations, some of which were carried out by the old companies that were integrated into the Spanish National Network Railways. As a result of this process of updating the inventory, the Entity has recognized land in 2016 in the amount of 2,373 thousand euros, which in both cases have been accounted for as equity.

8.b)Reserves

The movement in the Reserves heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros				
	Reserves for actuarial gains and losses	Other reserves	Total		
	103363	Other reserves	Total		
Balance at 31 December 2017	(289)	47,184	46,895		
Recognition of actuarial gains and losses and other adjustments	(7)	(8,557)	(8,564)		
Balance at 31 December 2018	(296)	38,627	38,331		



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	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros				
	Reserves for actuarial gains and losses	Other reserves	Total		
Balance at 31 December 2016	(334)	42,405	42,071		
Recognition of actuarial gains and losses and other adjustments	45	4,779	4,824		
Balance at 31 December 2017	(289)	47,184	46,895		

8.c) Proposed application of loss for the year

The Entity's Management proposes that the 199,997 thousand euros losses for 2017 be carried forward as prior years' losses, under the equity item "Retained earnings".

On March 23 2017, the Board of Directors of ADIF-AV approved the proposals of the Board of Directors mentioned above.

The Entity's Management proposes the application of the loss for the year 2018 for the amount of 223,410 thousand euros, under the equity item "Retained earnings".

8.d) Valuation adjustments

The amount recognised in equity during 31 December 2018 and year 2017, as well as the amounts reclassified from equity to finance expenses in the income statement in these years are disclosed in the statement of recognised income and expense, which forms part of the statement of changes in equity for each year,

The equity for the years ended 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017 reflects the variations in the fair value of the derivative arranged by the Entity. Due to the fluctuations in interest rates these show a loss in value (see Note 11.a.2).

(9) Grants, Donations and Bequests

The balance of this section of the accompanying balance sheet as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 includes the non-refundable capital grants pending attribution to income.

The movement registered on 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is detailed in the attached tables:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros					
	Cohesion Funds	ERDF fuds	TEN-T funds	State grants for work performed	Other capital grants	Total capital grants
Balances at 31 December 2017	4,879,759	2,927,088	304,405	2,162,333	269,164	10,542,749
Additions	-	42,485	25,894	240,445	650	309,474
European funds accrued in the year	-	42,485	25,894	-	-	68,379
Actions received by SEITTSA (note 4) Agreement Council Ministers transfer	-	-	-	7,481	-	7,481
León - La Robla section (note 1.c)	-	-	-	232,964	-	232,964
Other capital grants	-	-	-	-	650	650
Withdrawals	(82,886)	(17,563)	-	-	-	(100,449)
Tax effect of capital grants accrued during the year (note 12) Allocation to income of net capital	20,722	(6,231)	(6,474)	(60,111)	(163)	(52,257)
grants tax effect (note 17)	(34,387)	(21,705)	(2,202)	(19,496)	(2,710)	(80,500)
Balances at 31 December 2018	4,783,208	2,924,074	321,623	2,323,171	266,941	10,619,017

alances at 31 Deceniuer 2010 (1) RD law 22/2012 and RD-law 4/2013

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros					
_	Cohesion Funds	ERDF funds	TEN-T funds	State grants for work performed ⁽¹⁾	Other capital grants	Total capital grants
Balances at 31 December 2016 Additions	4,913,155	2,926,330 32,195	280,270 34,352	2,111,503 124,374	273,474 1,248	10,504,732 192,169
European funds accrued in the year Actions received by SEITTSA (note 4)	-	32,195	34,352	- 76,482	-	66,547 76,482
Actions received by Fomento	-	-	-	47,892	-	47,892
Other capital grants	-	-	-	-	1,248	1,248
Withdrawals	-	(4,381)	(669)	(35,548)	(601)	(41,199)
Adjust value of delimited land, free delivery AGE (note 4)	-	-	-	(35,548)	-	(35,548)
Tax effect of capital grants accrued during the year (note 12)	-	(6,954)	(8,421)	(22,208)	(162)	(37,745)
Allocation to income of net capital grants tax effect (note 17) Adjustments Subsidy - Deferred	(33,380)	(20,065)	(1,129)	(15,219)	(5,277)	(75,070)
tax	(16)	(37)	2	(569)	482	(138)
Balances at 31 December 2017 -	4,879,759	2,927,088	304,405	2,162,333	269,164	10,542,749

(1) RD law 22/2012 and RD-law 4/2013

State grants for work performed the recognises the value of the works received without consideration of the Ministry of Public Works and SEITTSA, by Royal Decree Law 4/2013 of 22 February and Recast Convention from August 25, 2015 disenfranchised where appropriate, by the depreciation of goods received. (See notes 3.b, 3.g and 4).



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

9.a) Cohesion Funds

Details of Cohesion Funds at 31 December 2018 and 2017, without taking into account the tax effect and including the amounts accrued for payables convertible into grants, are as follows:

31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros					
STRETCH	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTIONS MADE	
Madrid-Barcelona-Frontera francesa H.S,L.	3,342,953	3,342,953		3,342,953	
Madrid-Lérida	2,112,357	2,112,357	-	2,112,357	
Lérida-Martorell	790,698	790,698	-	790,698	
Martorell-Barcelona	439,898	439,898	-	439,898	
Madrid-Valladolid H.S,L.	1,553,670	1,553,670	-	1,553,670	
Madrid-Levante H.S.L.	573,450	573,450	-	573,450	
Cohesion Funds 2007-2013	1,414,342	1,390,319		1,399,537	
TOTAL	6,884,415	6,860,392	-	6,869,610	

31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros

STRETCH	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTIONS MADE
Madrid-Barcelona-Frontera francesa H.S,L.	3,342,953	3,342,953	-	3,342,953
Madrid-Lérida	2,112,357	2,112,357	-	2,112,357
Lérida-Martorell	790,698	790,698	-	790,698
Martorell-Barcelona	439,898	439,898	-	439,898
Madrid-Valladolid H.S.L.	1,553,670	1,553,670	-	1,553,670
Madrid-Levante H.S.L.	573,450	573,450	-	573,450
Cohesion Funds 2007-2013	1,473,204	1,473,204		1,399,537
TOTAL	6,943,277	6,943,277		6,869,610

9.b) European Regional Development Fund (ERDF)

Details of European Regional Development Funds at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, without taking into account the tax effect, including the amounts accrued for debts convertible into grants, are as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros

OPERATING PROGRAMME	PROJECT	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTIO NS MADE
ANDALUCIA	Córdoba - Málaga	883,614	883,614	-	883,614
CASTILLA Y LEÓN	Segovia - Valladolid	193,256	193,256	-	193,256
MURCIA	Entrance to Murcia	28,412	28,412	-	28,412
CASTILLA LA MANCHA	Entrance to Toledo	67,127	67,127	-	67,127
VALENCIA	Entrance to Alicante	99,402	99,402	-	99,402
CASTILLA Y LEÓN	Pajares Tunnels	283,995	283,995	-	283,995
ASTURIAS	Pajares Tunnels	107,873	107,873	-	107,872
ERDF 2007-2013		2,264,456	2,256,428	-	2,256,399
ERDF 2014-2020		194,997	74,681	147,422	179,618
TOTAL		4,123,132	3,994,788	147,422	4,099,695

31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros

OPERATING PROGRAMME	PROJECT	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTIO NS MADE
ANDALUCIA	Córdoba - Málaga	883,614	883,614	-	883,614
CASTILLA Y LEÓN	Segovia - Valladolid	193,256	193,256	-	193,256
MURCIA	Entrance to Murcia	28,412	28,412	-	28,412
CASTILLA LA MANCHA	Entrance to Toledo	67,127	67,127	-	67,127
VALENCIA	Entrance to Alicante	99,402	99,402	-	99,402
CASTILLA Y LEÓN	Pajares Tunnels	283,995	283,995	-	283,995
ASTURIAS	Pajares Tunnels	107,873	107,873	-	107,872
ERDF 2007-2013		2,276,556	2,273,676	-	2,175,944
ERDF 2014-2020		32,695	32,196	43,676	43,676
TOTAL		3,972,930	3,969,551	43,676	3,883,298

9.c) Community financial aid to trans-European networks (TEN)

The situation as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 of the TEN funds, without considering the tax effect and including the amounts accrued for debts convertible into subsidies, is as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros

STRETCH	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTION S MADE
Madrid-Barcelona-Frontera francesa H.S,L.	80,694	80,694	-	80,694
Madrid-Valladolid H.S,L.	20,603	20,603	-	20,603
Madrid-Levante H.S,L.	62,181	62,181	-	58,880
New Rail Access to Asturias Vitoria-Bilbao-San Sebastián y	3,191	3,191	-	3,191
Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria H.S,L.	372,689	131,015	18,439	149,454
Madrid-Extremadura H.S,L.	35,881	35,881	-	35,881
Bobadilla-Granada H.S,L.	2,174	2,174	-	2,174
Mediterranean Corridor	110,388	100,924	-	91,383
Other High-Speed	6,539	4,754	164	3,617
TOTAL	694,340	441,417	18,603	445,877

STRETCH	ASSISTANCE GRANTED	GRANTS ACCRUED	PAYABLES CONVERTIBLE INTO GRANTS (Note 11,b)	COLLECTIONS MADE
Madrid-Barcelona-Frontera francesa H.S.L.	80,694	80,694	-	80,694
Madrid-Valladolid H.S.L.	20,603	20,603	-	20,603
Madrid-Levante H.S.L.	62,181	62,181	-	55,985
New Rail Access to Asturias	3,191	3,191	-	3,191
Vitoria-Bilbao-San Sebastián y Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria H.S.L.	344,620	120,860	19,947	142,966
Madrid-Extremadura H.S.L.	35,881	35,881	-	49,279
Bobadilla-Granada H.S.L.	2,174	2,174	-	2,174
Mediterranean Corridor	110,388	86,564	-	75,747
Other High-Speed	6,539	3,268	215	3,328
TOTAL	666,271	415,416	20,162	433,967

31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros

As established by Community legislation, within the conditions established for its concession, the Major Projects of works co-financed by the Cohesion Fund and by the ERDF in the 2007-2013 period must be functional as of March 31, 2019. For this it will be necessary have a Reception Certificate, Certificate of Availability of the Infrastructure or equivalent document of all the works records included in the Grand Project.

In November 2018, the European Commission, for the first time, indicated to the Ministry of Finance its willingness to apply a proportionality criterion in the event that the Major Projects are not fully functional. In this way, the reduction of the assistance accrual would be made on the basis of those works records (and their



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

associated technical assistance) for which the required documentation is not available. This criterion has been subsequently transferred to the entity in tripartite meetings with the Commission and the Ministry of Finance.

Various measures have been taken by the Entity to be able to meet this objective, among which are the rescheduling of the work and the exhaustive monitoring of the pending actions.

It is expected that March 31, 2019 all the Major Projects meet the requirements demanded by the European Commission, however, there could be a slight delay in one work in Galicia and another in Pajares, which would force, if necessary, to return some of the assistance amounting to 30,005 thousand euros, this amount has been recorded as a short-term liability (see note 11.b).

(10) Provisions for Liabilities and Charges

The breakdown by item in the section of the balance sheet for provisions for current and non-current risks and expenses as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros				
	31/12/20)18	31/12/2	017	
_	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current	
Employee benefits	785	522	752	484	
-Defined benefit plans	785	7	752	35	
Length-of-service bonuses	137	7	166	34	
Provision for leisure travel, retired personnel	648	-	586	1	
-Other employee benefits	-	515	-	449	
Other provisions	816,596	105,591	682,462	63,981	
Provisions for legal proceedings	684,802	-	546,965	-	
"1,5% for culture" provision	-	32,701	-	-	
Other items (note 10.b.3 and note 23)	131,794	72,890	135,497	63,981	
	817,381	106,113	683,214	64,465	

The changes in the section "Provisions for long-term risks and expenses" at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are shown in the tables below:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros						
		Non-current provi	isions for liabilities	and charges			
	Length-of- service bonuses	Provision for leisure travel, retired personnel	Provision for legal proceedings	Other items	TOTAL		
Balances at 1/01/2018 Charges for the year recognised in	166	586	546,965	135,497	683,214		
profit and loss Charges for the year recognised in	11	51	645	(3,703)	(2,996)		
investments	-	-	181,829	-	181,829		
Financial effect of discount	2	9	-	-	11		
Payments for the year	-	-	(43,235)	-	(43,235)		
Transfers to current Amounts taken to profit and loss	(47) 5	- 2	(617)	-	(664) 7		
Other movements	-	-	(785)	-	(785)		
Balances at 31/12/2018	137	648	684,802	131,794	817,381		

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros						
		Non-curre	nt provisions for liab	ilities and charges			
	Length-of- service bonuses	Provision for leisure travel, retired personnel	Provision for environmental risks	Provision for legal proceedings	Other items	TOTAL	
Balances at 1/01/2017	185	569	2,013	320,358	153,937	477,062	
Charges for the year recognised in profit and loss Charges for the year	(13)	50	-	1,274	(18,440)	(17,129)	
recognised in investments	-	-	-	267,712	-	267,712	
Financial effect of discount	2	7	-	(3,110)	-	(3,101)	
Payments for the year	-	-	-	(31,085)	-	(31,085)	
Transfers to current Amounts taken to profit and	(2)	(1)	-	(863)	-	(866)	
loss	-	-	227	(7,321)	-	(7,094)	
Other movements	(6)	(39)	(2,240)		-	(2,285)	
Balances at 31/12/2017	166	586	-	546,965	135,497	683,214	

10.a) Provisions for liabilities and charges related to personnel

10.a.1) Length-of-service bonuses

Length-of-service bonuses reflect ADIF-AV's obligation, in compliance with employment regulations, to pay a bonus to employees based on the number of years' service. This bonus is receivable after 30, 35 and 40 years of service and the amount is stipulated in the applicable collective bargaining agreement signed on 5 May 2016 and now applicable. The amount recognised at 31 December 2018 is 144 thousand euros, of which 137 thousand euros are recognised as non-current provisions for liabilities and charges and 7 thousand euros as current provisions for liabilities and charges.

The provision at 31 December 2018 has been calculated using an actuarial study prepared applying the individual capitalisation method and using the



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

following inputs: annual interest rate of 1.137%, annual growth rate of 2.3% and table of expected length-of-service in ADIF based on the PERM/F-2000 actuarial table.

10.a.2) Provision for future commitments for staff leisure travel

The provision for staff leisure travel reflects the present value of commitments undertaken by ADIF-AV and accrued at 31 December 2018 for the entitlement of its personnel to rail travel at reduced prices upon retirement. This provision amounts to 648 thousand euros and is recognised under non-current provisions for liabilities and charges, of which a total of 647 thousand euros are presented in the chapter "Provisions for long-term risks and expenses" and 1 thousand euros in "Provisions for short-term risks and expenses".

The entitlement to travel at reduced prices is reflected in ADIF-AV's employment regulations for active and retired personnel and their beneficiaries. At 8 November 2006, with retrospective effect as of 1 January 2005, ADIF and RENFE Operadora signed an agreement regulating their relationship in this regard. Under the mentioned agreement, ADIF will pay RENFE Operadora the amount of fare reductions afforded to its currently-serving personnel and to personnel that retired or took pre-retirement prior to 1 January 2005.

The provision for 2018 has been determined through an actuarial study which used the following inputs:

- An average fare increase of 2% for 2018 and subsequent years.

- A technical interest of 1.435% for passive staff and 1.4432% for active annual staff.

- The actuarial table PERM/F 2000.
- Retirement age of 65.

10.b) Other provisions

10.b.1) Non-Current provisions for legal proceedings

Included under "provisions for litigation" are the estimated risks arising from labour disputes and with third parties. The Entity considers that such litigation is likely to result in an outflow of future resources. At 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, ADIF A.V. has recorded the present value of the best estimate of the future costs corresponding to these disputes for a total of 684,802 thousand euros and of 546,965 thousand euros respectively.

The following is a detail of these estimates:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands of Euros		
Concept	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Risks for investment works urged by contractors	656,867	504,410	
Risks for investments in land expropriated	24,381	38,244	
Other risks	3,554	4,311	
	684,802	546,965	

The amounts related to litigations filed by construction companies for the execution of construction contracts have been charged to the property, plant and equipment in the Balance Sheet and basically originated in claims for differences in measurements and in the determination of the price revisions. Also, for possible cost overrides caused by paralyzes and extensions of the execution time of the works. Likewise, the claims registered as a result of expropriation of land have also been recorded under the item of property, plant and equipment. The rest of the amounts reflected in the previous table were recognized in the corresponding year with a charge to the profit and loss account, according to their nature.

In addition, as of 31 December, 2018, the Entity is involved in a series of litigations related predominately to claims for liability and expropriations, with the maximum risk estimated, with the best information available, at 129,958 thousand euros. This is expected to be concluded shortly and for which it is considered that an exit of resources is not probable, the reason why ADIF AV has not provisioned any amount. At year-end 2017, the maximum risk estimated by the Entity for this same concept amounted to 164,025 thousand euros.

Furthermore, on 31 December, 2018, ADIF-AV acts as a claimant in a judicial process for diversion of funds through the alleged alteration of the prices of various projects for the replacement of hydraulic infrastructures affected by the execution of a high-speed line. The Entity is charged as a private accusation for being harmed by the diversion of funds and surcharges and estimates that the amount to claim could amount to 35,000 thousand euros. The Entity has considered this claim as a financial asset that has been fully impaired in 2016 under the heading "Impairment and result from disposal of financial instruments" in the accompanying income statement.

The Entity, additionally acts as a claimant at the closing of these financial statements in a legal proceeding against one of the contractors of works and services linked to railway infrastructure facilities owned by ADIF-AV due to a discrepancy in the interpretation of the relative clause to the quantification of the price revision, The amount claimed by the Entity amounts to 24,727 thousand euros and it considers that the outcome of this litigation will not significantly affect the Entity's net assets.

It is also worth highlighting the judicial proceedings filed by the Entity in various cases of execution of works in the La Sagrera area (Barcelona) for alleged credit note corresponding to non-justified extra costs. The Entity has carried out several external audits of works to be able to evaluate the damage that, at the date of closing of these annual accounts according to the



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

best available information, is valued at a maximum amount of 23 million euros for one case and 18 million for another case. Both processes are in the trial phase, so the amount of the damage is not fixed by a Judgment. Both amounts were recorded as investments of ADIF AV. To the extent that in one of cases the bidder is immersed in bankruptcy, the Entity has decided to impair the contingent asset valued at the best available estimate of 23 million euros against the heading "Impairment and results from disposals of financial instruments".

10.b.2) "1.5% for culture" provision

The heading "Provisions for short-term risks and expenses" includes, where appropriate, the provision for the amount pending payment for the contribution to the Spanish Historical Heritage, regulated by Law 16/1985, R.D. 111/1986 and Instruction number 43 of the Deputy Secretary of the Ministry of Public Works dated May 16, 2014. As of 31 December, 2018 the balance has a balance of 32,701 thousand euros.

10.b.3) Other items

In the heading "Other items" included in the provisions section for risks and expenses of non-current liabilities, a provision for the amount of 131,794 thousand euros and 135,947 thousand euros is included as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 respectively, corresponding to the best estimate of the risk assumed with certain railway integration companies as a result of the loans granted or the letters of commitment or comfort letter subscribed by the Entity to the extent that the investee is not capable of generating sufficient resources to repay bank loans or contributions from partners, Note 23 contains a breakdown of the aforementioned amount broken down by each of the affected companies.

In addition, the Entity included under the "Other Items" section, a provision for the estimated value of the interest on late payment of certificates of works and expropriations, in some cases claimed judicially, whose amount as of 31 December, 2018 amounted to 66,431 thousand euros and which at the end of the year 2017 amounted to 59,492 thousand euros.

(11) <u>Financial Liabilities</u>

Details of financial liabilities classified by category at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

		31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros			
	Loans and borrowings	Bonds	Derivatives and other financial liabilities	Total	
Non-current financial liabilities					
Non-current trade payables	10,536,584	4,383,814	320,220	15,240,618	
Total non-current financial liabilities			53,911	53,911	
Current financial liabilities	10,536,584	4,383,814	374,131	15,294,529	
Current payables					
Payables to Group companies and associates	615,840	51,852	346,2372	1,013,929	
Trade and other payables	-	-	15,394	15,394	
Total current financial liabilities			167,602	167,602	
Non-current financial liabilities	615,840	51,852	529,233	1,196,925	

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros			
	Loans and borrowings	Bonds	Derivatives and other financial liabilities	Total
Non-current financial liabilities				
Non-current trade payables	10,926,672	3,788,425	223,625	14,938,722
Total non-current financial liabilities	-	-		-
Current financial liabilities	10,926,672	3,788,425	223,625	14,938,722
Current payables				
Payables to Group companies and associates	455,160	47,524	399,875	902,559
Trade and other payables	-	-	16,821	16,821
Total current financial liabilities		-	181,325	181,325
Non-current financial liabilities	455,160	47,524	598,021	1,100,705

11.a) Loans and borrowings and bonds and other marketable securities

11.a.1) Debts with credit institutions and obligations

Loans and borrowings primarily comprise debt arranged by ADIF and allocated to the Entity, subject to State approval, with the European Investment Bank and other financial institutions, including BBVA, Banco Sabadell, Banco Santander and the Spanish Official Credit Institute, to finance investments in property, plant and equipment foreseen in the Multi-Year Action Plan (MAP).

It is also worth mentioning the issues of Obligations made by the Entity from the end of May 2014 until today.

The detail of the financial liabilities of ADIF AV with credit institutions in the short and long term as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is shown in the table below:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

		31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros	
		Matur	ity
	Interest	Current	Non-current
Loans in Euros (EIB)	0% to 4.415%	304,405	9,841,209
Accrued interest payable		83,767	-
Total loans and borrowings (EIB)		388,172	9,841,209
Loans in Euros (other entities)	0.531% to 3.795%	225,683	695,375
Accrued interest payable		1,985	-
Other loans and borrowings, for derivatives		63	5,429
Total loans and borrowings (other entities)		227,731	700,804
Bonds (Euros)	0.8% to 3.5%	217	4,383,814
Accrued interest payable on bonds		51,635	-
Total bonds		51,852	4,383,814
Total loans and borrowings and bonds and other marketable securities at 31 December			
2018		667,755	14,925,827

		31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros	
		Matur	ity
	Interest	Current	Non-current
Loans in Euros (EIB)	0% to 4.415%	185,174	10,005,614
Accrued interest payable		84,855	-
Total loans and borrowings (EIB)		270,029	10,005,614
	0.521% to		
Loans in Euros (other entities)	3.795%	182,827	921,058
Accrued interest payable		2,304	-
Other loans and borrowings, for derivatives		46	-
Total loans and borrowings (other entities)		185,177	921,058
	1.875% to		
Bonds (Euros)	3.5%	-	3,788,425
Accrued interest payable on bonds		47,524	-
Total bonds		47,524	3,788,425
Total loans and borrowings and bonds and			
other marketable securities at 31 December 2017		502,730	14,715,097

The financial amortization of long-term debt, valued at the closing exchange rate at 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017 and at amortized cost, are as follows according to the maturity:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands of Euros		
Maturity	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
2018	-	368,001	
2019	530,305	530,089	
2020	593,523	593,307	
2021	625,212	624,996	
2022	1,794,931	1,808,297	
2023	1,097,460	1,099,412	
2024	1,451,676	1,447,466	
2025	1,445,235	1,439,169	
2026	1,051,322	445,235	
2027	451,322	445,235	
2028	451,322	445,235	
Thereafter	5,958,395	5,836,656	
	15,450,703	15,083,098	

The average annual interest rate on ADIF-AV's borrowings at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is 1.88% and 1.91%, respectively.

At the 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, the total limit on credit facilities that ADIF-AV had received from financial institutions stood at 385,000 and 480,000 thousand euros respectively. At 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, no amounts had been drawn down on these credit facilities. These credit facilities mature in the short term, and certain policies may be tacitly renewed each year up to a specified number of years.

11.a.2). Derivatives

Details of derivatives held by the Entity at 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017 are as follows:

		31/12/2018 Expressed in thousands of Euros						
	Assets		Liabiliti	es				
	Non-current tax effect	Current	Non-current financial liability	Current	Equity			
Interest rate cash flow hedge Collections / payments swap	1,357	-	(5,429)	-	(4,072)			
interest rate hedging	-	-	-	(63)	-			



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	31/12/2017 Expressed in thousands of Euros					
	Assets	5	Liabiliti	es		
	Non-current tax effect	Current	Non-current financial liability	Current	Equity	
Interest rate cash flow hedge	1,523	-	(6,090)	-	(4,567)	
Collections / payments swap interest rate hedging	-	-	-	(46)	-	

Interest rate swaps

The Entity uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations on two bank loans with a total nominal amount of 441.68 million euros at 31 December 2018 and 522.11 million at 31 December 2017.

Derivative liabilities at 31 December, 2018 include, on the one hand, the fair value of an interest rate swap agreement (IRS) signed in March 2015 with maturity in 2022, the fixed rate being set at 1.275% to be paid by the Entity and a variable rate of Euribor at 3 months to be paid by the financial institution with a notional amount of 441.68 million euros.

At year-end 2017, derivative liabilities included, on the one hand, the fair value of an interest rate swap contract signed in March. On the other hand, the fair value of an interest rate swap agreement (IRS) signed in March 2015 with maturity in 2022, the fixed rate being set at 1.275% to be paid by the Entity and a variable rate of Euribor at 3 months to be paid by the financial institution with a notional amount of 552.11 million euros.

The fair value of swaps is based on market values of equivalent derivative financial instruments at the date of the financial statements. This interest rate swap is effective as a cash flow hedge, so changes in the fair value of the hedge are recognized directly in equity as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017.

11.b) Other financial liabilities

Details of other financial liabilities at 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros						
	31/12	/2018	31/12/	2017			
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current			
Payables convertible into grants	222,359	-	114,961	-			
Suppliers of fixed assets ERDF aid to be repaid (note 9)	87,474	296,903 49,271	97,645 -	383,990 15,839			
Deposits and guarantees	4,958		4,929				
	314,791	346,174	217,535	399,829			



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

11.b.1) Payables convertible into grants

At 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017, this account comprises European funds or grants received from other entities to finance the railway infrastructure forming part of ADIF-AV, which will be reclassified to equity and deferred tax liabilities when the grant conditions have been met. Breakdown at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018 31/12/20		
European Funds			
ERDF	147,422	43,676	
TEN-T	18,603	20,162	
Other			
Ministry of Public Works (Addenda 21/12/2009			
Barcelona Sagrera (Note 1(c))	48,290	48,290	
Other grants	8,044	2,833	
-	222,359	114,961	

11.b.2) Suppliers of fixed assets

At 31 December 2018, non-current payables to suppliers of fixed assets amount to 84,474 thousand euros, of which 46,629 thousand euros relates to works carried out on the Madrid-Castilla la Mancha-Valencia Autonomous Community-Murcia Region line, and 27,333 thousand euros to works on the Olmedo-Orense stretch, under a public-private partnership, Also, it includes an amount of 13,512 thousand euros for the net present value of invoices to be paid to Renfe Operadora, with a long-term maturity as a result of the acquisition it of the rights of use of spaces that ADIF AV has possessed since the segregation of Renfe in 2005 (see Note 4).

At 31 December 2017, non-current payables to suppliers of fixed assets amount to 97,645 thousand euros, of which 51,440 thousand euros relates to works carried out on the Madrid-Castilla la Mancha-Valencia Autonomous Community-Murcia Region line, and 30,696 thousand euros to works on the Olmedo-Orense stretch, under a public-private partnership, Also, it includes an amount of 15,509 thousand euros for the net present value of invoices to be paid to Renfe Operadora, with a long-term maturity as a result of the acquisition it of the rights of use of spaces that ADIF AV has possessed since the segregation of Renfe in 2005 (see Note 4).

In addition, the balance as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017, for fixed asset suppliers includes the debt for works for own assets and expropriations for the amount of 66,477 thousand euros and 99,393 thousand euros respectively, Also the amount of the invoices of fixed assets suppliers receivable for a total of 236,691 thousand euros at 31 December 2018 and 230,426 thousand euros at 31 December 2017.

11.c) Payables to Group companies and associates

Details of the balances of these current liabilities accounts in the accompanying balance sheets at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands of Euros						
	31/12/	/2018	31/12/2017				
			Suppliers, Group companies and associates	Suppliers and payables, Group companies and associates			
Non Current Liabilities							
Valladolid Alta Velocidad	53,911	-	-				
	53,911	-	-				
<u>Current Liabilities</u> Ingeniería y Economía del Transporte, S.A. (INECO) Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002,	15,063	731	16,547	501			
S.A.	-	-	274	-			
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	331	-					
	15,394	731	16,821	501			

The account payable of non-current liabilities represents the obligation to deliver land to the company Valladolid Alta Velocidad S.A. in consideration of railway works received under the delivery certificate signed in 2018 as indicated in note 4.

In addition to these balances, as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017, the Entity registered, as other current financial liabilities, the best estimate available at the closing date of the infrastructure works carried out by the suppliers of fixed assets to the participating companies Valencia Parque Central 2003, SA and Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo de Transporte, S.A. valued at 71,859 thousand euros and 26,435 thousand euros respectively

These payables have arisen as a result of the different commercial and noncommercial transactions carried out between the Entity and these companies.

11.d) Trade and other payables

The breakdown of trade and other payables at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, excluding balances with public administrations, is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018 31/12/201		
Other suppliers and payables Suppliers and payables, Group companies and associates	166,613	180,561	
(Note 11,c)	731	501	
Personnel	258	263	
	167,602	181,325	

The item "Suppliers and various creditors" includes debts for purchases or services rendered pending payment as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017. It includes, among others, the amount pending payment to ADIF for services rendered according to detail attached. In addition, under the heading of fixed assets providers, the debts of ADIF AV with ADIF for this concept are included in



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

the respective dates indicated (17,651) thousand euros and (13,124) thousand euros.

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Suppliers and creditors debt with ADIF	40,154	70,530
Agreements with ADIF for outstanding invoices	27,563	60,352
Agreements with ADIF for invoices pending processing	12,591	10,178
Suppliers of fixed assets with ADIF	(17,651)	(13,124)
By invoice processed	4,044	4,250
By invoicing pending processing	(21,695)	(17,374)
	22,503	57,406

The information relating to 2018 and 2017 on payments to suppliers as established by Additional Provision Three of Law 15/2010 of July 5 2010 and in accordance with the methodology established in the Resolution of the Institute of Accounting and Auditing Accounts of January 29, 2016, shown in the following table:

	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
	Days		
Average payment period to suppliers	55.53	50.15	
Ratio paid operations	57.63	53.67	
Ratio of outstanding payment transactions	27.38		
	Thousand	s of Euros	
Total payments	1,746,167	1,457,083	
Total outstanding payments	130,573	210,714	

This calculation includes both figures relating to other suppliers and payables as well as those relating to suppliers of fixed assets.

(12) <u>Income Tax</u>

The breakdown of the balances with Public Administrations as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	Thousands of Euros				
	31/12/20	31/12/2018		017	
	Non-current	Non-current Current		Current	
Assets Receivables for awarded funds and grants	42,485	-	171,399	-	
Deferred tax assets (Note 11)	1,357	-	1,522	-	
Current tax assets	-	27	-	372	
Public entities, other receivables	-	88,292		80,044	
Total assets	43,842 88,319 12		172,921	80,416	
Liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	3,539,673	-	3,514,250	-	
Current tax liabilities	-	(23)	-	(23)	
Public entities, other payables	-	579	-	580	
Total liabilities	3,539,673	556	3,514,250	557	

12.a) Public entities, receivables

The breakdown of the balances with debtor Public Administrations as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros				
	31/12/20	18	31/12/20)17	
	Non-current Current		Non-current	Current	
Receivables for awarded funds and grants	42,485	-	171,399	-	
High-speed Cohesion Funds	-	-	73,667	-	
High-speed ERDF	42,485	-	97,732	-	
Deferred tax assets (Note 11)	1,357	-	1,522	-	
Current tax assets	-	27	-	372	
Public entities, other receivables	-	88,292	-	80,044	
Current VAT receivable	-	26,598	-	27,716	
Receivables for awarded funds and grants	-	61,694	-	52,328	
High Speed Cohesion Funds	-	15,546			
High-speed ERDF	-	24,536	-	32,196	
High-speed TEN funds	-	13,787	-	17,095	
Other items		7,825	-	3,037	
Total assets	43,842 88,319 172,921 8				

The entire balance of receivables for current and non-current awarded funds and grants relates to accrued amounts receivable at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 for European Fund assistance granted. These funds were awarded to finance the construction of high-speed lines and for investments in own assets (see Note 9).

Current tax assets relate to withholdings and payments on account of income tax recoverable from the tax authorities.



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12.b) Public entities, payables

The breakdown of the balances with the Receivable Public Administrations as of 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros					
	31/12/20	18	31/12/20	17		
	Non-current Current		Non-current	Current		
Deferred tax liabilities	3,539,673	-	3,514,250	-		
Current tax liabilities	-	(23)	-	(23)		
Public entities, other payables	-	579	-	580		
VAT	-	-	-	-		
Social Security	-	285	-	283		
Withholdings		294	-	297		
Total liabilities	3,539,673 556 3,514,250					

Deferred tax liabilities that are expected to be realised or reversed in periods exceeding 12 months are those deriving from capital grants and total 3,539,671 thousand euros at 31 December 2018 and at 31 December 2017 was 3,514,250 thousand euros

The movement registered in 2018, from 1 January, 2018 to 31 December, 2018 and in 2017, of the deferred tax liabilities, broken down by origin, is as follows:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros					
	Cohesion ERDF TEN-T Execution of Other capital Funds Funds Funds grants (1) grants					
Balances at 31 December 2017	1,626,587	975,695	101,467	720,780	89,721	3,514,250
Additions in 2018	(20,722)	6,231	6,474	60,111	163	52,257
Capital grants taken to income (Note 19) Other concepts	(11,461)	(7,235)	(735)	(6,499)	(904)	(26,834)
Balances at 31 December 2018	1,594,404	974,691	107,206	774,392	88,980	3,539,673

	31/12/2017 Thousands of Euros					
	Cohesion Funds	ERDF Funds	TEN-T Funds	Execution of grants (1)	Other capital grants	Total
Balances at 31 December 2016	1,637,698	975,393	93,424	703,777	91,098	3,501,390
Additions in 2017 Capital grants taken to income (Note	-	6,954	8,421	22,208	162	37,745
19)	(11,127)	(6,689)	(376)	(5,072)	(1,759)	(25,023)
Other concepts	16	37	(2)	(133)	220	138
Balances at 31 December 2017	1,626,587	975,695	101,467	720,780	89,721	3,514,250



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

12.c) Income tax

The Entity taxes under the individual regime. The negative tax base amounts to 72,232 thousand euros at 31 December 2018.

The reconciliation between the accounting result for the year and the tax base is as follows:

	01/01/2018 to 31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros					
	Iı	Income statement			pense taken direct	tly to equity
	Increases	Decreases	Total	Increases	Decreases	Total
Income and expenses for the period (1/01/2018 -31/12/2018)			(223,410)			75,957
Income tax adjustments			-		-	25,589
Income and expenses before income tax		:	(223,410)			101,546
Permanent differences	558	(1,070)	(512)			
Temporary differences:						
- Originating in current year	184,362		184,362	145	(209,025)	(208,880)
- Originating in prior years		(32,672)	(32,672)		-	107,334
Prior taxable income of the Entity Offset of prior years' tax loss carry forwards (Limit 25% of GDP)			(72,232)		-	<u> </u>
Taxable income						
Tax rate						
Tax payment						
Deductions for double taxation						
Adjusted tax payment						
Tax payable						
Withholdings and payments on account			26			
Pre-payments						
Income tax recoverable			(26)			
The negative ta	x base in Z	2017 amounte	ed to 50,50	03 thousand	euros. The	

The negative tax base in 2017 amounted to 50,503 thousand euros. The reconciliation between the accounting result for the year 2017 and the tax base is as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

	01/01/2017 to 31/12/20					
		Income statement			ense taken directly to e	
Income and expenses for the period (1/01/2017 - 31/12/2017)	Increases	Decreases	Total (199,997)	Increases	Decreases	
Income tax adjustments						15,558
Income and expenses						
before income tax Permanent differences Temporary differences:	19	(1,971)	(199,997) (1,952)			67,044
- Originating in current year - Originating in prior years	198,775	- (47,329)	198,775 (47,329)	(16,167)	(150,970)	(167,137) 100,093
Prior taxable income of the Entity Offset of prior years' tax loss carry forwards (Limit 25% of GDP)		(1,525)	(50,503)			
Taxable income						
Tax rate			25%			
Tax payment Deductions for double taxation Adjusted tax payment						
Tax payable Withholdings and payments on account			58			
Pre-payments Income tax recoverable			(58)			

The temporary differences mentioned above in the profit and loss account had been considered as permanent differences, since the Entity's Management does not consider that sufficient positive tax bases will be generated to allow the recognition of deferred tax assets.

The detail of the temporary differences in the recognition of expenses and income for accounting and fiscal purposes is as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

_	Thousands of Euros				
	Income statement				
	31/12/2	018	31/12/	2017	
_	Increases	Decreases	Increases	Decreases	
- Amortisation and depreciation					
- Impairment - Pensions	26,915 73		27,021 59	-	
- Net finance expense Temporary differences originating in current	165,131		171,695	-	
year	192,119		198,775	-	
- Amortisation and depreciation		(17,635)	-	(17,635)	
- Impairment		(14,963)	-	(29,674)	
- Pensions		(74)	-	(20)	
- Net finance expense			-	-	
Temporary differences originating in prior years		(32,672)	-	(47,329)	

Temporary differences recorded in income and expenses and recognized directly in equity correspond to grants, donations and bequests.

The detail of the permanent differences corresponding to the financial years 31 December 2018 and 31 December, 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros			
	Income statement			
	31/12/2018 31/12/2017			/2017
	Increases	Increases	Increases	Increases
- Other non-deductible expenses	558	-	19	-
 Exemption for double taxation of dividends 	-	(1,070)	-	(1,971)

The negative tax bases of previous years to be offset, as well as their amounts, origin and terms are as follows:

			Thousands of Euros		
Year	Limit	Originating in	Pending from origin	Applied in the year	Pending
2014	N/A	ADIF-AV	19,092	-	19,092
2015	N/A	ADIF-AV	76,852	-	76,852
2016	N/A	ADIF-AV	119,130	-	119,130
2017	N/A	ADIF-AV	50,503	-	50,503
			265,577		265,577

Net finance costs pending deduction, including the amount, origin and deduction period, are as follows:



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Year	Limit	Originating in	Thousands of Euros
2012	N/A	ADIF (*)	128,712
2013	N/A	ADIF-AV	110,832
2014	N/A	ADIF-AV	172,657
2015	N/A	ADIF-AV	223,576
2016	N/A	ADIF-AV	193,513
2017	N/A	ADIF-AV	171,695
2018	N/A	ADIF-AV	157,375
			1,158,360

^(*)Transferred to ADIF-AV as of 1 January 2013.

Accounting amortization expenses not deductible up to the date of issuance of these annual accounts pursuant to article 7 of Law 16/2012 are as follows:

Year	Originating in	Thousands of Euros	Available until
2013	ADIF-AV	88,299	2015-2024
2014	ADIF-AV	88,050	2015-2024
		176,349	

These amounts will be deducted in a Straight-line method for an amount of 17,635 thousand euros during a period of 10 years from this financial year 2015 until the year 2024 as provided in that same article 7.

The Entity has the following deductions for reversal of temporary measures of transitional provision 37.1 of the Corporation Tax Law:

	Tho	ousands of Euros		
Year	Limit	Origin	Applied during year	Pending
2015	N/A	352	-	352
2016	N/A	882	-	882
2017	N/A	882		882
2018	N/A	882	-	882
		2,998		2,998

Also, the deductions pending to be applied to encourage the performance of certain activities, namely by Technological Innovation, which the Entity has, are the following:



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Year	Limit	Origin	Applied during year	Pending
2015	2033	42	-	42
2016	2034	68	-	68
2017	2035	70	-	70
2018	2036	71	-	71
		251	-	251

The following deductions are also pending for donations to non-profit entities of Law 49/2002:

	Т	housands of Eur	^{OS}	
	.	0.1.1	Applied	D 1'
Year	Limit	Origin	during year	Pending
2017	2027	194	-	194
2018	2028	193		193
		387	-	387

The accompanying balance sheet does not reflect the possible tax impact of the offset of losses or of deductions pending application, as Entity management considers it unlikely that these will be recoverable within periods established on the accounting rules.

In application of Corporate Income Tax Law 27/2014, published in the Official State Gazette of 28 November 2014, the Entity adjusted the equity (see Note 9) and deferred taxes of ADIF in order to adapt them to the progressive reduction in the general corporate income tax rate from 30% to 25% (in particular, to 28% in 2015 and 25% in 2016), as determined by the mentioned legislation.

12.d) Value added tax

The Entity opted for the application of the special pro rata rule from 2014 and beyond. The tax charged on the purchase or importation of goods or services used exclusively in carrying out operations that cause the deductibility have been fully deducted.

12.e) Years open to inspection

As of 31 December, 2018, the Entity has open to inspection for the Value Added Tax for the years 2015 to 2018 and for the Corporation Tax for the years 2015 to 2018. The Entity's Management considers that there would be no significant liabilities as a result of future tax inspections.

(13) <u>Revenue</u>

The detail of revenue in the income statement for the years 2018 and 2017 is as follows:



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	Thousands	Thousands of euros		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017		
Revenue from use of rail facilities and other fees				
Use of the public service rail network	473,170	453,328		
Use of stations and other rail installations	98,922	95,466		
Passenger rail transport safety levy	31	3,209		
	572,123	552,003		

The distribution of revenue at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 by business segment or activity carried out by the Entity is shown in the following table:

	31/12/2018 Thousands of Euros				
	Use of the public service rail network	Use of stations and other rail infrastructures	Passenger rail transport safety levy	Total	
Construction and administration of high- performance network Management of ADIF-AV-	473,170	15,000		488,170	
owned assets (passenger stations)	-	83,922	31	83,953	
Total	473,170	98,922	31	572,123	
		31/12/2017 Thou	sands of Euros		
	Use of the public service rail network	Use of stations and other rail infrastructures	Passenger rail transport safety levy	Total	
Construction and administration of high-performance network Management of ADIF-AV-owned	332,083	10,454	-	342,537	
assets (passenger stations)	-	61,021	3,207	64,228	
Total	332,083	71,475	3,207	406,765	

13.a) Revenue from use of rail facilities

The detail of the revenues from settlement of railway charges accrued at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, broken down by the different modalities established in the Order of the Ministry of Public Works 39/2003 and 38/2015 of the Railway Sector, is as follows:



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	Thousands	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017		
Use of infrastructure	473,170	453,328		
Law 39/2003 of the Railway Sector (until 30/06/2017				
Access	-	12,181		
Capacity reservation	-	56,420		
Circulation	-	40,573		
Traffic	-	112,780		
Law 38/2015 of the Railway Sector (since 01/07/2017)				
Adjudication capacity	87,059	42,274		
Use of railway lines	358,230	172,460		
Use Transformation and distribution EET	34,482	16,640		
Bonus Canon use RFIG lines	(6,601)			
Use of stations and other rail installations	98,922	95,466		
Law 39/2003 of the Railway Sector (until 30/06/2017				
Use of stations	-	40,294		
Stopping and use of platforms	-	4,409		
Use of sidings	-	36		
Use of gauge-changing installations	-	1,790		
Use of public rail domain	-	З		
Law 38/2015 of the Railway Sector (since 01/07/2017)				
Use Passenger transport stations	83,806	41,902		
Wide changers	4,596	2,304		
Use Tracks with platform	10,520	4,703		
Use Roads in other service facilities	-	25		
Use freight points for goods		-		
	572,092	548,794		

Of this revenue, at 31 December 2018, 100,884 thousand euros was pending collection as revenue from use of rail facilities in the ADIF-AV-owned network (see Note 6.2.b)).

13.b) Revenue from rail rates

It is establish that the taxable event of the rate is the exclusive use or the special use of goods of public railway domain that are made by concessions and authorizations, as well as, the provision of the necessary services for the granting of homologations, certifications, issuance of titles to the railway personnel, issuance of railway company licenses, safety certificates for railway companies and safety authorizations for railway infrastructure managers, by the State Agency for Railway Safety.



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(14) Other Operating Income

Details of this income statement heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Rentals and services	104,309	102,836
Utilities, basically relates to traction power	271,179	262,221
Services provided in Stations and Terminals	-	10
Investment actions for third parties	6,309	9,984
Services Administration Infrastructure	1,489	1,504
Other	28,608	27,740
	411,894	404,295

Included in this income are the derivatives of services rendered to ADIF at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 under the management fees indicated in note 1, according to the following breakdown:

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Revenue from intra-administration agreements		
NTU electricity Maintenance of fibre optics and auxiliary	14,160	9,291
installations	1,489	1,504
ADIF investment actions	5,490	9,926
Other intra-administrative services	3,073	2,932
	24,212	23,653

Revenues from leasing of real estate, premises and other properties amount to 63,828 thousand euros at 31 December 2018. These are generated by assets included under "Investments in real estate", including those derived from long-term lease agreements.

In addition, income from optical fibre leasing amounting to 39,602 thousand euros at 31 December 2018 and 39,342 thousand euros in 2017, is recorded under this heading in the income statement.

The amounts received in advance corresponding to long-term contracts and pending attribution to income are shown under the heading "long-term accruals", the amount of which at 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 amounted to 488,021 thousand euros and 514,758 thousand euros respectively. In addition, under "Short-term accruals", the amount that will be charged to income in the following year for an amount of 28,309 thousand euros is recorded at 31 December, 2018.

Also included in the section long-term accruals are the revenues collected in advance at 31 December, 2018 and pending allocation to results as of that date,



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arising from the awarding of the "Lease and exploitation of car parks located at various stations" contract on December 20, 2013 awarded to Saba Park 3, SLU for an amount of 111,467 thousand euros once the amount corresponding to ADIF has been discounted for the parking of its ownership. The contract has a term of 10 years and was formalized on January 31, 2014.

Non-current accruals also comprise the amounts collected in advance and pending transfer to income, in connection with rentals derived from the "Concession of the Rights to Use and Manage the Operation of the fibre optic cable network and other related items owned by ADIF-AV, which are not used for the railway services" to Red Eléctrica Internacional S.A.U., hereinafter REI, for an amount of 462,000 thousand euros, excluding VAT, for a period of 20 years. This amount was awarded by the Board of Directors of ADIF-AV, at its meeting held on 25 April 2014, and was reduced by 28,300 thousand euros, as one of the clients did not accept the assignment (telecommunications operator). The remaining clients authorised the assignment of their contracts, and therefore the final award proposal was valued at 433,700 thousand euros. The agreement with REI was signed on 20 November 2014 having obtained once the approval of the Spanish National Markets and Competition Commission, the effective transaction date has been 21 November 2014. At 31 December 2014, ADIF-AV had received the entire amount relating to the assignment of the usage rights.

As of December 28, 2015 the Entity, as already mentioned in notes 10 and 16, signed an agreement with ADIF and Renfe Operadora to acquire the rights to use spaces in buildings owned by ADIF A.V. and were being used without any financial consideration by RENFE Operadora, as set out in the Order FOM 2909/2006 which allocates to that entity certain assets, rights and obligations of the National Network of Spanish Railways. Under this acquisition agreement, the Entity has leased Renfe Operadora and its subsidiaries a total of 15,887.49 m(2) at various stations and facilities for an annual rate of 2,406,491.64 euros and for a period of 10 years, with an option of renewing.

(15) <u>Personnel Expenses</u>

Details of this income statement heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018 31/12/2013	
Salaries and wages	11,101	11,655
Employee benefits expense	2,946	2,947
Provisions	61	37
	14,108	14,639

Details of employee benefits expense are as follows:



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			Thousands of Euros		
			31/12/2018 31/12/2017		
Social S	ecurity payal	ole by the			
Entity		-	2,821	2,834	
Other	employee	benefits	125	113	
			2,946	2,947	

The distribution of the Entity's employees by gender and category at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

		Headcount 31/12/2018	
Category	Male	Female	Total
Administrative staff	128	48	176
Middle management	16	6	22
Operating personnel	2	6	8
	146	60	206

		Headcount 31/12/2017	
Category	Male	Female	Total
Administrative staff	132	48	180
Middle management	12	4	16
Operating personnel	2	7	9
	146	59	205

The average number of employees at each year end is shown in the following chart:

	Average number of		
Category	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Administrative staff	178	187	
Middle management	19	16	
Operating personnel	9	9	
	206	212	

The breakdown by sex and categories of Entity staff at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, with disability greater than 33% is shown in the following tables:

	Average number of employees at 31 December 2018		
Category	Male	Female	Total
Administrative staff	1	-	1
Middle management	-	-	-
Operating personnel	-	-	-
	1	-	1

		Average number of employees at 31 December 2017		
Category	Male Female Total			
Administrative staff	1	-	1	
Middle management	-	-	-	
Operating personnel		-	-	
	1	-	1	



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

(16) Other Operating Expenses

Details of this income statement heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Infrastructure repairs and maintenance	282,519	278,915
Traction power	246,678	242,927
Traffic and passenger service-related services	58,354	54,289
Other supplies	36,811	30,142
Rentals and fees	10,141	10,162
Advertising and public relations	4,845	4,729
Other maintenance and repairs	2,823	2,718
Investment actions on behalf of third parties	5,490	9,926
Other	28,347	30,959
Total external services	676,008	664,767
Taxes other than income tax	3,900	3,473
Losses, impairment and changes in trade provisions	2,128	4,907
	682,036	673,147

The signature by ADIF and ADIF-AV of the service arrangements indicated in Note 1.b, which took place in 2013, led ADIF-AV to recognize expenses for accrued services rendered by ADIF in the amount of 352,256 thousand euros at 31 December 2018 and 347,488 thousand euros at 31 December 2017, and formalised in addenda to the service arrangements, as follows:

	Thousands of Euros	
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017
Infrastructure repairs and maintenance Fibre optic network maintenance, right of way services and right of	209,833	209,393
use	13,361	13,488
Comprehensive management of safety and protection	29,879	28,368
Comprehensive management of stations	46,075	42,996
Traffic safety	1,974	1,974
Award of capacity and traffic management	26,502	23,947
Comprehensive communication services	4,521	4,521
Other agreements	20,111	22,801
	352,256	347,488

The work to carry out the audit of the annual accounts for the 2018 and 2017 financial years has been contracted by the IGAE. Additionally, Grant Thornton S.L.P. sole proprietorship has performed verification services linked to the annual accounts for 2017, as well as other works in 2018 and 2017 for a value of 295 thousand euros and 277 thousand euros, respectively. For its part PKF, Attest, S.L. current IGAE collaborator for the audit of accounts for 2018, has not made transactions with the Entity throughout 2018.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

(17) <u>Recognition of Grants for Fixed Assets and Other</u>

The breakdown of income from capital grants generated at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 is as follows:

	Thousands of Euros	
	Total income 31/12/2018 31/12/2017	
Cohesion Funds	45,848	44,507
ERDF	28,940	26,754
TEN-T	2,937	1,505
Other grants	29,609	27,327
	107,334 100,09	

(18) Finance Costs

Details of this income statement heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:

	Thousands of Euros		
	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
On loans with third parties	358,600	371,056	
Interest on loans and bonds	<u>299,295</u>	<u>305,005</u>	
Late payment interest for works contracts	<u>19,930</u>	<u>23,124</u>	
Late payment interest for expropriations	<u>12,995</u>	<u>15,491</u>	
Other finance costs	<u>26,380</u>	<u>27,436</u>	
Provision adjustments	11	(3,101)	
	358,611	367,955	

(19) Finance Income

Details of this income statement heading at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 are as follows:



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

_	Thousands of Euros		
-	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Capitalised finance costs (note 4,c))	104,022	111,211	
From marketable securities and other financial instruments	7,572	3,840	
Interest on current investments	7,278	2,356	
Interest on current accounts	134	298	
Other	160	1,186	
Other finance income	3,799	3,733	
From participations in equity instruments	1,071	1,971	
Group companies and associates	957	1,832	
Other investments	114	139	
_	116,464	120,755	

(20) Environmental Information

At 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017, ADIF-AV's fixed assets included specific environmental works with a net book value of 1,189,927 and 1,184,465 thousand euros respectively, used in order to minimise environmental impacts and to protect and improve the environment, as per the following breakdown:

	31 December 2018 - Thousands of Euros		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
Tunnels and cut-and-cover tunnels; environmental works	469,167	(9,288)	459,879
Environmental integration works	568,410	(9,449)	558,961
Other environmental works	111,857	(23,169)	88,688
Total property, plant and equipment in operation	1,149,434	(41,906)	1,107,528
Work in progress	82,399	-	82,399
Total at 31 December 2018	1,231,833	(41,906)	1,189,927

	31 December 2017 - Thousands of Euros		
-	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
Tunnels and cut-and-cover tunnels; environmental works	469,162	(8,193)	460,969
Environmental integration works	564,784	(8,226)	556,558
Other environmental works	112,135	(19,832)	92,303
Total property, plant and equipment in operation	1,146,081	(36,251)	1,109,830
Work in progress	74,635	-	74,635
Total at 31 December 2017	1,220,716	(36,251)	1,184,465

Additions at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 amount to 3,353 and 27,882 thousand euros respectively and predominately correspond to preventive and corrective actions.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

(21) Information on Directors and Senior Management of the Entity

At 31 December 2018, the Board of Directors comprises eleven members, the Chairman, Secretary and nine regular directors. Five of the Board members are female and six are male.

At 30 December 2017, the Board of Directors comprises twelve members, the Chairman, Secretary and ten regular directors. Four of the Board members are female and eight are male.

Pursuant to article 21 of the Royal Decree 1044/2013 of 27 December 2013, which establishes ADIF-AV's statutes, no members of the Board of Directors will accrue any remuneration for attending Board meetings.

In accordance with to article 26 of mentioned Royal Decree 1044/2013, the Entity's senior management will not accrue any remuneration. (Neither senior management personnel have received advances or credits, nor has any commitment been made in terms of pensions or life insurance).

(22) Financial Risk Management

ADIF-AV is exposed to various financial risks due to its activity and the debt contracted to finance construction of the new high-speed lines. The most significant risks, which primarily affect the Entity, are as follows:

22.a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises primarily in relation to trade and non-trade receivables, current investments and cash equivalents.

The Entity assesses the credit ratings of its trade debtors, considering their financial position, history and other economic factors to determine individual credit limits.

With regard to current investments and cash equivalents, the Entity carries out transactions using instruments to guarantee recovery of the entire capital investment and assesses the credit rating of the financial institutions, considering the credit rating awarded by rating agencies, based on the term of the investment and calculating individual credit limits in line with specific factors (total volume of assets, return, etc.).

22.b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the variation in borrowing costs with credit institutions.

Borrowings have been arranged under several different interest rate regimes, namely fixed interest rates for bond issues and EIB loans.

The Entity has 80.51% of its outstanding debt at 31 December, 2018 as a fixed rate until maturity and 8.89% at a fixed rate revisable. 80.35% of the Entity's outstanding debt, as of 31 December, 2017, was at a fixed rate until maturity and 8.19% was at a fixed rate revisable.



Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

The breakdown and quantification of financial guarantees extended to associates are provided in Note 23.

Loan transactions contracted by the Entity generally consider the possibility of changing the type of interest rate at different times over the term of the loan.

22.c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from possible imbalances between cash flow requirements and sources of cash flows.

The Entity applies a prudent policy to cover its liquidity risks based on having sufficient financing through credit facilities with financial institutions.

Entity management monitors ADIF-AV's liquidity forecasts based on expected cash flows.

As of 31 December, 2018, the result of the Entity is negative in (223,410) thousand euros and its working capital, of negative sign, amounted to (833,937) thousand euros. This situation does not generate liquidity stress for the Entity given that the extension of the General State Budget for the year 2018 for the year 2019 guarantees the collection of the anticipated capital contributions and the possibility of having external financing in accordance with the indebtedness limit authorized. In addition, it should be taken into account that the Entity, in accordance with a policy to optimize its financial costs, reduced the appeal to external credit to the maximum in 2018, so that, although it was authorized to increase its long-term indebtedness, term in nominal terms in a total amount of 1,890 million euros, only increased this debt by 371.5 million euros.

As of 31 December, 2017, Entity presented a negative result of (199,997) thousand euros and has a negative working capital of (559,196) thousand euros.

On April 23, 2018, the fifth issuance of ADIF-Alta Velocidad bonds was made, second under the "green bond" format, for an amount of 600,000 thousand euros, with a disbursement date of May 4,2018.

Additionally, on April 30, 2018 ADIF AV carried out the contracting of a line of credit not committed to SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE, for an amount of 125,000 thousand euros, for a one-year term and without any type of commissions. 31 December, 2018, as reported in note 11.a.1, The Entity has unpaid lines of credit for a total amount of 385,000 thousand euros.

On November 13, 2017, the EMTN Program on the Irish Stock Exchange and its passport to the National Securities Market Commission have been renewed. The Company plans to issue a public bond issue during the first half of the year 2019.

On December 20, 2018, a disposition of a EIB loan for an amount of 140,000 thousand euros was made, corresponding to the project " Ave Y Vasca Extensión Tramo A".



ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

(23) Commitments and contingencies

The guarantees granted to third parties by the Entity at 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017 amounted to 583 and 590 thousand euros respectively. The Entity's Management does not expect significant liabilities to arise, such as Consequence of the said guarantees.

The Entity has also assumed comfort letters guaranteeing financing transactions entered into by various investees, which have the statutory activity of railway integration in cities. Given current property market conditions, the financial scale and technical complexity of the works to be undertaken in the coming years, and the difficulty of determining the future value of land received or to be received in exchange for these works, these companies may be unable to recover all the costs they ultimately incur. In view of the current state of the property market, ADIF-AV management is working together with the different shareholders of each of the companies to streamline their future investments based on the actual progress made in the works, to ensure their financial sustainability. ADIF-AV has assumed the obligations guaranteed by ADIF through comfort letters issued on behalf of several of these investees in proportion to the interest held in these companies as assigned by virtue of Order PRE/2443/2013.

During 2017, the Entity cancelled the existing risk as of 31 December, 2016 derived from the subscription of comfort letters with the companies Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S,A,, Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S,A, and Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transporte, S,A, To this end, ADIF Alta Velocidad has paid before 31 December, 2017 the amounts necessary to cancel the comfort letter subscribed in its day, In this way, the aforementioned companies have been able to partially or totally cancel the loans with the banking entities, ADIF AV becoming the creditor of the aforesaid companies when they have taken charge of the payments in the name and on behalf of the same.

The risk assumed by the Entity at 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017 derived from the subscription of letters of commitment or comfort letters amounting to 76,955 thousand euros and 113,192 thousand euros respectively, in accordance with the balances provided by the cited companies at said dates and with the participation of ADIF-AV in its capital (see note 5,b).

The following is a breakdown by company of the aforementioned guarantees granted at 31 December, 2018 and 31 December, 2017, as well as the provisions for risks and expenses recognized by the Entity (see notes 2, c, 3, i, 5, b and 5,), c):



ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Notes to the Annual Accounts 31 December 2018

			ousands of Euros	Euros		
			d by ADIF-AV t letter)			
	Share capital %	Risk amount at	Risk amount at	Provisions at		
Company	31/12/2018	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	31/12/2018	31/12/2017	
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.	30.00%	-	-	32,476	31,251	
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	30.00%	24,000	32,000	24,217	25,989	
Logroño Integración del Ferrocarril 2002, S.A.	30.00%	24,000	33,600	-	-	
Gijón Integración del Ferrocarril, S.A. Gijón al Norte	30.00%	-	2,953	-	1,091	
Barcelona-Sagrera Alta Velocitat, S.A.	30.00%	28,955	44,639	5,368	14,810	
Cartagena Alta Velocidad S.A.	40.00%	-	-	1,080	1,080	
Murcia Alta Velocidad, S.A.	40.00%	-	-	3,400	3,400	
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.	30.00%	-	-	65,253	57,876	
Total railway integration companies		76,955	113,192	131,794	135,497	



APPENDIX



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ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Property for 2018

Expressed in thousands of Euros

	Balance at					Balance at
	1.1.2018	Additions	Transfers	Derecognitions	Reclassifications	31.12.2018
Buildings and other constructions	1,601,728	25	9,088	(1,849)	-	1,608,992
Land and natural resources	2,474,982	33,823	70	(72)	-	2,508,803
Total land and buildings	4,076,710	33,848	9,158	(1,921)		4,117,795
Accumulated depreciation of buildings and other constructions	(321,170)	(24,706)	-	735	-	(345,141)
Provision for depreciation of buildings and other structures	(4,875)	-	-			(4,875)
Total carrying amount of buildings and other constructions	3,750,665	9.142	9,158	(1,186)	-	3,767,779
Track installations	29,918,735	335,437	235,910	(6,831)	-	30,483,251
Accumulated depreciation of track installations and other	20,010,000	000,107	100,010	(0,001)		50,105,251
installations	(3,599,741)	(437,431)	-	3,085	-	(4,034,087)
Impairment of track installations	(17,370)	(7,656)	-	-		(25,026)
Total carrying amount of track installation and other installations	26,301,624	(109,650)	235,910	(3,746)	<u> </u>	26,424,138
Other Property, Plant and equipment	34,449	-	8,277	-	-	42,726
Accumulated depreciation of other property, plant and equipment	(31,824)	(1,160)		-		(32,984)
Total carrying amount of other property, plant and equipment	2,625	(1,160)	8,277		<u> </u>	9,742
Total carrying amount of track installations and other property, plant and equipment	26,304,249	(110,810)	244,187	(3,746)		26,433,880
Work in progress	13,688,221	1,130,320	(253,345)	(322)	(23,106)	14,541,768
Total net property, plant and equipment	43,743,135	1,028,652	-	(5,254)	(23,106)	44,743,427
Investment property	242,112	20	-	-	-	242,132
Accumulated depreciation of investment property	(46,779)	(4,085)	-	-	-	(50,864)
Investment property in progress	403	-	-	-	-	403
Total net investment property	195,736	(4,065)	-	-	-	191,671
Intangible assets	74,150		340	-		74,490
Accumulated depreciation intangible assets	(17,589)	(1,570)	-	-	-	(19,159)
Intangible assets in progress	238	198	(340)	-	-	96
Total net intangible assets	56,799	(1,372)	-	-		55,427

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 4 to the Annual Accounts for 2018, in conjunction with which it should be read.



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ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Property of period ended on 31 December 2017 Expressed in thousands of Euros

	Balance at					Balance at
	1.1.2017	Additions	Transfers	Derecognitions	Reclassifications	31.12.2017
Buildings and other constructions	1,633,449	280	14,895	(2,009)	(44,887)	1,601,728
Land and natural resources	2,449,764	26,414	612 .	(115)	(1,693)	2,474,982
Total land and buildings	4,083,213	26,694	15,507	(2,124)	(46,580)	4,076,710
Accumulated depreciation of buildings and other constructions	(294,975)	(26,195)	-	-	-	(321,170)
Provision for depreciation of buildings and other structures	(4,875)			-		(4,875)
Total carrying amount of buildings and other	3,783,363	499	15,507	(2,124)	(46,580)	3,750,665
Track installations	29,408,066	64,783	408,342	(6,702)	44,246	29,918,735
Accumulated depreciation of track installations and other	(3,279,434)	(324,995)	-	4,688	-	(3,599,741)
Impairment of track installations	(9,537)	(7,833)				(17,370)
Total carrying amount of track installation and other						
installations	26,119,095	(268,045)	408,342	(2,014)	44,246	26,301,624
Transport elements						
Accumulated depreciation of transport elements	32,661	-	1,685	(522)	625	34,449
Total carrying amount of transport elements						
Other property, plant and equipment	(31,118)	(1,209)	-	503	-	(31,824)
Accumulated depreciation of other property, plant and	1,543	(1,209)	1,685	(19)	625	2,625
Total carrying amount of other property, plant and equipment	26,120,638	(269,254)	410,027	(2,033)	44,871	26,304,249
Total carrying amount of track installations and other	12,951,858	1,161,897	(425,534)	-	-	13,688,221
property, plant and equipment		<u> </u>	(465,554)	(4157)	(1.700)	
Work in progress	42,855,859	095,1		(4,157)	(1,709)	43,743,135
Total net property, plant and equipment	=					
Investment property	240,419	-	-	-	1,693	242,112
Accumulated depreciation of investment property	(42,750)	(4,029)	-	-	-	(46,779)
Investment property in progress	403		-	-		403
Total net investment property	198,072	(4,029)	-	-	1,693	195,736
Intangible assets	73,395	-	741	(2)	16	74,150
Accumulated depreciation intangible assets Intangible assets in progress	(16,155) 882	(1,436) 97	(741)	2	-	(17,589) 238
Total net intangible assets	58,122	(1,339)	(/-fi) -	-	16	56,799

This appendix forms an integral part of Note 4 to the Annual Accounts for 2018, in conjunction with which it should be read.

ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Detail of associated companies as of December 31, 2018

Name	Activity	% ownership	Cost of the investment	Not disbursed	Equity	Other equity items	Profit/(loss) for 2018	Operating profit/(loss) for 2018	Dividends received
Cartagena AVE, S.A (b).	High-speed integration in Cartagena	40.00%	-	-	604	-	-	-	-
Murcia AVE, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Murcia	40.00%	-	-	625	-		-	-
Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Palencia	40.00%	-	-	506	-	(28)	(28)	-
Ingeniería y Economía del Transporte, S.A. (INECO)(b)	Preparation of civil and industrial railway engineering projects. Consultancy services	20.68%	7,977	-	85,115	32	7,418	8,813	957
León Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in León	37.50%	-	-	784	998	5,553	390	
Logroño Integración Ferrocarril 2002, S.A.(b)	Management of high-speed rail in Logroño	30.00%	-	-	711	-	-	-	-
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Valencia	30.00%	-	-	(20,666)	22,817	941	941	-
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003 S.A.(b)	Management of high-speed rail in Valladolid	30.00%	-	-	(46,824)	2,910	(1,922)	1,679	-
Gijón al Norte, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Gijón	30.00%	-	-	536	-	-	307	-
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Zaragoza	30.00%	-	-	(282,728)	8,122	(2,342)	2,154	-
Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transportes, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Alicante	30.00%	-	-	(787)	1,620	14	12	-
Barcelona Sagrera Alta Velocitat S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Barcelona	30.00%	-	-	600	-	-	-	-
Almería Alta Velocidad, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Almería	30.00%	176	-	581	7,590-	(5)	(5)	-
A.V. Vitoria-Gasteizko Abiadura Handia, S.A.(b)	High-speed integration in Vitoria	40.00%	235	-	588	-	(5)	(5)	-
Total shares in group companies and associates			8,388	-				14,258	957
		-							
Albali Señalización, S.A.(b)		10.00%	1,326	-	14,915	-	1,263	4,426	114
Energía Olmedo Orense Fase I (b)		10.00%	508	-	5,754	-	9	1,622	-
Vía Olmedo- Pedralba (b)		10.00%	517	(240)	2,775	-	114	687	-
HIT RAIL B.V (b)		4.35%	55		3,150	-	128	174	
Total others (see note 6.a)			2,406	(240)				6,909	114
TOTAL			10,794	(240				21,167	1,071
a) Audited annual financial statements at 31 December 2018 b) Provisional financial statements at 31 December 2018 c) Annual financial statements at 31 December 2018, pending audit d) Interim financial statements with draft audit report at 31 December 2018									
In the column of Equity is included the result for the year	ar 2018.								

ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF - Alta Velocidad

Detail of associated companies as of December 31, 2017

Name	Activity	% ownership	Cost of the investment	Not disbursed	Equity	Other equity items	Profit/(loss) for 2017	Operating profit/(loss) for 2017	Dividends received
Cartagena AVE, S.A (a).	High-speed integration in Cartagena	40.00%	-	-	604	-	-	-	-
Murcia AVE, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Murcia	40.00%	-	-	625	-	1	-	-
Palencia Alta Velocidad, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Palencia	40.00%	-	-	506	-	(28)	(28)	-
Ingeniería y Economía del Transporte, S.A. (INECO)(a)	Preparation of civil and industrial railway engineering projects. Consultancy services	20.68%	7,977	-	82,324	40	4,626	10,750	1,832
León Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in León	37.50%	-	-	784	998	5,553	390	
Logroño Integración Ferrocarril 2002, S.A.(a)	Management of high-speed rail in Logroño	30.00%	-	-	711	-	-	-	-
Valencia Parque Central Alta Velocidad 2003, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Valencia	30.00%	-	-	(21,608)	22,817	(22,195)	(22,195)	-
Valladolid Alta Velocidad 2003 S.A.(a)	Management of high-speed rail in Valladolid	30.00%	-	-	(41,693)	4,812	(3,589)	(9,000)	-
Gijón al Norte, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Gijón	30.00%	-	-	536	-	-	307	-
Zaragoza Alta Velocidad 2002, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Zaragoza	30.00%	-	-	(280,387)	8,122	(8,920)	(1,126)	-
Alta Velocidad Alicante Nodo Transportes, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Alicante	30.00%	-	-	(801)	1,620	971	1,765	-
Barcelona Sagrera Alta Velocitat S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Barcelona	30.00%	-	-	600	-	-	-	-
Almería Alta Velocidad, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Almería	30.00%	176	-	586	-	(7)	(7)	-
A.V. Vitoria-Gasteizko Abiadura Handia, S.A.(a)	High-speed integration in Vitoria	40.00%	235		588		(5)	(5)	-
Total shares in group companies and associates			8,388	<u> </u>				(19,149)	1,832
Albali Señalización, S.A.(a)		10.00%	1,326	-	14,915	-	1,263	4,426	129
Energía Olmedo Orense Fase I (a)		10.00%	368	-	5,754	-	9	1,622	-
Vía Olmedo- Pedralba (a)		10.00%	517	(240)	2,775	-	114	687	-
HIT RAIL B.V (a)		4.35%	55		3,150	-	128	174	10
Total others (see note 6.a)		_	2,266	(240)				6,909	139
TOTAL		=	10,654	(240)				(12,240)	1,971
a) Audited annual financial statements at 31 December 2017 b) Provisional financial statements at 31 December 2017 c) Annual financial statements at 31 December 2017, pending audit d) Interim financial statements with draft audit report at 31 December 2017									
In the column of Equity is included the result for the ye	ar 2017.								



ENTIDAD PÚBLICA EMPRESARIAL ADIF-ALTA VELOCIDAD

MANAGEMENT REPORT

YEAR 2018

(Includes Non-Financial Information)



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1. <u>NON-FINANCIAL INFORMATION (ASPECTS TO BE INCLUDED ACCORDING TO LAW 11/2018 OF DECEMBER 28)</u>

On December 29, 2018, the new Law 11/2018, of December 28, on non-financial information and diversity, through which the Commercial Code is modified, was published in the Official State Gazette. The text Consolidated the Capital Companies Act approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010, of July 2, and Law 22/2015, of July 20, on Audit of Accounts, in the area of non-financial information and diversity (from of Royal Decree-Law 18/2017). This new legislation replaces the current Royal Decree-Law 18/2017, of 24 November, which allowed transposing the EU Directive 2014/95/EU on the disclosure of non-financial information and diversity to certain state levels with varying degrees of demand for large companies and groups, containing important novelties, raising the levels of demand in terms of transparency and reliability in the reporting of non-financial information and diversity.

Over the past few years, there has been a clear tendency for companies to publish more information on sustainability, motivated mainly by the demand for transparent, comparable and accurate information from investors and society in general. Without doubt, it is a fundamental practice on the road to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) of the UN 2030 Agenda or the Paris Agreement on climate change.

In line with this, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has prepared a non-financial information statement adapted to the provisions established in the aforementioned Law 11/208, which constitutes the best practice in this matter.

Since 2017, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has opted for the presentation of the Integrated Management Report, including the non-financial information status, subject to the same approval, deposit and publication criteria as the Management Report. Regarding the reporting framework, it has been based on the Global Reporting Initiative (G4GRI) standards with the objective of identifying, compiling and reporting information on the impacts linked to environmental, social and economic issues, as well as their management in a clear and comparable manner, providing a complete and balanced image of the material issues of our organization. At the same time, the report was supplemented in 2017 by establishing a correlation between the G4GRI standards and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) on which the activity of the entity impacts, providing a global framework for organizations and stakeholders to evaluate its local, regional and global impact. For this, firstly, these objectives have been prioritized according to the sector and type of business of the entity in order to identify the most relevant areas in which the organization can contribute and integrate these objectives into the corporate strategy.

With the reporting model for which ADIF-Alta Velocidad has opted, it intends to become a benchmark for public companies at the national level in the field of disclosure of non-financial information and diversity, raising the levels of demand in terms of transparency and reliability in the reporting of this data.



1.1. GENERAL ENTITY INFORMATION

The Public Entity ADIF-Alta Velocidad was created on December 31, 2013, after the approval of Royal Decree Law 15/2013 on the restructuring of the Public Entity Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (hereinafter ADIF) and other urgent measures in the economic order.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad was created with the aim of developing and managing a high performance, economically sustainable, safe, efficient and quality railway infrastructure system. All the above, and as an ongoing reference for all our actions, it is part of a new strategic approach based on sustainable development.

The public service provided by ADIF-Alta Velocidad and the impact it generates on the environment and on society, makes their new strategic orientation based on the concept of sustainable development; integrating, in a coherent manner, the three spheres of it (economic, social and environmental), and taking as a high-level reference the commitments acquired by all the participants; national and international, in the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations.

As a well governed public entity, social responsibility should inspire the activity of the entity, seeking to ensure transparency and dialogue with the Stakeholders.

In this stage, ADIF-Alta Velocidad is firmly committed to digital transformation and innovation as levers to help achieve these goals. In addition, people who are part of ADIF-Alta Velocidad are protagonists of this new stage of transformation.

Among the objectives of ADIF-Alta Velocidad's activity are, among others, the provision of a reliable and secure infrastructure, increase the share of rail transport and generate added value through collaboration with other entities, institutions and companies. In this last year, highlighting the effort that has been made to promote all the investments that are being executed, in order to increase the supply of high-speed infrastructures that provide a high-quality service to travelers.

This commitment towards high speed has transformed the rail network radically, reaching the highest endowments of high-speed railway infrastructure in Europe and maintaining a significant difference in travel times in relation to other high-speed lines throughout the world.

This network is built mostly in UIC width (1.435mm), double track, 25KV electrified and following the European technical specifications for interoperability (TSI). The progressive implementation of TSI allows the provision of rail services seamlessly to/from our country, with origin/destiny to the rest of the European rail network.

The competences and functions of ADIF-Alta Velocidad are set out in its own statute regulated by Royal Decree 1044/2013, of December 27. The main competences of ADIF-Alta Velocidad are, in summary, the following:



- Construction of high-speed railway infrastructures that form part of the RFIG, charged to its own resources and in accordance with the provisions of the Ministry of Public Works.
- Construction of high-speed railway infrastructures, with resources from a third party, in accordance with the corresponding agreement.
- Administration of the infrastructure of its ownership.
- Control and inspection of the railway infrastructure, its protection zones and its railway traffic.
- Adjudication of capacity to railway companies that request it.
- Exploitation of the property of its ownership.
- Business of high-speed stations.
- Acquisition of electric power for the supply of current service to the railway system.
- Provision of additional services and, where appropriate, complementary and auxiliary services to the rail transport service in infrastructure of its ownership.
- Telecommunications and energy activities.

At present, the ADIF-Alta Velocidad ownership network reaches 3,153 kilometers, of which 2,514 km. are High Speed Standard Gauge (UIC) (1,435 mm); 567 km. correspond to Conventional Network with Pure Iberian Gauge (1,668 mm) and 71 km to Mixed Network (combination of Standard Gauge and Iberian Gauge), being present in different territories of the Spanish geography (Declaration on the ADIF High Speed Network 2018). The latest updated version of the Network Declaration is available on the Entity's website (<u>www.adifaltavelocidad.es</u>).

ADIF-Alta Velocidad acts as a catalyst for the railway sector through the development and management of a safe, efficient and sustainable infrastructure system.

1.2. BUSINESS MODEL, STRATEGY AND OBJECTIVES

The ADIF-Alta Velocidad business model as a whole is aimed at creating and managing high-performance, sustainable, quality, resilient and safe infrastructures, betting on innovation and the modernization of the transport system.

The main activity rendered by ADIF-Alta Velocidad is the construction and administration of high-speed lines. In addition, ADIF-Alta Velocidad is responsible for the management of the telecommunications infrastructure, the management of the energy supply to railway operators, the advice and supervision of actions in the field of environment and energy efficiency to ADIF.

Numerous activities related to the ADIF-Alta Velocidad competences are entrusted to the Public Entity Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias (hereinafter, ADIF) through agreements for the provision of services, such as the management of traffic control



systems and the capacity of infrastructures, maintenance, citizen protection and safety, management of passenger stations connected by high-speed lines and certain functions.

<u>Construction</u>

ADIF-Alta Velocidad continues to advance in the works and projects commissioned by the Government, uniting the different territories of the Spanish geography through a high-performance network.

Currently, the entity is charged with the construction of different lines. In 2017, progress was made in the construction of different high-speed lines that will be launched in the future, such as Venta de Baños-León-Asturias, Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria, Mérida-Badajoz of the Extremadura corridor, Olmedo-Zamora-Lubián-Orense, Monforte del Cid-Murcia, new North-Northwest railway access: Madrid-Segovia-Valladolid/Medina del Campo, Navalmoral section of the Mata-Cáceres of Madrid-Cáceres High Speed line, Section between Almería and the Region of Murcia limit, Vitoria-Bilbao-San Sebastián, etc (see section 2.1)

In January 2018, the high-speed connection between Valencia and Castellón of the Mediterranean High-Speed Corridor was launched.

The development of the ERTMS system (European Traffic Management System) in the high-speed network (in addition to the conventional network) has made Spain the country with the most kilometers of railway line equipped with ERTMS in operation. The ERTMS is a train command and control system designed to ensure that signaling and communications between track infrastructure and on-board equipment are compatible throughout Europe, thereby advancing the interoperability of rail traffic between the countries of the European Union.

Operation and Maintenance

The operation and maintenance activities of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad infrastructure has been entrusted to ADIF, through the corresponding addenda to the Agreement signed between both entities, for ADIF to be charged with the provision of various services.

Among the main operating actions of the high-speed network include the management of rail traffic, the calculation of fees for the use of railway infrastructure, stations and other rail facilities and the operation of passenger stations, among others.

The maintenance of the high-speed infrastructure consists of the operations of conservation, repair, replacement and technological updating of the different elements that make up the network.

Integral Safety of the Railway System

The safety culture of ADIF-Alta Velocidad is based on the evaluation of risks in order to apply the preventive, corrective and improvement measures necessary to minimize these risks.



- <u>Protection and Safety:</u> Safety in infrastructures and installations of the company through the implementation of the systems and appropriate protocols in cases of incidents or emergencies, in collaboration with the competent public entities.
- <u>Railway traffic safety</u>: Control of the inherent risks in the circulation of trains, derived from the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and Operating Companies, giving users confidence in the network through which they transit.
- <u>Prevention of Occupational Risks</u>: Commitment to the safety and health of our own employees, collaborating with other companies to understand and control the risks arising from the interaction with contractors and suppliers, as well as from anyone who performs a punctual or long-term job. ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
- <u>Cybersecurity:</u> Protection of the information systems of ADIF-Alta Velocidad against intrusions and external aggressions.

Telecommunications and energy

ADIF-Alta Velocidad is responsible for the management of the telecommunications infrastructure, the fiber optic network that extends along the railway lines and that supports the network services and offers a service to different operators to optimize the surplus capacity of their network.

In addition, it is responsible for the management of the electricity supply consumed by ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad and the energy for traction and other uses consumed by RENFE Operadora; and in its case, by the rest of the operators that use electric traction material in the transport of goods. In addition, it advises and supervises the actions regarding energy efficiency at ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

Technical Assistances and International Collaborations

The experience of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in the construction, operation and maintenance of railway infrastructures under the highest standards of quality and safety has positioned the entity in recent years as a benchmark for the sector. For this reason, ADIF-Alta Velocidad participates in different international initiatives such as the development of the trans-european rail network and the development of international regulation on safety and interoperability, among others.

1.2.1. Business Environment and Materiality Analysis

ADIF-Alta Velocidad aims to base its management on the responsibility towards society, so it is essential to take into account the expectations of the different stakeholders (customers, administrations, investors, society, employees, suppliers, partners and allies), based on the materiality analysis of the entity and establish channels of transparency and dialogue each party.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad considers, as a group of interest, all social groups that see or can be affected by the activity of the company, now or in the future, and/or that, in a legitimate way, affect or may affect the activity of the company and, therefore, its results. Among its stakeholders are railway companies, travelers, citizens, public administrations, employees, governments of other countries, suppliers, business partners and allies and



society (NGOs, associations, etc.). PT2O2O has considered, through the grouping of different groups, five interest groups:



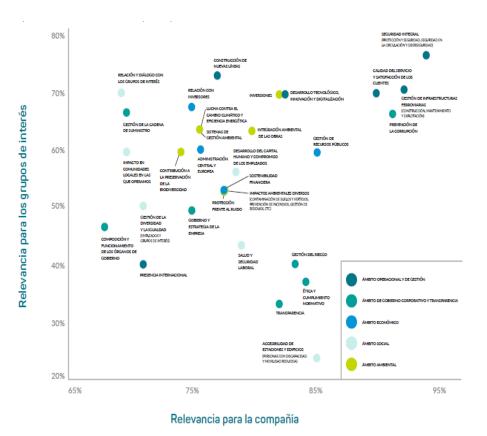
During 2018, within the 2018-2020 Business Plan, called PT2020, the information on the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and its relationship with the different interest groups was analyzed. Through the update of the materiality report, which is the one that allows identifying the aspects of business activity that are most relevant, it was obtained that the factors: SAFETY, SERVICE AND SUSTAINABILITY must necessarily have a very relevant role in the articulation of our business strategy

The materiality analysis of ADIF-Alta Velocidad 2018 was carried out taking into account, on the one hand, the relevance for the company (possible impact of the aspects considered on the company's strategy and objectives) and, on the other hand, the relevance for the interest groups (clients, administrations, investors, society, employees, suppliers, partners and allies). Expectations have been classified into 5 major areas: operational and management, economic, environmental, social and, finally, corporate governance and transparency. In each area, the relevance that ADIF-Alta Velocidad gives internally to different aspects has been crossed, with that granted by our stakeholders, in order to define the priorities of the Transforma Plan 2020. In the materiality analysis of 2019, it will also include the assessment of aspects of the activity that have a direct impact on the SDGs.

The result of this matching, which is shown in the following graph, shows that the priorities are the following: safety (includes the different aspects related to integral security), service (includes aspects related to quality, construction, management of the network and the stations, etc.) and sustainability (groups together numerous aspects related to economic management, the governance of the company, the impact on social cohesion and the impact on the environment).

In conclusion, it is clear that these three factors: safety, service and sustainability, must have a very important role in the articulation of our business strategy.





In the business environment analysis ADIF-Alta Velocidad is aware of the importance of maintaining a close, accessible and transparent relationship with all its stakeholders, so it gives great importance to the active management of its communication channels and to be able to listen to what the stakeholders demand and think about ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad envisages revitalizing the presence of the entity on the Internet through the development and creation of a new corporate website and enhancing dialogue with stakeholders through social networks. In the following table you can see a summary of the communication channels established with the different ADIF-Alta Velocidad groups of interest.



GRUPO DE INTERÉS	CANAL ESTABLECIDO
ADMINISTRACIONES PÚBLICAS E INVERSORES (Ministerio de Fomento, Administración y organizaciones financieras)	 Comunicación continua través de los organismos competentes (Subsecretaría de Estado, Secretaría de Estado de Infraestructuras, etc.) Reuniones de seguimiento Convenios de colaboración
CLIENTES EXTERNOS (usuarios del sistema ferroviario, operadores ferroviarios, clientes empresas, gobiernos de otros países)*	 Oficinas de Atención al Cliente en las estaciones de Adif-AV (atención personalizada, gestión de reclamaciones y sugerencias, etc.) Encuestas anuales de satisfacción a viajeros y a arrendatarios de los locales comerciales situados en las estaciones de Adif-AV Teléfonos de información y correo electrónico Convenios y acuerdos Mecanismos de reclamación y sugerencias (aplicación informática RECLAMA, libros de reclamación e convunicación Redes Sociales Canal App Adif-AV (información en tiempo real del estado de la red y horarios)

GRUPO DE INTERÉS	CANAL ESTABLECIDO
PROVEEDORES	 Comunicación vía correo electrónico o telefónica Convenios de colaboración
SOCIOS DE NEGOCIO Y ALIADOS	 Acuerdos y colaboraciones sectoriales Asambleas generales y europeas, delegaciones internacionales Eventos y foros especializados Correo electrónico o teléfono
SOCIEDAD (ciudadanos, asociaciones, ONGs, organizaciones europeas e internacionales)**	 Informes anuales de Adif-AV y otras publicaciones Información permanente a través de los medios de comunicación Buzón de comunicación Comunicación web Redes Sociales Portal de Transparencia
EMPLEADOS***	 Portal corporativo Inicia Comités de representación de los trabajadores de Adif-AV Encuestas de clima laboral y de compromiso con Adif-AV Plan de Comunicación Interna Comunicaciones internas Información sobre cursos de formación Buzón de sugerencias Buzón de iniciativas para la mejora

The following is a summary of the relationship between ADIF-Alta Velocidad and some of the most important interest groups:



ADMINISTRACIONES PÚBLICAS

Adif-AV se encuentra adscrita al Ministerio de Fomento que ejerce un rol regulador e inversor, por lo que la entidad tiene el compromiso de mantener una relación continua basada en la transparencia, a través de una gestión eficaz y sostenible de sus actividades. La relación entre Adif-AV y el Ministerio de Fomento se establece principalmente a través de la Subsecretaría de Estado, la Secretaría de Estado de Infraestructuras, Transporte y Vivienda, y especialmente, con la Dirección General de Ferrocarrilles. Pero también está en contacto continuo con otras entidades adscritas al mismo, tales como Renfe Operadora y con otros ministerios como el Ministerio de Emoleo y Seguridad Social y el Ministerio de Hacienda y Administraciones Públicas.

Por otro lado, Adif-AV mantiene una relación con organismos reguladores tales como el Tribunal de Cuentas y la Intervención General del Estado, con los que establece un contacto reglado según la normativa vigente, y con otros entes como el Defensor del Pueblo (en el tratamiento y respuesta de las quejas presentadas ante este organismo e instituciones análogas de las Comunidades Autónomas), abogacía del Estado (para la resolución de consultas y supervisión encaminadas a asegurar el cumplimiento de los requisitos legales aplicables con unidad de criterio), entidades de certificación, Instituto Nacional de Estadística (aportando regularmente datos relacionados con la actividad de Adif-AV) o universidades y centros de estudios públicos con los que Adif-AV establece convenios de colaboración.

Además, Adif-AV mantiene contacto y participa con diferentes entidades a nivel internacional:

- RNE (RailNet Europe): para colaborar en la planificación y gestión de la capacidad ferroviaria en corredores internacionales y mejora de la calidad y eficiencia orientada al desarrollo competitivo de tráfico de viajeros y mercancías sobre los mismos.
- EIM (European Infrastructure Managers): como asociación que aglutina a los más importantes gestores de infraestructuras europeos y que actúa como grupo de interés ante organismos de decisión política y legislativa de la Unión Europea y realiza estudios en apoyo de la modernización del sector ferroviario.
- ERA (European Railway Agency): para el desarrollo de especificaciones técnicas dirigidas a la interoperabilidad y seguridad, Adif-AV participa en este desarrollo
 a través de EIM.
- AEIEs (Agrupaciones Europeas de Interés Económico): para el desarrollo de proyectos transfronterizos ligados a Corredores ferroviarios internacionales y Redes Transeuropeas de transporte (RTE-T).
- PRIME: es la plataforma de gestores ferroviarios europeos para el desarrollo del Cuarto Paquete ferroviario. Adif-AV participa en la elaboración de un sistema
 de indicadores que permita el seguimiento de las principales actividades y la mejora de la gestión.

PROVEEDORES

Los proveedores son una pieza esencial para el desarrollo de la actividad de Adif-AV y su relación con ellos se basa en garantizar el mantenimiento de las colaboraciones y de la seguridad jurídica en la concesión y de la transparencia del proceso de contratación

El proceso de contratación de proveedores de Adif-AV se establece a través de la política de contratación que incluye rigurosos parámetros de selección, y articula todos los procedimientos de compras a través de una gestión basada en la transparencia y la seguridad contemplando todos los procesos y sus posibles incidencias.

Para cada proceso de contratación, Adif-AV lleva a cabo un proceso de selección de proveedores en el que estos deben acreditar su solvencia empresarial así como el cumplimiento de requisitos sociales y ambientales determinados para cada expediente de contratación.

SOCIOS DE NEGOCIO Y ALIADOS

Dentro de este grupo de interés, Adif-AV identifica a las sociedades filiales y participadas, entre las que se encuentran las sociedades de integración. La gestión de este grupo de interés se basa en su seguimiento y la coordinación de las actuaciones de integración del ferrocarril en las ciudades con la colaboración de otras áreas de la empresa. De esta forma, Adif-AV establece alianzas con empresas externas y con administraciones que se formalizan mediante convenios, acuerdos de colaboración y participaciones accionariales.

En el ámbito de las sociedades de integración, y como fruto del esfuerzo de la entidad por adaptarse al nuevo marco estratégico de la empresa y al entorno econômico que exige una mayor eficiencia y transparencia en la utilización de los recursos, se ha refinanciado la deuda de determinadas sociedades, se ha asumido la gestión jurídica, administrativa y contable, así como el seguimiento econômico y financiero de otras que carecían de estructura suficiente para llevarlo a cabo, y se han negociado préstamos participativos.

FORÉTICA

En 2017 Adif-AV se adhiere a FORÉTICA, asociación sin ánimo de lucro que invierte los productos e ingresos derivados de su actividad a la promoción de sus fines. Dicha Asociación se constituye con el fin exclusivo de promover la cultura de la Gestión Ética, la Responsabilidad Social y la sostenibilidad en las empresas, fomentando la integración de los aspectos sociales, ambientales y de buen gobierno en la estrategia y gestión de las organizaciones.

Organización de referencia en RSE en España y Latinoamérica con más de 15 años de experiencia, lo que le permite ser la PLATAFORMA EN RESPONSABILIDAD EMPRESARIAL Y SOSTENIBILIDAD más consolidada y líder en España; cuenta con expertos en actividades de investigación, comunicación y servicios de apoyo a la gestión responsable. Cuenta con más de 200 socios, 40% de empresas del IBEX 35, 22 empresas Fortune Global 500, 17 empresas del Down Jones Sustainability Index y 8% de socios ONG. Es la única en España que aglutina en su seno a los diferentes actores sociales (composición multistakeholder), lo cual la hace especialmente interesante para los fines perseguidos por Adif-AV, relacionados con la generación de relaciones de confanza con sus grupos de interés.

En 2014, FORÉTICA es elegida por el World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD, Consejo Empresarial Mundial para el Desarrollo Sostenible), como su único representante en España. Esta dimensión internacional de Forética y su vínculo con el principal foro mundial en sostenibilidad, tiene un valor especial para Adif-AV, dada la proyección internacional de nuestra entidad.





RED ESPAÑOLA DE PACTO MUNDIAL DE NACIONES UNIDAS En 2017 Adlf Alta Velocidad inicia los trámites de adhesión a RED ESPAÑOLA DE PACTO MUNDIAL, culminando el proceso en marzo de 2018. REPM es una asociación sin ánimo de lucro con personalidad jurídica propia y plena capacidad de obrar, con sede en España y constituida por tiempo indefinido GLOBAL COA PACTO MUNDIAL DE NACIONES UNIDAS, compuesto por más de 13.000 entidades de todo el mundo, opera en España únicamente a través de la asociación RED ESPAÑOLA DEL PACTO MUNDIAL DE NACIONES UNIDAS, REPM, que cuenta actualmente con más de 2.600 entidades (15% son grandes empresas de las que el 89% pertenecen al IBEX35) adheridas a esta iniciativa de responsabilidad social empresarial, convirtiéndola en la red más importante de las 86 que existen. REPM, ha asumido el liderazgo en la tarea de impulsar la orientación de la actividad empresarial a la consecución de los OBJETIVOS DE DESARROLLO SOSTENIBLE, ODS, La actividad de Adif-AV genera unos impactos (triple cuenta de resultados, económicos, sociales y medioambientales), que tienen su reflejo en los ODS, incidiendo directamente en las expectativas tanto de los grupos de interés como en las necesidades de la sociedad. REPM, es una asociación multistakeholder que opera en un entorno multidisciplinar fomentando la integración de nuevos modelos de gestión responsable, es por ello, que para Adif-AV la hace especialmente interesante para los fines perseguidos por nuestra entidad, en relación a la generación de relaciones de confianza con sus grupos de interés. Dado que Adif-AV pretende impulsar un cambio relevante en la forma de abordar e integrar la Responsabilidad Corporativa **APOYAMOS** en la estrategia de la entidad y operaciones de negocio para una mejora de su desempeño e impacto en la sociedad, contribuyendo activamente a la consecución de los ODS, y dado el carácter de REPM de exclusividad operativo en Espa AL PACTO MUNDIAL como representante de Naciones Unidas y su condición de liderazgo respecto a los ODS, Adif-AV CONSIDERA DE INTERÉS SU ADHESIÓN A DICHA ASOCIACIÓN con la finalidad de formar parte de la mayor iniciativa mundial de sostenibilidad empresarial promovida por las Naciones Unidas. **INVERSORES** Tras la segregación Adif-AV asumió la parte correspondiente a la construcción de las nuevas líneas de alta velocidad. Esta actividad requiere de financiac ción, por lo que la confianza en la entidad por parte de la comunidad inversora se ha convertido en un factor clave de sostenibilidad. Para lograr esa confianza, Adif-AV ha impliado la información financiera y no financiera aportada al mercado, para que los inversores puedan tomar su decisión de inversión de fo entidad está visitando las principales plazas europeas presentando su provecto empresarial. Para acceder a financiación la emisión de bonos o la concesión de préstamos Adif-AV tiene establecida una estrecha relación con Administraciones Públicas y entidades financieras, principalmente de la Unión Europea, tales como el Banco Europeo de Inversiones (BEI), el cual concede préstamos para o los Fondos Europeos



La página web corporativa cuenta con un apartado específico dirigido a inversores, donde se puede encontrar la información financiera más relevante de la entidad, así como presentaciones a inversores

In the international arena, ADIF-Alta Velocidad with the objective of obtaining references from its business environment for the structuring and definition of its Strategic Plan PT2020, has analyzed the strategies of other railway managers in the European environment. Deutsche Bahn, SCNF, Infraestructuras de Portugal, Network Rail and Rete Ferroviaria Italiana; as well as those of other national infrastructure managers: AENA, Canal de Isabel II, Compañía Logística de Hidrocarburos, Enagás y Red Eléctrica Española.

Considering the results obtained in all the organizations, both at a European and national level, it can be concluded that among the aspects that are given the highest priority are safety, focusing on the protection of people as well as infrastructure. On the other hand, the vast majority of managers place the customer at the center of the strategy and aim to offer a quality service in order to increase their satisfaction. Likewise, it has become clear that sustainability is part of the main strategic axes of the entities studied.

In addition, most of these managers aspire to propose modern business models, in which digital transformation and innovation play an important role. For ADIF-Alta Velocidad, both tools are essential to advance the transformation process.



Finally, a large part of the strategic plans analyzed pay special attention to the people who are part of the entities, with a vocation to become good employers for their workers.

1.2.2. Markets in which we Operate

In the international arena, the results are oriented to the general objective set by the entity; which is, in addition to the defense of their interests, the profitability of the knowledge and experience of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in the attainment of technical assistance and contracts in foreign markets. In this sense, 2018 has turned out to be a year of great relevance, especially in the field of High Speed, consolidating the business dimension abroad through very relevant opportunities, such as the Feasibility Studies of High Speed Lines in India and Egypt, or Technical Assistance to Sweden or Israel; as well as in the field of participation in international organizations and initiatives, mainly within the EU, where we can also say that we have consolidated and improved our position.

The experience of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in high speed is especially appreciated by those countries that are interested or already have high-speed projects, in any of the aspects linked to the project, the construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructures. As a result, technical assistances derived from the collaboration agreements that we have established with similar companies or with their Supervising Ministries are developed. Our standards of quality, safety, costs and construction periods position us as a first rank reference worldwide, also supporting Spanish companies in the sector. In addition, ADIF-Alta Velocidad participates through various international organizations in numerous initiatives related to innovation linked to high speed and the development of international regulation on safety and interoperability, among others, directly applicable to the development of new lines of high speed as the impulse of the trans-European rail network.





1.2.3. Strategies and Objectives

Once the Business Plan 2018-2020, called PT2020, has been defined, in 2018 a new strategy has been initiated for the coming years, with the 2020 horizon. In this Plan, a prior reflection has been made on the nature and meaning of our activity, and the focus has been on the need to guide everything we do; that is, to focus the planning, construction and management of railway infrastructures, to improve the lives of the people to whom, as a public company, we provide service. This idea of improvement, moreover, is based on the concept of sustainable development, since we understand that the only way to advance in this sense is to promote economic progress, without neglecting the social aspects necessary for the well-being of society as a whole and respect for the environment.

For this year, in ADIF-Alta Velocidad we adopted the perspective of a triple bottom line, trying to respond, from our responsibility as a company, to the social, economic and environmental challenges, both in our sector and in our country. Therefore, now our Business Plan is our Corporate Responsibility Plan and we could also say it in an inverse way, since our activity is oriented, from corporate responsibility, to promote, an increasingly sustainable development model of the country.

In ADIF -Alta Velocidad the Corporate Responsibility Plan (RC) has been integrated into the Strategic Plan; in which the strategic lines of work aimed at fulfilling commitments acquired within the framework of our RC and Sustainability policy is materialized; commitments that are measurable, to be evaluable, through the execution of different plans, programs, projects that allow the development of the lines of action.

		RESPONSABILIDAD					
		OPERATIVA	ECONÓMICA	SOCIAL	AMBIENTAL	BUEN GOBIERNO	
[1. Seguridad en la circulación	~		~ ~ ~			
	2. Ciberseguridad	1		~			
3	3. Protección y seguridad	Image: 1 million of the second sec					
2	4. Seguridad y salud laboral			\swarrow			
2	5. Sistema de transporte	1			~		
ESTRATÉGICOS	6. Experiencia de cliente	~		~			
2	7. Oferta de infraestructuras	1	1	~	1		
3	8. Co-creación de valor		~	\sim			
	9. Negocio sostenible		<i></i>			~	
OBJEIIVOS	10. Medioambiente y clima			\sim	~		
	11. Cohesión social			\sim			
2	12. Gobierno y gestión	<i></i>		~		~	
C	13. Personas	~		\sim			
Ī	14. Transformación digital	1		~			
Ī	15. Innovación	1		~	~		

The ADIF-Alta Velocidad strategy has been articulated around three main pillars: Safety, Service and Sustainability. Pillars that receive the impulse of three levers of transformation: the people that make up the organization, the Digital Transformation and Innovation. About this basic structure, 15 strategic objectives have been set, which, in turn, have been broken down by areas of activity of the entity.

During this year, the Business Plan was deployed to the entire Entity, consolidating the strategic indicators on a monthly basis, analyzing their behavior and deviations, as a result of which they will give rise to, in 2019, the adaptation of said indicators to the new requirements that flow to the needs of the Activity Program and of the Agreements to be signed with the State, under the umbrella of continuous improvement in our processes.



In parallel to the formalization of the strategy, there has been a great boost to the streamlining of projects and the relaunching of investment in railway infrastructure, promoting multiple agreements with different interest groups, such as municipalities, autonomous communities and different business organizations.



(para más información sobre la estrategia empresarial puede consultar el resumen ejecutivo del Plan Estratégico en www. adifaltavelocidad.es)

ADIF-Alta Velocidad Strategic Objectives (period 2018-2020)

1.	CIRCULATION SAFETY OE 1.1.	Ensure safe circulation management, fostering a culture of prevention, proactivity and continuous improvement.
2.	CYBERSECURITY OE 1.2.	Protect the information systems of ADIF-Alta Velocidad against intrusions and aggressions and, where appropriate, minimize their impact on the activity.
3.	PROTECTION AND SAFETY OE 1.3.	Guarantee the safety of people, the continuity of operations and the preservation of assets, in the face of security threats and emergency situations.
4.	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & SAFETY OE 1.4.	Maintain ADIF-Alta Velocidad as a benchmark in the sector of low work accidents, with a permanent prevention effort.
5.	TRANSPORT SYSTEM OE 2.1.	Favor the increase of the transport quota and its integration with other modes of transport.
6.	CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE OE 2.2.	Create an optimal experience for users of the railway network, both in their travels and in the use of our stations and logistics centers.
7.	INFRASTRUCTURE OFFER OE 2.3.	Make available to society a high quality railway network that responds to their transportation needs.
8.	CO-CREATION OF VALUE OE 2.4.	Value the assets and capabilities of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in collaboration with companies, public institutions and third sector organizations.
9.	SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS OE 3.1.	Obtain a balanced operating profit and efficiently capture the necessary financial resources.
10.	ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE OE 3.2.	Contribute to a respectful transport system with the environment and responsible in the use of resources.



11.	SOCIAL COHESION	Facilitate an accessible public service and contribute to the improvement
	OE 3.3.	of local communities, generating well-being and facilitating the
		integration of social groups at risk of exclusion.
12.	GOVERNMENT AND	Strengthen the prestige of ADIF-Alta Velocidad as a well-managed public
	MANAGEMENT	entity governed by the principles of ethics and transparency.
	OE 3.4.	
12	250215	Description of the field of the
13.	PEOPLE	Promote a coordinated and flexible organization with a corporate culture
	OE 4.1.	that allows to enhance the talent of people and promote leadership in
		the different levels and areas of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
14.	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION	Implement intelligent management of ADIF-Alta Velocidad processes and
	OE 4.2.	strengthen digital interaction with customers.
	OL 4.2.	strengthen digital interaction with customers.
15.	INNOVATION	Orient innovation towards an open and participatory model that
	OE 4.3.	responds to the challenges of the rail sector.

Trends: current situation and future evolution

The ADIF-Alta Velocidad PEST analysis (political, economic, social and technological) has given us a vision of the current situation and future perspectives that may affect the entity. Below are the most relevant aspects:



 <u>Political</u>: The guidelines and regulations of the railway sector, both European and national, are aimed at configuring a sector model that we must keep in mind in our own business model and future strategy. Thus, with the recent approval of the Fourth Railway Package by the European Union, the aim is to eliminate the last obstacles to the creation of a single European railway area, fostering competition and innovation in national passenger markets (Liberalization of the rail sector). Furthermore, in its political and governance pillar, it is required to guarantee the independence of infrastructure managers in the so-called essential functions (allocation of capacity and setting of fees). This approach also promotes stability and decoupling from the planning of external constraints.

In relation to the national legislation, on January 24, 2018, the preliminary draft of the Law that modifies Law 38/2015 of the Railway Sector was submitted to



public hearing, incorporating the changes included in the Fourth Railway Package and focusing on the openness to competition in the market for passenger services and in the governance of railway infrastructures.

In addition, the Fourth Railway Package introduces other key issues in the technical pillar related to safety and interoperability. It is also committed to improving the interconnection and functional integration of national rail networks.

- Economical: We are in an economic moment with positive expectations of growth. 0 The forecasts collected by the Bank of Spain establish an average annual GDP growth of around 2.3%, which will have a positive impact on transport. In this context, it is expected that the evolution of rail traffic will also be positive, although it logically depends on the competitiveness of railway companies, especially their supply and commercial management. On the other hand, we must bear in mind, from the point of view of our planning and economic management, that the Fourth Railway Package requires the financial sustainability of the sector and maximum financial transparency, as well as the balance of the profit and loss account of the infrastructure manager; objective for which it must ensure, according to what is established both in the Law of the Railway Sector and in Directive 2012/34 / EU of the European Parliament and of the Council. In order to achieve this balance, the signing of the Agreement between the Ministry of Development and the General Infrastructure Administrators is essential, as well as the approval of its activity program and the indicative strategy on railway infrastructures to be drawn up by the Ministry.
- Social and cultural: There are numerous variables that determine trends and social change. Among those that most affect infrastructure and transport are the aging population, the digitalization process of our society and the new concept of mobility. Currently, the population over 65 years stands at 19.1% of the total population, with about 9 million people, and the forecasts for increase are very significant. This points to a need for notable comprehensive accessibility in infrastructure and rail services. Regarding cultural changes, the Report of the Digital Society in Spain (2017, from the Fundación de Telefónica España), shows how our country is in an unstoppable transformation process, where new ways of life affect a change in the concept of mobility and mark three aspirational tendencies: ultramobility (increased distances and speeds), altermobility (more efficient transport solutions) and proximability (transport that improves local mobility), all in a revolution of space and time where the infrastructures and multifunctional railway spaces are heading towards a new paradigm.
- <u>Technology</u>: The railway will be able to benefit from the acceleration in the technological transformation that we are experiencing. On the one hand, the "Internet of Things", which will favor the development of technological tools for the interaction of people with the infrastructures and the services provided. On



the other hand, Big Data will increase the ability to analyze and understand data, environments and patterns through a massive processing of information. The application of these technologies in railway stations will bring us closer to a future concept of more useful station and close to citizens. Likewise, Industry 4.0, 3D, blockchain or BIM technologies will play an important role, propitiating new components, systems, processes, products and services, which will enable a comprehensive industrial transformation of great scope that we must take advantage of.

To conclude this diagnosis, we apply the SWOT analysis as a methodology to study the situation of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, taking into account the internal characteristics (weaknesses and strengths) and the external situation (threats and opportunities):



1.2.4. Applied Policies and Key Indicators

As a public company at the service of citizens, we have the obligation to adapt to social changes to find effective ways to meet their needs, thus contributing to the transformation of the sector and the entity itself, trying to ensure the sustainability and public use of the Rail system.

The service provided by ADIF-Alta Velocidad and the impact, potential and current, that it generates in the environment and in society, mean that its new strategic orientation, which began in 2018 with the 2020 horizon, is consolidated around the concept of sustainable development. This integrates in a coherent and balanced manner, the three spheres (economic, social and environmental), and taking as a high-level reference the commitments acquired by other parties, national and international, through the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations.

The basis from which our strategic orientation is reinforced to sustainable development is the way in which ADIF-Alta Velocidad understands Corporate Responsibility. That is, the way to put into practice the responsibility that we have as a company at all levels (operational, economic, social, environmental and government) is to aim at sustainable



development as the ultimate goal. Based on this approach, the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Strategic Plan, Transforma 2020 Plan, PT2020 has been defined and deployed.

In the different sections of this report, some of the data corresponding to the key indicators of the Transforma 2020 Plan are presented.

APPLIED POLICIES

Alignment of the entity's strategy with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)

Aware of the public service we provide and the impact that our activity generates on the environment and on society, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has based its new strategic orientation on the concept of sustainable development (1)ⁱ, seeking its integration in our daily work.

As we indicated, we begin from the basis that the ultimate purpose of our activity is to improve the lives of the people for whom we work as a public company, and we understand that this idea of "improvement" is inevitably linked to the need to "satisfy needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet theirs", that is, linked to the concept of Sustainable Development.

To move forward with this orientation in 2017, the GoODS Project was created, continued in 2018, which aims to align the company's strategy with the SDGs (2)ⁱⁱ, involving the entire organization so that the contribution of ADIF-Alta Velocidad is reinforced to the achievement of the SDGs in which it has the most impact.

The project is based on creating effective tools that promote all our operational and management decisions, all our projects and activities, have a new strategic orientation based on responsibility and focused on sustainability. That way we get, in 2030, that ADIF-Alta Velocidad contributes significantly (Go!) To the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) defined by the United Nations in September 2015.

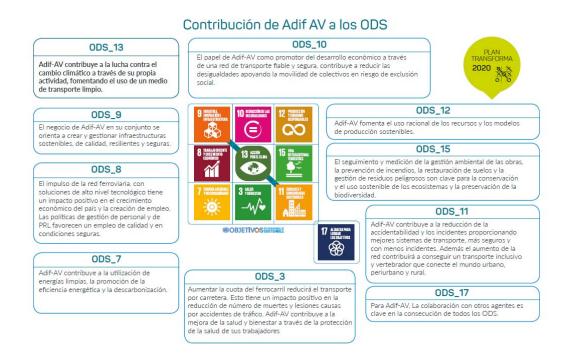
Previously, the perspective of sustainable development was not completely integrated into the strategic orientation of the company. Therefore, in order to achieve a commitment to sustainability, it was necessary to change the model that placed the focus on sustainable development at the center of the business.

To include sustainable development and the SDGs as the basis of the business strategy, we are working, through the GoODS project, on the following aspects:

- Modeling the connection of the Strategic Plan and the SDGs, identifying Strategic Objectives, KPIs and strategic initiatives with impact on the SDGs and their goals.
- Development of a narrative where the SDGs inspire the new strategic orientation, reflecting it in the Strategic Plan.
- Transmission of the new approach to the entire organization through different internal communication tools and with the leadership of senior management.



The European and Spanish institutions are already mobilizing to contribute to the SDGs by promoting different initiatives. ADIF-Alta Velocidad wants to join this global movement because we are convinced that we must meet these global challenges and integrate them into the strategy. With a long-term vision, it is inevitable to realize that contributing to sustainable development benefits everyone, since a more stable, cohesive, prosperous and healthy environment favors the development of our business activity.



ADIF-Alta Velocidad, as a socially responsible company, continues in 2018 with the commitment acquired in 2017 with the United Nations Global Compact, the world's largest public-private partnership in terms of sustainability, initiating the process of integrating the 17 objectives of Sustainable Development, SDG, in its strategy and, for that, should be aware of those universal initiatives that provide standards for business management such as the 10 Principles of the United Nations Global Compact or UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. 10 principles to manage risks and 17 objectives to contribute to sustainable development and find business opportunities. https://www.pactomundial.org/category/learning/10-principles.

The application of a strategy aligned with the SDGs represents a competitive advantage for the entity, allowing to identify future business opportunities, strengthen relationships with stakeholders, have a management based on efficiency and generate a positive impact on society in the three social, environmental and economic fields.





In this context, we continue to contribute to the development of society and local communities where we act, working equally on those Sustainable Development Goals in which we generate the greatest impact. Likewise, we maintain our commitment to caring for the environment, minimizing the environmental impact of our actions and efficiently and responsibly managing our resources, consumption and emissions.

For example, ADIF-Alta Velocidad also has other policies applied:

- Anti-Fraud Policy.
- Prevention and Management of Conflicts of Interest Policy.
- Quality Policy.
- Environmental Policy.
- Preventive Policy
- R&D Policy.
- Information Security Policy.
- Ethical code.
- Comprehensive Risk Management Policy.
- Security policy.

1.2.5. Future Challenges

<u>Liberalization of passenger transport in the rail sector in 2020: Adaptation plan</u> <u>for the Fourth Railway Package</u>

The liberalization of passenger transport in 2020 could increase traffic between 30 and 50 percent, so it is necessary to ensure the quality and punctuality of the service; one of



the main attributes of the Spanish high-speed network, while contributing to increasing the economic sustainability of railway administrators.

In this way, Spain would move towards an increase in the high-speed network usage rates, which is the one with the greatest commercial appeal and where railway more competitive than other type of transport. Currently, our high-speed network uses one-fifth that of France, and approximately one-third that of Germany or Italy.

In the case of Italy, the liberalization of passenger rail transport, which took place in 2012, has proved to be the most emblematic of our surroundings and a benchmark for ADIF-Alta Velocidad, with very beneficial effects for the entire sector. Thus, the high-speed market in that country has grown 80 percent since its liberalization until 2016, from 38 million to 68 million passengers.

Entry of new operators in the market

For this reason, the entity is developing a series of processes that will facilitate the entry of new operators in the market. To this end, ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad are working on a study on the reorganization of current traffic, so that it is possible to introduce the services of the new railway companies, guaranteeing globally the offer currently being provided by Renfe.

It will also give visibility to the available capacity in the network, while providing legal certainty to companies, through the signing of framework agreements that guarantee the reservation of capacity for a period of five years, which may be of longer duration in case of existence of commitment of heavy investments.

Similarly, a system of fees for the use of the network that provides stability and certainty to companies will be consolidated. ADIF has included in the 2019 Network Declaration, a description of the model used for the calculation of directly attributable costs, which is a further step in compliance with the European framework.

Finally, the possibility of making the declaration of "specialized line" for the main highspeed lines is being valued, which would give priority to traffic that best adapts to a more intense use of them, in the whole of the length of every one of them.

Adaptation plan for the Fourth Railway Package

Additionally, ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad are working on an adaptation plan for the Fourth Railway Package, the European normative basis according to the development of the liberalization process.

This plan includes all aspects related to the service provided to railway customers. In this respect, both entities are adapting the stations for the incorporation of new operators, under four management criteria: non-discriminatory treatment, transparency, flexibility and sustainability.



The objective is to make available to new operators, information on the services offered, application and award procedures, as well as prices, which will be offered in a catalog that will be published in the Network Statement.

In addition, ADIF has proactively initiated a process of searching and locating land within its property that could be placed at the disposal of new operators for the construction of its facilities. The corresponding catalog will be published on the ADIF website soon.

Finally, the necessary procedures are being enabled to improve the imputation of the energy consumptions made by each train, with the aim of being able to invoice each operator what is actually consumed by each service. Following the trend observed in European countries, we move towards a model based on the measure shipped as a service billing unit.

<u>Challenges</u>

In the chapter of challenges, ADIF-Alta Velocidad is currently developing a plan to alleviate the saturation of large high-speed stations, such as Madrid Puerta de Atocha or Barcelona Sants, whose growth capacity is limited by its central location in the urban network.

In order to achieve a more rigorous use of these terminals, the concept of a "coordinated station" has been introduced in the Network Declaration. This definition is applied to those stations in which, due to their high saturation and their future use shared by several railway companies, it will be necessary to declare the required parking time at the train's origin and destination, as well as its length.

Likewise, it will be contemplated to qualify them as "congested infrastructures", which would allow the application of special priority access rules and control of their use, and would force to establish a plan to increase their capacity.

In line with the above, actions are being taken to improve the infrastructure to mitigate the saturation of the main high-speed terminals: Barcelona Sants and Madrid's Puerta de Atocha and Chamartín stations.



Action Plan for the implementation of the 2030 Agenda. Challenges and opportunities of public entities.



Since the launch of the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals, SDG, at the end of 2015, many efforts have been made by governments, public and private companies, as well as society to respond to them and to move forward in its achievement before 2030. The National Action Plan for the implementation of the 2030 Agenda, contemplates the implementation of public policies, key measures to undertake major transformations, monitoring, accountability and evaluation.

The vast majority of public companies consider that the lack of awareness and internal awareness about the relevance of the 17 SDGs is a major challenge for their integration. In this sense, the training and identification of transversal competences are key tools.

The achievement of the SDGs is an opportunity to improve reputation and external recognition, which is a good motivation to continue strengthening your commitment. Similarly, it improves the internal management of processes and represents new business opportunities.

In general terms, Spain is in line with the progress that the European Union is making to achieve compliance with the 2030 Agenda (a comparison between Spain and Europe in relation to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals, shows that, according to the 2018 edition of the SDG Index and Dashboards Report, worldwide Spain is in the first quartile of countries closest to its achievement and ranked 25 out of 156).

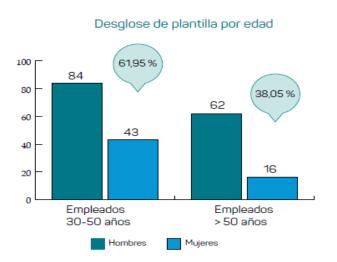
ADIF/ADIF-Alta Velocidad contributes to the fulfillment of the actions being carried out by the Spanish public sector; and in this sense, one of the most outstanding actions is the purchase of 100% of the energy with GdO certificate (Renewable Origin Guarantee); ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the first Spanish public business entity to incorporate "responsible



purchase" criteria into its electricity supply tenders (alignment of the entity's strategy with SDGs 7 "renewable energies" and SDG 13 "action for climate").

Workforce transformation process

In ADIF-Alta Velocidad, regarding the distribution of the workforce by age, the majority of employees are people between 30 and 50 years old (61.95% of the total), with the average age of employees being 49.3 years. We start from a problematic situation due to the high average age of our workers. We have, therefore, an important challenge to face in the coming years: the rejuvenation of the workforce. In this regard, initiatives such as partial retirement have been launched, and others are planned such as the project of the De-employment Plan, which together with the subsequent Public Employment Offers will lower the average age without loss of knowledge and experience, fundamentals in the smooth running and effective management of our company.



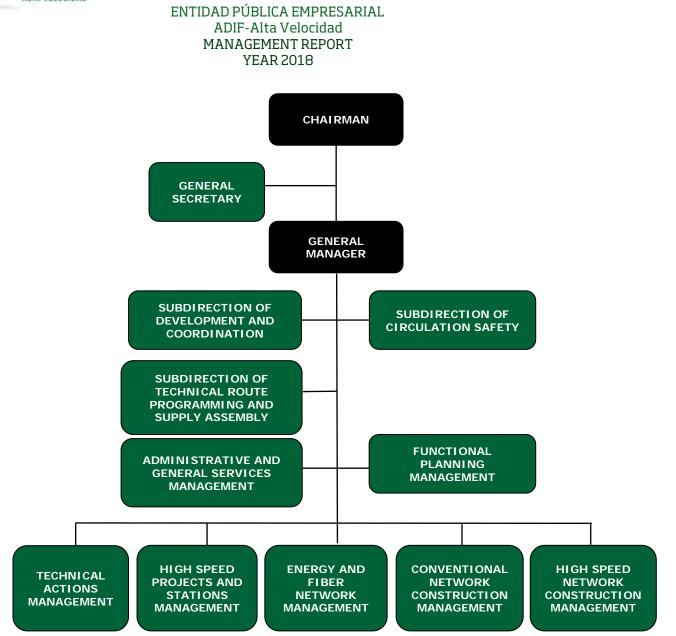
1.3. GOVERNMENT AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

ADIF -Alta Velocidad is governed by a Board of Directors who are in charge of senior management, administration and management.

The Board of Directors is responsible, among others, to determine the structure of the organization, approve the general criteria for the organization and set the guidelines for the elaboration and modification of the workforce.

The actual organizational structure of ADIF-Alta Velocidad as of December 31, 2018 is as follows:





The composition of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Address at December 31, 2018 is detailed below:

MANAGEMENT
CHAIRMAN Mrs. Isabel Pardo de Vera Posada.
D.G. ADIF ALTA VELOCIDAD Mr. Juan Pablo Villanueva Beltramini.
GENERAL SECRETARY Mr. Rosa María Seoane López (*).
(*) Voluntary resignation as Secretary of the Board: Resignation with effect date 31/12/2018

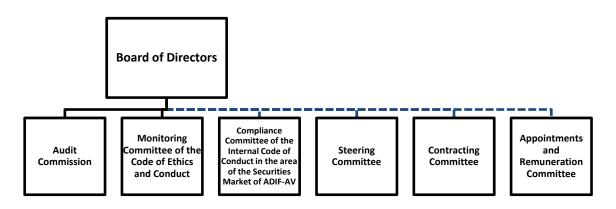


1.3.1. Government structure

The Board of Directors is the highest governing body of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and, therefore, has the broadest powers for the administration of the entity; to which corresponds senior management, administration and management.

In addition, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has the following extra-statutory bodies: Audit Committee, Compliance Committee of the Code of Ethics and Conduct, Compliance Committee of the Internal Code of Conduct in the Securities Market of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

It also has the following deliberation and advisory bodies to the Chairman: Steering Committee and the Contracting Committee and Appointments and Remuneration Committee.



1.3.2. Board of Directors

The ADIF-Alta Velocidad Statute establishes that the Board of Directors must be formed by a Chairman (who in turn is the Chairman of ADIF), and by a minimum of nine and a maximum of ten members, whose appointment and removal corresponds to the Minister of Public Works. In addition, the Board itself must appoint a secretary who will attend the meetings with voice but without vote, unless it has the status of a member.

As of December 31, 2018, the Board of Directors consisted of eleven members: Chairman, the Secretary of the Board and nine members.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS CHAIRMAN Mrs. Isabel Pardo de Vera Posada (29/06/2018). MEMBERS Mr. Jorge Ballesteros Sánchez (18/04/2013). Mrs. Miryam Bonafé Tovar (30/03/2015). Mrs. Elena María Ayuso Mateos (13/07/2018) Mr. Domingo García Díez (01/03/2017). Mr. Rodrigo Moreno Pérez (10/02/2017). Mr. Jesús Miguel Pozo de Castro (10/03/2017). Mr. Javier Herrero Lizano (02/07/2018). Mrs. María Pilar Seisdedos Espinosa (19/11/2018). Mr. Jaume Sellés Santiveri (29/09/2017)

SECRETARY

Mrs. Rosa María Seoane López (*)

(*) Voluntary resignation as Secretary of the Board: Resignation with effect date 31/12/2018.



Resignations produced from the Board during the 2018 financial year were as follows:

Mr. Juan Bravo Rivera (29/06/2018).

Mr. Andrés Ayala Sánchez (04/07/2018).

Mrs. Carmen Fúnez de Gregorio (04/07/2018).

Mrs. Mercedes Rodríguez Tarrida (19/11/2018).

Mr. Jorge Urrecho Corrales (02/07/2018).

In relation to the most significant aspects regarding the operation and organization of the Board of Directors, the following are detailed:



- <u>Constitution</u>: For the effective constitution of the Board of Directors, in addition to the Chairman and the Secretary, or those who substitute them, at least one half of the members, must be present on the first call and, on the second call, one third. Between the first and the second call, at least one hour must pass.
- <u>Meetings</u>: According to article 19 of R.D. 1044/2013, of December 27, which approves the Statute of ADIF -Alta Velocidad, The Board of Directors will meet, upon calling and on the initiative of its Chairman, or at the request of at least half of the members, so many times as necessary for the development of the functions of the entity. However, a minimum of 11 meetings is established per year.
- <u>Vote Delegation</u>: The delegation of vote is not contemplated either in the Statute of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, nor in the General Operating Standards of the Board of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
- <u>Resolutions Adoption</u>: The resolutions of the Board of Directors will be taken by absolute majority of votes of the members that are present. In case of a tie, the casting vote will fall on the Chairman.
- <u>Remuneration</u>: According to the provisions of article 21 of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Statute, the members of the Board of Directors attending their meetings will not receive remuneration or any financial compensation.

The functions assigned to the Board of Directors include the following:

- Determine the structure of the entity, as well as the guidelines for modifying the workforce and the basic remuneration conditions.
- Establish the rules of operation and adoption of resolutions of the Board itself.
- Approve the annual operating and capital budgets, the multi-year action program and raise them to the Ministry of Public Works and Transport.
- Approve the Annual Accounts, the Management Report and the proposed application of the financial result.
- Authorize credit operations and other debt operations.

In 2018, the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Board of Directors met 15 times. Throughout these meetings, issues such as tenders, awards and contract incidents were discussed; collaboration agreements and framework agreements; granting of powers and delegations of powers, corporate actions and assets; approval of the individual 2017 ADIF-Alta Velocidad Annual Accounts: new Entity Structure; update of the 2018 Network Declaration Document; creation of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Audit Commission; authorization and indebtedness of financial operations; Corporate Governance report; anti-fraud policy; prevention policy and conflict of interest management; creation of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Appointments and Remuneration Committee; ADIF-Alta Velocidad Strategic Plan 2020; 2018 fees; 2019 fee proposals; authorization to close the price in the



OMIP Futures Market, in the purchase of telemetered electricity for 2019 and 2020; review of the Corporate Governance and Regulatory Compliance Model; initial approval of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad budgets for 2018; initial approval of the Entity's budgets for 2019; and approval of the document to modify the consolidated text of the contract signed for the urban development of the Chamartín and Fuencarral railway facilities in Madrid.

1.3.3. Other Internal Management Bodies

Internal Audit Commission

The operation of the Audit Commission is governed by the operating rules approved by the Board of Directors at the session in which the body was created on February 27, 2017, with the Audit Committee being deleted.

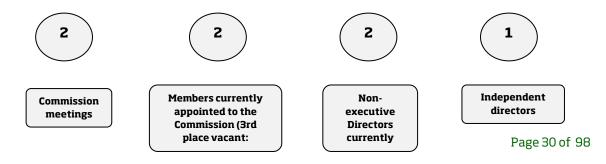
This Commission complies with what is regulated in article 529 of the Consolidated Text of the Capital Companies Law, approved by Royal Legislative Decree 1/2010, of July 2, in accordance with the other legal provisions in force in general and of applicable.

As of December 31, 2018, the Audit Commission consisted of 3 ADIF-Alta Velocidad counselors, 1 Chairman (Mr. Domingo García Diez), and 2 members (Mr. Jorge Ballesteros Sánchez and one vacant member), who do not have executive functions in the Entity, and a secretary (Ms. María Rosa Seoane López). Its members are appointed by the Board of Directors for a period of 4 years, and without prejudice to their possible re-election.

The Audit Commission exercises functions of supervision of the economic-financial information, as well as of information to the Board of Directors on its actions and on those relevant matters that it deems must know.

The business nature, size and complexity of the public entity ADIF Alta Velocidad, advise the strengthening of the internal control function; so that the decisions of Senior Management, the procedures it implements and the controls it establishes, are correct, systematic and permanently applied.

To that end, the Board of Directors of the public ADIF-Alta Velocidad business entity approved, on July 25, 2014, the Internal Audit Statute of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, which includes the mission, objectives, organization, functions and responsibilities of the Internal Audit Department.





Monitoring Committee of the Code of Ethics and Conduct

The creation of ADIF-Alta Velocidad's Monitoring Committee of the Code of Ethics and Conduct and its operating rules were approved at the meeting of the Board of Directors on March 27, 2015. This Committee has been responsible for the management and control of compliance with the Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF-Alta Velocidad until September 28, 2018, date on which the new Ethical Management Model was approved in ADIF, which includes the creation of an Ethics and Compliance Committee that replaces the Monitoring Committee of the Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF.

<u>Ethics and Compliance Committee</u>

It is the body responsible for ensuring, ultimately, compliance with the Code of Ethics and Conduct approved by the Board of Directors of the Entity.

The Committee was established on October 18, 2018, with the following composition:

Mrs. Rosa Seoane López Chairman.
Mr. Michaux Miranda Paniagua Member Human Resources.
Mr. Juan Pedro Galiano Serrano Member Corporate Social Responsibility.
Mrs. Lourdes Porta Etessam Member Risk Management.
Mr. Manuel Fresno Castro Member Financial Management.
Mr. Juan Pablo Villanueva BeltraminiMember ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
Mr. Antonio Velázquez Borge Secretary - Regulatory Compliance.

The main functions of this Committee are:

- Evaluate compliance with the Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and its development instruments and report periodically to the Board of Directors on its operation and compliance.
- Supervise the mechanism that allows both employees and third parties to report breaches of the Code of Ethics and Conduct, as well as irregularities of potential importance.
- Instruct the queries and complaints about alleged breaches of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Code of Ethics related to the Regulatory Compliance Area and those of special complexity at the request of the Regulatory Compliance Area.
- Propose modifications to the Code of Ethics that allow its improvement and adaptation to new circumstances and realities.
- Propose measures to promote dissemination and compliance with the Code.
- Review the Compliance Policies.



- Approve the Self-Assessment of Fraud in Community Funds and the Summary Report.
- Any others entrusted to them by the Board of Directors

<u>Compliance Committee of the Internal Code of Conduct</u>

The Compliance Committee of the Internal Code of Conduct in the Securities Market of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, is an extra-statutory body of the Entity, composed of the Chairman (D. Juan Pablo Villanueva Beltramini, as General Manager of ADIF-Alta Velocidad) and 3 members, D^a Rosa María Seoane López (as Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Entity, who will act as Secretary of the Committee), D. Manuel Fresno Castro (as General Financial and Corporate Director of ADIF) and ADIF's Legal Advisor (currently vacant); being these 2 last directors of ADIF , in accordance with the addenda of legal assistance and economic-financial services subscribed with ADIF, and has been assigned the functions established in section 14 of the Internal Code of Conduct, being responsible for monitoring and supervising the proper compliance with the aforementioned Regulation and with responsibilities and faculties to:

- Regularly evaluate the efficiency of the internal procedures established in the Regulation and supervise the general compliance with the measures for safeguarding the Privileged Information established therein.
- Adopt the necessary measures to train the people subject to the knowledge and application of the aforementioned Regulation, and disseminate the knowledge thereof throughout the organization.
- Interpret the rules contained in the Regulation, as well as resolve any doubts or issues that may arise in its application, ensuring compliance with current legislation, proposing as many modifications as necessary, and dictating the procedures and rules deemed necessary for an adequate application of the Regulation.
- Report annually to the Monitoring Committee of the Code of Ethics and Conduct of any relevant incidents arising, by application of compliance with the provisions of this Regulation.

The Compliance Committee of the Internal Code of Conduct held a meeting in 2018 (January 20, 2018).





Compliance Office of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Internal Code of Conduct:

The Compliance Office of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Internal Code of Conduct in the Securities Market area is created in dependence of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Board Secretary; and is composed of the Secretary of the Board of Directors of ADIF-Alta Velocidad; and in accordance with the addenda to provide legal and economic-financial services signed between the Entity and ADIF, the Deputy Secretary of the ADIF Board of Directors, the ADIF Treasury and Accounting Director and ADIF's Deputy Director of Internal Communication and Reputation (currently vacant), its main functions being:

- Exercise the secretariat of the Compliance Committee of the RIC.
- Maintain an updated list of Persons Subject to and/or related to the RIC, and make it available to government bodies and supervisory authorities; delivering a copy of this Regulation and the policy instructions to the subjects obliged to comply with it.
- Maintain, for a minimum period of 5 years, an ordered and separate file of the communications made by the persons subject to the RIC, in relation to the personal operations carried out by them or the persons related to them; whose purpose is ADIF-Alta Velocidad Financial Securities and Instruments traded in official stock markets or ADIF-Alta Velocidad financial derivative instruments; as well as the communications they make with respect to the conflicts of interest to which they are effectively subjected.
- Maintain an ordered record of suspicious transaction communications made to regulatory bodies.
- Maintain, on the ADIF-Alta Velocidad corporate intranet, a web page to which all Subject Persons will have access and which, as a minimum, will include the Internal Code of Conduct; the rules of operation of the Compliance Committee; Administrative Instruction IN/SCAV-001/2016 "Composition of the Compliance Office of the RIC and development of its tasks"; the circulars and other rules and instructions for the development of the RIC; as well as the necessary forms to comply with the obligations set forth therein.
- Propose an annual Training Plan to the Compliance Committee; and execute the actions, that in matter of formation, it entrusts the same.
- Prepare as many reports as requested by the Compliance Committee, as well as any other task entrusted to it by said body within the framework of the provisions of the aforementioned Regulation.





Management and Contracting Committees

In addition, within the internal management processes, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has a Management Committee and a Contracting Committee, which are governed by the General Regulations for the Composition and Operation of the Management Committee and the Contracting Committee of the E.P.E. ADIF-Alta Velocidad, approved on September 6, 2017.

<u>Steering Committee</u>: The Steering Committee functions as an extra-statutory organ for deliberation and advice to the Chairman. Therefore, the following functions correspond to it:

- Advise the Chairman on matters that are his responsibility.
- Advise the Chairman on matters whose competence corresponds to the Board of Directors, and which must be submitted for approval or knowledge.
- Deliberate on any other suitable matters to ADIF-Alta Velocidad, which at the initiative of the Chairman or at the proposal of the members that make up the Management Committee, it is decided to include it in the agenda.

<u>Contracting Committee</u>: The Contracting Committee functions as an extra-statutory body for deliberation and advice to the Chairman, who has the following functions:

- Advise the Chairman on matters related to Contracting that are the competence of the latter, by direct attribution or by delegation of the Board; as well as those whose competence corresponds to the Board of Directors, and who must be submitted to approval or knowledge thereof by the Chairman.
- Deliberation and knowledge of any other matters concerning the Contracting of the Entity, which the Chairman, by himself or at the proposal of the members that compose the Committee, decides to submit to the Committee.

Appointments and Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors of the E.P.E. ADIF-Alta Velocidad agreed, at its meeting of January 29, 2018, to approve the creation of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee for the Entity, and is composed of a President (Mrs. María Pilar Seisdedos Espinosa) and 2 Members (Mr. Domingo García Díez and D. Jesús Miguel Pozo de Castro), being its main functions:

• Establish an objective for the less represented gender in the Board of Directors.



• Supervise that the Members of the Board of Directors of ADIF-Alta Velocidad comply with the obligation of not incurring in cases of prohibition or legal incompatibility whatsoever for the performance of their duties as Director.

The Appointments and Remuneration Committee held a meeting in 2018 (December 20, 2018), in which its operating rules were approved.

1.3.4. Ethics and Transparency

ADIF-Alta Velocidad has, since 2015, a Code of Ethics and Conduct that was approved by the Board of Directors.

During 2018 (Board of Directors meeting 27/09/2018) and within the process of continuous improvement, proceeded to review and update the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Ethical Model, which includes, among other issues, the revision of the ADIF Ethics Code and Conduct and the approval of a series of policies and procedures.

The management and application model of the Code of Ethics and Conduct establishes as fundamental elements:

 <u>Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF-Alta Velocidad</u>: text that collects the values and ethical principles of the entity, as well as the expected behavior patterns derived from them, and that are applicable to all persons belonging to the entity or its governing bodies.

The commitments included in the code are the following:

- Compliance with legislation.
- o Infrastructure safety.
- Good use of public resources.
- o Professionalism and integrity
- o Fight against fraud.
- o Good use of information.
- o Good use of information.
- o Decent and respectful treatment to people.
- Equal treatment to clients and suppliers.
- o Safeguarding safety and health.
- Respect for the environment and cultural heritage.
- Safeguarding the reputation of ADIF

The code of ethics is published both on the ADIF-Alta Velocidad intranet and on its website. In addition, the entity provides training to its employees through the realization of a course on ethical management whose implementation is mandatory for all. In this way, ADIF-Alta Velocidad guarantees that all its employees know about it and act in accordance with its principles.

• <u>Compliance Policies</u>: set of internal policies and procedures that develop the commitments of conduct and the principles set forth in the Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.



In this sense, the Corporate Anti-Fraud Policy and the Conflict of Interest Management Policy, with its corresponding Procedures, has been approved.

• <u>Ethical Channel</u>: acts as a channel for the reception and attention of communications related to the Code of Ethics. The Ethical Channel admits reports sent by ADIF-Alta Velocidad personnel, available on the intranet, as well as by third parties through its website. They may be anonymous provided they are accompanied by evidence or incidences.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad guarantees the following principles during the whole communication and management procedure of the communications made through the Ethics Channel:

- Confidentiality of personal data and information received through the Ethical Channel.
- No retaliation. No type of retaliation will be adopted on those who have made their communication in good faith.
- Intimacy, defense and the presumption of innocence. Those professionals who are the subject of an investigation will be guaranteed the aforementioned rights.

During 2018, 85 visits were made to the external ethical channel of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, and no notification was received regarding alleged breaches of the Code of Ethics.

- <u>Ethics and Compliance Committee</u>: body responsible for ensuring, ultimately, compliance with the Code of Ethics and Conduct approved by the Board of Directors of the entity.
- <u>Regulatory Compliance Area</u>: area responsible for the interpretation of the Code of Ethics and Conduct, the management of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Compliance System and the preparation and dissemination of compliance policies in the Entity.

On the other hand, and within the framework of Transparency Law 19/2013, ADIF-Alta Velocidad maintains its commitment to continue strengthening the transparency of its activity, in accordance with the best national and international practices. In this line, it has the Citizen Portal as a channel through which any interested party can access the public documentation of the company. In addition, ADIF-Alta Velocidad contributes to the Transparency Portal of the Ministry of Development, where you can consult information on public bodies, commercial companies and foundations in relation to different channels (air, road, rail, maritime, housing and geo-information).



1.4. EVALUATION AND RISK MANAGEMENT

1.4.1. Description of Risks and Due Diligence Procedures Applied

Comprehensive risk management is understood as a strategic function that contributes to achieving the objectives and goals of the entity. To this end, the development of the current Strategic Plan PT2020 encompasses the management of risks based on the unified vision of the strategic objectives and the risks associated with them, in order to ensure that the risks that may affect the strategy and objectives are properly managed.

The entity, in its permanent commitment to transparent, responsible and sustainable management, understands the need to have a comprehensive, consistent and transparent risk management system that establishes a common regulatory framework, facilitates the identification, evaluation and homogeneous management of risks and establishes clear roles and responsibilities for their proper treatment. For this, ADIF-Alta Velocidad, in addition to having specific areas of risk management that allow responding to needs and regulations specific to the activity (prevention of occupational risks, regulatory compliance, safety in circulation, etc.), has a comprehensive risk management model that, in addition, allows to establish appropriate information channels that guarantee an adequate communication in order to promote a proactive risk management culture in all areas of the company, maintaining consistent levels of risk.

Thus, the entity has a comprehensive risk management policy approved by its Board of Directors. By virtue of the principles and responsibilities established therein, a Risk Committee has been set up to monitor the main risks that threaten the achievement of the strategic objectives of the organization. This Committee, led by the risk area, reports to the Management Committee and has representatives of the main areas of activity and those with specific functions in risk management. The model is being deployed and the indicators will be set in the following year.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad has an Integral Risk Management System that, aligned with best practices, facilitates a systematic and orderly response to a universe of risks with the complexity and dispersion of an organization of its characteristics. This system obeys to the following principles, established in the Integral Risk Management Policy approved by the board of directors of the entity:

- Integration of risk in the management of the entity, through a unified vision of the strategic and business objectives, and the risks associated with them.
- Ensure that the risks that may affect the strategy and objectives are adequately managed, and within the levels of risk that the entity establishes.
- Have a global risk management system, consistent and transparent; that establishes a common normative framework that facilitates the identification, evaluation and homogeneous management of risks, and that establishes clear roles and responsibilities.



The functions of the various actors that intervene in the system are subject to clarification in the Policy. In this way, in addition to the responsibilities in the area of risk management intrinsic to the activity of the different areas of the entity, "coordinating areas" dedicated to the management or supervision of specific risks are identified. All of them constitute a Risk Committee, responsible for the preparation and monitoring of the strategic risk map and which reports to the Management Committee.

The risks included in this map reflect the main threats to which the entity is exposed, which could impede or significantly affect the achievement of its strategic objectives. These risks place special focus on the main key pillars of the activity:

- Safety, among which are those related to incidents, accidents or attacks that may affect the continuity of the entity's operations, the integrity of its assets, workers and customers or the environment.
- The operations, establishing the focus equally in those circumstances that could threaten the quality of the services provided, including the development of the railway infrastructure.
- Regulation and Regulatory Compliance, reinforcing the commitment of the entity with strict compliance with the rules and regulations that apply to it, as well as the codes of good practices that it has voluntarily adopted.

Reputation, as a reinforcement to the aspects of good governance, transparency and responsibility of a company of a public nature.

• Financial, complementing those reflected in the subsequent section, reflect aspects related to the availability of resources and the financial sustainability of the entity.

1.4.2. Financial risks and Internal Control Systems

<u>Financial Risks</u>

The main risks affecting the Company are as follows

a) <u>Credit Risk</u>: arises primarily in relation to trade and non-trade receivables, current investments and cash equivalents.

The Entity assesses the credit ratings of its trade debtors, considering their financial position, history and other economic factors to determine individual credit limits.

In regards to current investments and cash equivalents, the Entity carries out transactions using instruments to guarantee the recovery of the entire capital investment and assesses the credit rating of the financial institutions, considering the credit rating awarded by rating agencies, based on the term of the investment and calculating individual credit limits in line with specific factors (total volume of assets, return, etc.)



b) <u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: arises from the variation in borrowing costs with credit institutions.

Borrowings have been obtained through the issuance of obligations and have been contracted at a fixed interest rate. The Entity's outstanding debt, as of December 31, 2018, was contracted with various interest rate regimes. 80.51% is at a fixed rate until maturity and 8.89% is at a fixed rate that can be reviewed.

c) <u>Liquidity Risk</u>: Liquidity risk arises from possible imbalances between cash flow requirements and sources of cash flows

ADIF-Alta Velocidad applies a prudent policy to cover its liquidity risks based on having sufficient financing through credit facilities with financial institutions. ADIF-Alta Velocidad Management monitors the liquidity forecasts as a function of the expected cash flows.

d) <u>Valuation Risk</u>: ADIF-Alta Velocidad makes estimates based on historical experience and other factors considered reasonable under the current circumstances and which form the basis for establishing the value of assets and liabilities which quantification is not readily ascertainable from other sources. Although the estimations are reviewed continuously, given the inherent uncertainty in them, there is a noteworthy risk that significant adjustments could arise in the future on the values of the mentioned assets and liabilities affected due to significant changes occurring in the assumptions, facts and circumstances on which they are based.

1.4.3. System of Internal Control of Financial Information

ADIF-Alta Velocidad has an Internal Control System for Financial Information implemented, hereinafter SCIIF.

The SCIIF in ADIF-Alta Velocidad is a part of the internal control and is configured by the set of processes that the entity and all the personnel involved carry out to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information.

The SCIIF seeks to ensure the reliability of financial information by fulfilling the following five objectives:

- <u>Existence and Occurrence</u>: the transactions and other events collected by the financial information do indeed exist and have been recorded at the appropriate time.
- *<u>Completeness</u>*: the information reflects the totality of transactions and other events in which the entity is an affected party.
- <u>Valuation</u>: transactions and other events are recorded and valued in accordance with applicable regulations.
- <u>Presentation, disclosure and comparability</u>: transactions and other events are classified, presented and disclosed in the financial information in accordance with applicable regulations.



• <u>*Rights and obligations*</u>: the financial information reflects, at the corresponding date, the rights and obligations through the corresponding assets and liabilities, in accordance with the applicable regulations.

The SCIIF of ADIF-Alta Velocidad is inspired by COSO III; an internationally recognized integrated control reference framework, based on three key elements: documentary support for controls or evidence, continuous evaluation throughout the annual cycle and the established pyramid scheme of responsibilities.

The entity has an SCIIF Policy approved by its Board of Directors, which establishes the methodology, competencies and principles that lay the foundations of the SCIIF in ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

In particular, it includes the main responsibilities of the system:

- It is the responsibility of the President of the entity to ensure that the SCIIF is adequate and effective.
- The approval of the scope and the System Procedure corresponds to the SCIIF Committee.
- It is the responsibility of ADIF's Financial Management and Management Control, through ADIF's Office of Financial Planning and Budgets, to maintain, develop and coordinate the system in general.
- The supervision of the SCIIF corresponds to the Internal Audit Department, for which it includes in its annual action plan, whose approval is the responsibility of the Audit Committee, an analysis of the processes that are determined and will inform the aforementioned Committee of the results or more significant aspects of it.

Its worthy to note that ADIF's General Financial and Management Control Department, ADIF's Internal Audit Department, as well as the other directorates and personnel involved in the management and control of risks, carry out their functions within the framework established in the corresponding addendum to the Management Entrustment Agreement signed by the ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad, of January 31, 2014.

The entity has an SCIIF procedure for the management of this system, approved by the SCIIF Committee, which carries out the functions attributed to the different responsible parties and details the methodology to be followed.

The SCIIF is organized as a cyclical process that works continuously, thanks to which this system remains updated and current. This annual cycle is divided into six phases:

- <u>Determination of the scope of the SCIIF</u>. The identification of financial information risks has as a starting point, the analysis of the information contained in the financial statements by selecting the most relevant items according to quantitative and qualitative criteria. Once the relevant accounts are identified, they are associated to the operational processes, obtaining the scope of the SCIIF.
- <u>Documentation of new processes or updating existing ones</u>: The documentation of the identified processes consists mainly of narrative or description of the



process, flowcharts and matrices of risks and controls.

- <u>Execution of the controls and conclusion on their effectiveness</u>. The designed controls are executed throughout the cycle with the periodicity established by the owners of the controls or responsible for said activity. The system has a computerized risk management tool that supports the execution of controls and the maintenance of SCIIF documentation.
- <u>Supervision of the execution and effectiveness of the controls and follow-up of</u> <u>the action plans</u>. The supervision of the system is carried out every six months by the process supervisors.
- <u>Information and Communication</u>: Continuously monitoring and maintenance of the system is carried out by ADIF's Directorate of Financial Planning and Budgets.
- <u>Evaluation of the SCIIF</u>. Annually according to the scheme of responsibilities defined in the Policy and Procedures, each of the processes in which compile SCIIF and the System as a whole will be evaluated.

The processes included in the scope of the 2018 fiscal year were the following:

- 1. Fixed assets and Grant Management.
- 2. Income: Fees.
- 3. Financial instruments and Treasury.
- 4. Taxes.
- 5. Electric Energy.
- 6. Accounting and preparation of financial information.
- 7. Economic Register of Contracts.
- 8. Income: Leases.
- 9. Income: Optical fiber lease.

The SCIIF Committee, chaired by ADIF's General Financial and Management Control Director and made up of the Owners of the SCIIF processes, the Internal Audit, Treasury and Accounting, Planning and Budgets, and Risk Directors, have met twice in 2018.

In these sessions, in accordance with its operating rules, the annual review of the previous year, the approval of the scope of 2018, the follow-up of the 2018 cycle and the supervision carried out, as well as the proposal for the execution of the its review by the external auditor.

1.5. INFORMATION ON ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

1.5.1. Current and Predictable Effects of Business Activities

ADIF-Alta Velocidad has developed an Environmental Management System that has, as a fundamental purpose, prevention, mitigation, correction or compensation for the environmental impacts that may arise in the development of its activity, from the planning phase to exploitation, through the project, the construction and maintenance and maintenance of the railway infrastructures it manages.

All this, with a transversal vision that makes the most of the synergies between the aforementioned phases, and with the double objective of ensuring environmental legal



compliance and contributing as much as possible to the preservation of the environment and biodiversity.

In this sense, the main environmental aspects derived from the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad - and on which its Environmental Management System is centered are:

- The derivatives of the activities of construction of new lines, which imply the corresponding change of land use in favor of these new railway infrastructures, with the corresponding affections on land, fauna, vegetation and cultural heritage in the areas passed on and, in particular, about the natural spaces that may eventually be affected, as well as those produced on the population of the urban areas affected during the execution of the works and, especially, the noise and vibrations.
- Those produced during the operation of the new lines, both by the circulation of trains and the activities of conservation and maintenance of the infrastructures, facilities and stations associated with them.

In this phase, the noise and vibrations produced by the railway traffic and the maintenance activities in the stations and urban sections of the lines, as well as the impacts on the land and, in particular, those caused by accidents and incidents in the circulation or in the railway installations.

From this perspective, the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Environmental Management System is based on the UNE-EN-ISO: 14001 (2015) standard and is certified by AENOR.

However, this bet is not new since, since ADIF was established in 2005, the environmental certification obtained by the Red Nacional de los Ferrocarriles Españoles (RENFE), in force since 1999, was retained. Since then, the scope of certification, as well as the physical scope of application of the Management System has experienced an important expansion that, at present, covers the following aspects of the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad:

- The Management and coordination of the drafting of studies and projects of infrastructure and high-speed railway installations.
- The control and monitoring of compliance with the environmental conditions established in the DIAs, in the Environmental Surveillance Plans and applicable requirements in infrastructure construction activities and high-speed railway installations.
- The maintenance management of the platform, track and high-speed railway installations.
- The exploitation of high-speed passenger stations.

The implementation of an Environmental Management System based on the UNE-EN-ISO: 14001 Standard basically involves two issues:

- Guarantee compliance with environmental legislation applicable to the scope of certified activities and centers.
- Establish and implement continuous improvement objectives within the scope of the certified system that allow the improvement of the environmental management of said activities.



Regarding the relevance of environmental certification on the activities of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, it can be affirmed that, of the four scopes of the environmental management system described above:

- 100% of the first two, those linked to the environmental control of the design and construction activities of the new high-speed railway infrastructures, are covered.
- As for the maintenance of the platform, road and high-speed facilities, 100% of its activities are also covered.
- With regard to the operation of high-speed passenger stations, a relevance index has been formulated that establishes the percentage of passengers in the 21 certified stations included in the management system, with respect to the total number of registered passengers at high-speed stations.

Finally, and in relation to the environmental risks of the activities of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, in development of the ADIF Strategic Plan (Plan Transforma 2017-2020), in April 2018 the Risk Committee approved the Comprehensive Risk Management Procedure of the Entity and the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Risk Map was established.

In the aforementioned risk map, 15 strategic risks have been established, one of them being the risk of environmental incident, which is defined as the risk of an environmental incident that motivates an administrative complaint and/or causes damage to the environment and suppose loss of trust, reputation and economic.

This environmental risk has a result indicator (KPI) and three precursor risk indicators (Kri):

- Result indicator: No. of environmental administrative sanctions, classified as serious or very serious, imposed in firm to ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
- Precursor indicator 1: Number of environmental records initiated as serious or very serious, initiated in the quarter.
- Precursor indicator 2: % of Projects environmentally approved in the month that has required more than two Environmental Review Reports, before its approval.
- Precursor indicator 3: Number of Non-conformities in the Environmental Management System of the works, considered "environmental risk" that remain open for more than 3 months.

In this way, it is intended to monitor and periodically control the Entity's environmental risk, with all the specialized human resources, as well as the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Environmental Management System, fully oriented towards minimizing said risk.

	Ud.	2016	2017	2018	Goals 2019
Percentage of passengers in certified stations, with respect to the total number of passengers in high-speed stations.	%	44.2	45.3	46.0	N/A
Serious or very serious environmental administrative sanctions imposed in firm to ADIF- Alta Velocidad.	Nº	0	0	0	≤1



1.5.2. Pollution: Prevention Measures

Acoustic pollution is one of the adverse environmental aspects generated as a consequence of railway activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

The environmental impacts produced, in the form of emission of noise and vibrations, can come from the following sources:

- The railway traffic on the high-speed network.
- The activities carried out in the passenger stations of ADIF-Alta Velocidad. Basically emissions derived from public address systems, maneuvers for the composition of trains and the air conditioning systems of buildings.
- Maintenance operations of high-speed infrastructure, mainly those carried out by mechanized track equipment.
- The construction of the high-speed network.

Within the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Environmental Management System, based on the UNE-EN-ISO: 14001 (2015) standard and certified by AENOR, a procedure is included to receive, document and process acoustic complaints received. Of these, in the last three years, approximately 90% are related to noise problems and the remaining 10%, vibration problems.

On the other hand, regarding the planning of the fight against noise pollution in the service lines, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has been carrying out, requested by the Ministry of Public Works, the preparation of the Strategic Noise Maps (MER) and the Plans of Action (PAR) derived from them, corresponding to the High High-Speed Railway Hubs (those axes with a circulation greater than 30,000 annual trains), from its first phase, reserving the Ministry its public information and approval.

All this, in order to comply with the legislation in force in this matter, constituted by the Law 37/2003, of November 17, of the Noise, and the Royal Decrees 1513/2005 and 1367/2007.

In this way, in 2018 the MER (BOE 28.08.2018) and PAR (BOE 28.09.2018) corresponding to the 2nd Phase have been approved by the Ministry of Development.

Likewise, in 2019, work will begin on the preparation of the MER and PAR corresponding to the 3rd Phase and which will be drawn up for the traffics corresponding to the year 2016.

	2016	2017	2018
Own Claims of ADIF AV	15	11	18
Common Claims ADIF-ADIF AV	18	15	12
TOTAL	33	26	30

Claims for noise and vibrations ADIF-Alta Velocidad (2016-2018)



<u>CO2 emissions avoided by energy saving and efficiency measures</u>

ADIF-Alta Velocidad has a 2014-2020 Energy Saving and Efficiency Master Plan that continues the ADIF Master Plan for the 2009-2014 period.

With the implementation of the measures included in the Master Plan, energy savings are achieved, which entails, in turn, a reduction in CO2 emissions associated with this energy consumption.

At the close of 2018, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has implemented, since the beginning of the Plan in 2009, a total of 125 measures both in energy consumed for different use of traction (UdT) and in energy use for traction (UT)), achieving a reduction in emissions of 17,874 tCO2 / year.

	2016	2017 ⁽¹⁾	2018
UT (tCO ₂ /year)	13,052	14,471	12,375
UdT (tCO ₂ /year)	5,322	6,449	5,499
TOTAL (tCO ₂ /year)	18,374	20,921	17,874

(1) Updated data according to the emission factor published by REE for the peninsular mix in 2017.

The figure for CO2 emissions varies interannually depending on the emission factor used each year for the generation of electricity that is published by Red Eléctrica de España for the peninsular mix.

This Master Plan is being revised, extending its scope to the fight against climate change, so that the 2019 goals will be updated when the new Plan is approved.

1.5.3. Waste Management: Measures, Prevention and Circular Economy

Regarding the generation of hazardous waste in ADIF-Alta Velocidad, this is not considered a significant environmental aspect, given the reduced generation (in 2017, 3.98 tons were generated per year, compared to 115.18 tons of ADIF).

Spanish Strategy of Circular Economy (1)

During 2018, ADIF-Alta Velocidad together with ADIF have collaborated in the development of the Spanish Circular Economy Strategy (EEEC) contributing with a total of 7 projects framed within the axes of action in which the Strategy is structured.

Specifically, these projects are located in the following areas: Consumption, Waste Management, Secondary Commodities Market and Employment and Training.

The projects that were finally selected by the Ministry for the Ecological Transition (MITECO) to form part of the EEEC are:

¹ Información común a ambas entidades: ADIF y ADIF-Alta Velocidad.



- Elaboration of an environmental criteria catalog that facilitates the incorporation of these in the Administrative Clauses for the purpose that ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad promote the strategy of the Circular Economy and the Ecological Public Procurement in a transversal manner.
- Project "Area CERO2" (Last Green Mile).
- Effective management of surplus land from railway infrastructure works to favor the environmental recovery of degraded environments.
- Management of Construction Waste and Demolition in works of stations attached to the Direction of Passenger Stations.
- Increase the reuse of land in the restoration and landscape integration work.
- Recycled, regional and sustainable materials in Station Architecture Projects.
- Comprehensive program for the social recovery of unused railway assets, generating value through entrepreneurship or public service projects.

The EEEC passed the public information phase at the end of 2018 and is pending approval.

1.5.4. Sustainable Use of Resources: Energy and Fuel Consumption

Final energy consumption in own activities

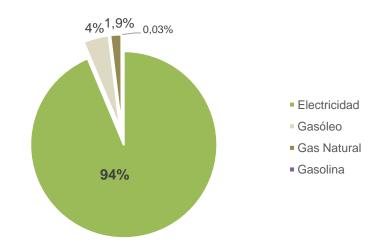
The final energy consumption of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in own activities is broken down in the following table according to the type of energy or fuel consumed for the period 2016-2018:

	2016	2017	2018
Electric Power(TJ/year)	507.40	531.56	570.79
Traction Use (UT)	196.22	218.34	254.39
Different Traction Use (UDT)	311.19	313.22	316.40
Diesel (TJ/year)	14.66	28.59	26.73
Diesel A – Automotive	0.72	1.29	1.21
Diesel B – Track Maintenance	2.68	26.30	8.46
Diesel B – Workshop Maneuvers	0.00	0.00	0.00
Diesel B – Oper. Aux. Terminals	0.00	0.00	0.00
Diesel B – Station Maneuvers	8.24	0.00	16.77
Diesel C – Heating	3.02	1.01	0.28
Petrol (TJ/year)	0.002	0.00	0.18
Autogas (TJ/year)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Natural Gas (TJ/year)	37.69	40.67	35.85
TOTAL	559.76	600.82	633.56

Type of Energy/Fuel



Distribution of consumption by type of fuel (%) (*)



(*) <u>Numerical data in the previous table "Type of Energy/Fuel"</u>

Indirect consumption of primary energy

The main indirect consumption of primary energy existing in ADIF-Alta Velocidad is attributable to the consumption of registered electricity.

The following table shows, for each type of primary energy source, the indirect consumption derived from the final consumption of electricity for the period 2016-2018:

	2016	2017	2018
Carbon	207.90	217.81	233.88
Natural gas	179.36	187.90	201.76
Petroleum derivatives	83.10	87.01	93.43
Nuclear	370.11	387.78	416.40
Fossil resources	840.48	880.50	945.48
Hydroelectric	75.81	79.41	85.27
Wind, solar, biomass and waste	216.77	227.07	243.83
Renewable resources	292.58	306.48	329.09
TOTAL	1,133.06	1,186.97	1,274.57

Primary energy sources

<u>Note:</u> Estimated based on the data on primary energy consumption in electricity generation of the last published Business Report, corresponding to the fourth quarter of 2016.

Final energy intensity

The final energy intensity - final energy consumption (in MJ consumed) per production unit representative of the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad (managed traffic, in km-train) - is an indicator that measures the energy efficiency of the management of the entity and,



in addition, the dependence on energy consumption in relation to the growth of the activity.

	2016	2017	2018
Final energy intensity	10.04	10.55	10.69
(MJ/km-train)	10.04	10.55	10.09

In the 2016-2018 period, the final energy intensity has increased by 6.5%, reaching 10.69 MJ / km-train in 2018, practically proportional to the increase in traffic managed, so that the consumption in relation to the activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.



The primary energy intensity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad was, in 2018, of 22.57 MJ / km-train managed, which represents a 6.2% increase in the period 2016-2018, similar to what happens with the intensity final energy

	2016	2017	2018
Primary energy intensity (MJ/km-train)	21.26	22.06	22.57



The primary energy intensity is clearly influenced by the contribution of renewable energies in the production of electrical energy distributed by the peninsular electrical system, since the primary energy consumption due to the electric power consumption in ADIF-Alta Velocidad was 90%, a figure very similar to that of the two previous years.



<u>Measures to improve energy efficiency</u>

During 2018, the implementation of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Energy Savings and Efficiency Master Plan 2014-2020 continued, stemming from the revision and updating of the previous 2009-2014 Plan.

This Plan is structured in 4 specific objectives, 12 action lines and a battery of technical measures, management and implementation of renewable energy generation systems. These measures focus on different areas: insulation, air conditioning, fuel, electricity, lighting, traction, etc.

Thus, at the end of 2018, ADIF-Alta Velocidad have implemented, since the beginning of the Plan in 2009, a total of 125 measures both in energy consumed for different traction use and in the use for traction, achieving the reduction of 81.47 GWheq/year of energy consumption.

	2016	2017	2018
UT (GWh/year)	56.36	56.36	56.36
UdT (GWh/year)	23.01	25.09	25.11
TOTAL (GWh/year)	79.37	81.45	81.47

This Master Plan is being revised, extending its scope to the fight against climate change, so that the 2019 goals will be updated when the new Plan is approved.



1.5.5. Climate Change: Measures Adopted and Means Implemented

The impact of ADIF-Alta Velocidad on greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) and, therefore, its contribution to climate change, is measured at two levels.

On the one hand, the emissions derived from its own activities, both direct and indirect, as a result of the final energy consumption recorded. These emissions correspond to the calculation of your carbon footprint for Scopes 1 and 2.

On the other hand, the emissions generated by the traction of the traffics that have been produced in the railway network it manages (the high-speed network) are calculated. In this case, it corresponds, therefore, with the emissions generated by the energy consumptions of the Railway Operators associated with the traction of their trains.

<u>GHG emissions in own activities</u>

ADIF-Alta Velocidad consumes electricity and fuels in its facilities and vehicles, which allow it to operate passenger stations, as well as to maintain the railway infrastructure it manages.

As a consequence of these consumptions, a series of emissions are generated, both direct and indirect, among which GHGs stand out due to their contribution to climate change.

The quantification of these emissions is done by calculating the carbon footprint, which is a tool that allows to know the GHG emissions associated with the activities developed by an organization. In the case of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the following scopes have been taken into account for its determination:

- <u>Scope 1</u>: Direct GHG emissions: from the consumption of gasoil and natural gas boilers, the traction engine material and machinery used in road maintenance, maneuvers and auxiliary operations, and the use of the vehicle fleet.
- <u>Scope 2</u>. Indirect GHG emissions: originated in the generation of electrical energy acquired and consumed by ADIF-Alta Velocidad, both for traction and for different traction uses.

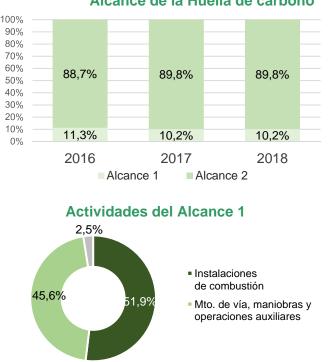
The following table shows the equivalent CO2 emissions (tCO2eq) per year for each of the above scopes in the 2016-2018 period:

		2016	2017	2018
Scope 1 Mtc	Combustion facilities	2,346.45	2,377.07	2,046,72
	Mto. of track, maneuvers and auxiliary operations	1,756.71	1,870.99	1,795,76,
	Vehicles	53.00	92.10	99,01
	Total Scope 1	4,156.16	4,340.16	3,941,49
Scope 2	Electric power consumption	32,787.59	38,135.11	34,684,49
	TOTAL (tCO2eq)	36,943,12	42,475.26	38,625.98

The carbon footprint registered in 2018 has seen a decrease of 9.1% compared to 2017.



Likewise, from the previous table it is possible to observe the evolution of the contribution of the scopes to the carbon footprint of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, verifying that the emissions associated to the consumed electric power suppose the main source of emissions (around 90%) while direct emissions are the remaining 10%:



Alcance de la Huella de carbono

Within the scope 1 activities, those with the highest proportion of GHG emissions are those related to the combustion installation (51.9%), followed by maintenance activities (45.6%). Finally, the emissions associated with fleet vehicles represent only 2.5% of the total emissions of scope 1.

Intensity of GHG emissions from own activities

GHG emissions can be measured based on the activity of the entity, taking into account the representative production unit (managed traffic, in Mkm-train).

	2016	2017	2018
GHG emissions intensity (tCO _{2eq} / Mkm-train)	662.6	745.9	651.9





It is observed that in the period 2016-2018, despite having increased the volume of traffics managed by ADIF-Alta Velocidad by 6.3%, GHG emissions have been reduced, so that the intensity has decreased by 1, 6% since 2016.

GHG emissions associated with traction

The electric power consumed by the railway operating companies with respect to the traction on ADIF-Alta Velocidad infrastructures also implies the emission of greenhouse gases, whose evolution in recent years has been as follows:

	2016	2017	2018
Tons of CO2 equivalent emitted from the electric traction	243,388	251,995	227,244





The emissions generated are indirect, that is to say, they do not occur during the circulation of the railway, but originate in the power generation plants, which is why they depend on the generation scheme of the peninsular electrical system. In 2018, this scheme has had a greater contribution of renewables than in 2017, going from 33.7% to 40.1% (according to data published by Red Eléctrica de España).

Plan to Combat Climate Change (integrated information ADIF and ADIF AV)

In the area of mitigation of climate change, as mentioned in previous sections, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has a 2014-2020 Energy Saving and Efficiency Master Plan that has allowed to reduce CO2 emissions thanks to the development and implementation of measures that have achieved savings in energy consumption since the previous Master Plan began in 2009.

On the basis of said Master Plan, taking advantage of the experience and knowledge acquired, during 2018 we have worked on the preparation of a Plan to Combat Climate Change 2018-2030, common to ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad, which will replace the Plans Directors of Savings and Energy Efficiency 2014-2020 of both entities.

This Plan aims to go beyond the energy efficiency, contemplating action measures in the field of decarbonisation of the rail system and the increase in the use of renewable energy.



Likewise, it is completed with actions in the field of adaptation to climate change that seek to improve the resilience of railway infrastructures.

In this way, the Plan is structured in the following lines of action:

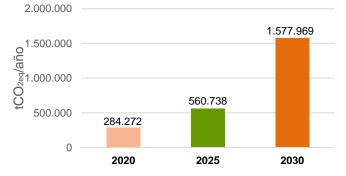
- Energy management.
- Energy efficiency.
- Decarbonization and renewable energies.
- Improvement of the resilience of railway infrastructures.
- Culture and awareness

The Plan is expected to be approved in the first quarter of 2019, establishing GHG emission reduction targets and setting specific targets for the years 2020, 2025 and 2030.

This Plan is aligned with the Master Plan for the Fight against Climate Change 2018-2030, approved in January 2019, prepared by ADIF, ADIF-Alta Velocidad and Renfe and whose purpose is the reduction of GHG emissions from the rail system and the sector. transport as a whole, through the improvement of energy efficiency and decarbonisation, promoting, likewise, the modal shift towards rail as the main contribution in the fight against climate change for the sector.

Thus, regarding the reduction of GHG emissions from the transport sector due to the increase in the modal share of the railway, the Master Plan estimates an accumulated reduction of emissions by 2030 of just over 8,000 ktC02eq.

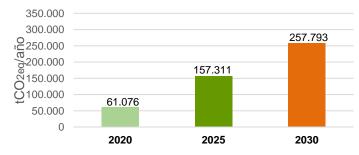
The goals to achieve in the period of the Master Plan would be:



Additionally, regarding the reduction of GHG emissions from the rail system due to the implementation of management measures, energy efficiency and decarbonisation, the Master Plan estimates an accumulated reduction of emissions by 2030 of some **1,500 ktC02eq**.

The goals in this case to reach in the period of the Master Plan would be:





In addition, with the purchase of green electric power (with certificates of Guarantee of Origin) made by ADIF-Alta Velocidad for the railway system as a whole and which has been operational since 2019, the Master Plan estimates an accumulated reduction of emissions by 2030 of some 7,700 ktC02eq.

In this way, the Anti-Climate Change Plan of ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad is nourished by the actions included in the joint Master Plan with Renfe and which are applicable to the Railway Administrators, completing with actions in the field of adaptation to climate change.

In relation to this last line of action, it should be noted that in 2018 ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad have formed a Working Group whose mission is to elaborate an internal standard that establishes the methodology to be followed to assess the vulnerability of infrastructures. railways to the adverse effects of climate change in the design phase.

It is intended that in the initial phases of definition of the construction projects of infrastructures, the impact of climate change in them is another variable to take into consideration for the design of infrastructures.

Likewise, ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad have participated in the elaboration of the "Final report on the sections of the state network of land transport infrastructures to which attention should be given priority due to the variability and climate change", of June 2018, prepared by CEDEX and with the support of the Ministry for Ecological Transition.

The analysis gathered in this report has allowed identifying those sections of the railway network on which to increase the level of attention in relation to their vulnerability to climate change.

1.5.6. Protection of biodiversity: Measures Adopted to Preserve Protected Areas

ADIF-Alta Velocidad plays a fundamental role so that the new high-speed railway infrastructures, in their different design, project and construction phases, comply with European and Spanish legislation in environmental material and, in particular, with what is established in the Environmental Impact Resolutions: Declarations (DIAs) or Reports (IIAs) approved by the Ministry for the Ecological Transition (MITECO), contributing as much as possible to the preservation of the environment and biodiversity, so as to ensure the sustainability of the rail system state high speed.



To achieve this objective, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has developed an Environmental Management System in accordance with the UNE-EN-ISO 14001 (2015) standard, which is certified by AENOR.

Said System contemplates, as basic environmental pillars, the environmental integration of the projects and the environmental monitoring of the works entrusted to ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

• Environmental integration of the projects.

The Ministry of Public Works has a delegate to the Presidency of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the approval of the projects entrusted to this public business entity. In addition, in accordance with the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Statute, this entity has the power to supervise the projects that are approved by it, as well as the certification of compliance with the DIA by them, if applicable.

In this way it aims to ensure compliance with the legislation on Environmental Evaluation of Plans and Projects (Law 21/2013, of December 9), as well as the rest of the current environmental legislation, acting ADIF-Alta Velocidad as a Substantive Organ.

Therefore, the environmental management of the environmental integration of the projects entails three fundamental aspects:

- Individualized analysis of each one of them, to determine if they should be subjected to environmental evaluation or not.
- If an environmental assessment process is not necessary; due to the fact that the project is not contemplated in the applicable legislation, or that it was previously submitted to the aforementioned process in the informative study phase developed by the Ministry of Public Works; is issued:
 - a. An Environmental Exemption Note for the project.
 - b. A Certificate of Compliance with the Environmental Impact Resolution of the platform construction project (DIA or IIA).
 - c. A Report of Adaptation to the Environmental Impact Resolution of the project (for actions other than the construction of the platform, such as via, facilities, electrification, etc.).

At the same time, the Environmental Integration Schedule of the Project is analyzed to ensure compliance with environmental legislation and the internal regulations and recommendations in force at ADIF-Alta Velocidad. This environmental supervision is specified in different Environmental Review Reports, until the corresponding Environmental Adequacy Report of the aforementioned Schedule is issued.

If an environmental assessment process is necessary, the project cannot be approved until it is completed, with the emission by the MITECO of the corresponding Environmental Impact Resolution.



• <u>Environmental monitoring of works.</u>

To ensure compliance with the requirements established in the Environmental Impact Resolutions of MITECO (DIAs and IIAs) and included in the Environmental Surveillance Plans of the Construction Projects, during the construction phase thereof, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has established in its Environmental Management System, an Environmental Construction Management System, certified by AENOR in 2010, which meant becoming the first European Infrastructure Manager to obtain this accreditation.

This system is based on the appointment, for each of the construction contracts of the different specialties, of an Environmental Construction Director (DAO). Said DAO is responsible for carrying out its monitoring and environmental control, in accordance with the specifications derived from the internal criteria of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in the field of environment, in force since 2005.

The system of Environmental Management of Work involves two basic aspects:

The periodic environmental control of the works. It is the one that the DAO carries out on site and is materialized in the normative reports (required by the Environmental Impact Resolution of MITECO: DIA or IIA) of environmental monitoring of the works.

These normative reports are:

- a. Start of Work Preliminary Reports
- b. Parallel Reports to the Stakeout Checking Act
- c. Reception of the Work Preliminary Reports
- d. Periodic Reports (whose term is usually different for each MITECO Resolution, the most common being the semi-annual periodicity).
- Environmental management of modified and complementary works projects, as well as emergency works.

Said management is specified in a manner analogous to that previously reflected for the Environmental Integration of the Construction Projects, giving rise to only two types of documents:

- a. Environmental Exemption Note for the Project or Emergency Work
- b. Environmental Review Report
- c. Report of Adaptation to the Resolution of Environmental Impact, valid for any type of construction work, regardless of its specialty.

In the case of the third type of document, the previous Report of the DAO of the corresponding contract is necessary.



Environmental supervision of ADIF-Alta Velocidad projects (2016-2018)

	2016	2017	2018
Exemption notes of the EIA procedure	17	3	28
Environmental adequacy reports	8	3	28
Adequacy reports to the DIA	25	28	48
Certificates of compliance with the DIA	-	9	26
Environmental review reports	152	162	265
TOTAL	202	205	395
Environmentally closed projects	39	40	100

Environmental supervision of ADIF-Alta Velocidad Works in regards to Modified, Complementary and Emergency Works (2016-2018)

	2016	2017	2018
Exemption Notes for the Environmental Impact Evaluation process	8	5	5
Reports of Adaptation to the Environmental Impact Statement of Modified and Complementary Work Projects	34	66	64
Emergency Works	6	5	5
Reports of Environmental Review of Modified and Complementary Projects of Work	44	77	68
TOTAL	94	153	142

Normative reports of environmental follow-up of ADIF-Alta Velocidad works (2016-2018)

	2016	2017	2018
Prior to the start of work	11	32	12
Parallel to the Verification Act of the stakeout	17	21	12
Prior to the reception of work	10	23	45
Periodic	333	352	225
TOTAL	371	428	294



1.6. INFORMATION ON SOCIAL AND PERSONNEL MATTERS

1.6.1. Milestones in People Management and Social Issues

The following milestones have marked ADIF-Alta Velocidad Human Resources management in 2018:

Organizational restructuring

In October 2018, the organizational restructuring of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and the appointments of those responsible were approved.

Developments of the 1st ADIF / ADIF Collective Agreement - Alta Velocidad

Work has continued on the professional management where management has finalized the presentation of its project that was transferred to the ADIF-Alta Velocidad trade unions and began the negotiation of the 1st ADIF-Alta Velocidad Equality Plan.

The II Collective Agreement of ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad was negotiated, which concluded with the signing of a Pre-Agreement pending administrative authorization. In the same are collected for further development, a multitude of measures in employment, economic treatment, professional management, working hours, social policy, equality and conciliation among many others.

<u>Absenteeism rate</u>

Shown in the attached table in point 1.6.3.

<u>Training</u>

During 2018, a specific Training Plan was approved for ADIF-Alta Velocidad personnel, with a range of 14,279 hours, which represented an average of 69.7 hours of training per worker per year. During the year, meetings were held with the representatives of the Training Advisory Council, an advisory body envisaged in the labor regulations, made up of representatives of the company and union representatives of the workers; and among its functions are the supervision and monitoring of the training process.

ADIF-Alta Velocidad Equality Plan

Currently in ADIF-Alta Velocidad the ADIF Equality Plan is in force and the first Equality Plan is being prepared. The situation diagnosis was presented in equality of the same, in which its personnel participated. Measures of conciliation, equality, social benefits, action protocols in situations of harassment and against gender violence that exist in ADIF regulations are also in force.

Incentives and social benefits

In addition to the variable remuneration based on the fulfillment of different objectives to be fulfilled by the employees (transversal personnel, contribution to the team and the catalog of competencies), ADIF-Alta Velocidad offers a wide range of social benefits to



improve personal and work life to its workers covered by the Agreement., offering their employees non-remunerative benefits or social benefits such as:

- Health promotion: preventive medicine campaigns, vaccinations, medical tests.
- Plan of Action against Drug Addiction and Alcoholism (PACDA).
- Aid for extraordinary medical expenses, temporary disability benefits complementary to those of the Social Security, supplement benefits for temporary disability.
- o Life insurance.
- Transportation tickets with free fare in local trains and regional trains, and special fares in large trips and AVE.
- o Aid for disabled children.
- o After-life benefits.
- o Advances.
- Legal defense.
- Foster care and guardianship of disabled elderly people, unmarried partners: they are recognized regardless of their sexual orientation the same benefits as those of right.
- Moving to other positions due to loss of powers.
- Mobility by meeting of spouse or domestic partner.
- Facilities or discounts in services.
- CFV Training Center for employees and relatives.

In addition to the above measures, after the signing of the 1st Collective Agreement of ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the aid scheme for children with intellectual disabilities has been improved, as well as some medical aid.

On the other hand, it is important to point out that of those employees who benefit from the right to parental leave, once this permit is completed, 100% return to their jobs.

	Hombres	Mujeres
Empleados que se han acogido al permiso parental	2	3
Total		5

<u>Work-life balance</u>

The Equality Plan establishes the initiatives promoted and offered in terms of work and personal conciliation for ADIF-Alta Velocidad employees. The fundamental objectives of this plan are:

- o Advance equal treatment and opportunities between women and men in the entity
- Eliminate possible discrimination based on sex.
- Promote the equal value of men and women in all areas, as well as the elimination of stereotypes.



 The reconciliation measures existing in ADIF-Alta Velocidad are included in its labor regulations and its basic content can be consulted by all workers within the Portal Inicia.



1.6.2. Employee Distribution: Information and Analysis Tables

Below are several tables that describe the distribution of workers as of December 31, 2018 by management areas, by professional groups, by age and by their seniority in the company, and their geographical distribution by autonomous communities

MANAGEMENT AREA	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
High Speed Construction Management	105	50	155
Telecommunications	31	8	39
Energy and Energy Efficiency	6	1	7
Circulation Safety Management	2	1	З
Corporation and General Services	2	T	2
TOTAL	146	60	206

PROFESSIONAL GROUPS	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL
Operating personnel and MMII	18	12	30
Support Structure	47	22	69
Management Structure	81	26	107
TOTAL	146	60	206

AGE	% MALES	% FEMALES	% TOTALS
Below 35 years	2.43%	0.48%	2.91 %
Between 35 and 50 years	38.35%	20.87%	59.22%
Above 50 years	30.09%	7.78%	37.87%

SENIORITY	% MALES	% FEMALES	% TOTALS
Between 0 y 11 years	28.15%	15.54%	43.69%
Between 12 y 19 years	19.41%	7.77%	27.18%
Between 20 y 27 years	3.89%	1.45%	5.34%
Between 28 y 35 years	4.86%	2.43%	7.29%
Above 35 years	14.56%	1.94%	16.50%



RI	GIONS	MALES	FEMALES	ΤΟΤΑ	L		
ANDALUCÍA		12	3	15			
CASTILLA LEĆ	N	10	1	11			
CATALUÑA		6	2	8			
EXTREMADU	RA	2		2			
MADRID		111	50	161			
PAÍS VASCO		1	З	4			
COMUNIDAD	/ALENCIANA	4		4			
ABROAD			1	1			
Т	OTAL	146	60	206			
Non-financial			Indicators o	f result/impa	ict		
information (Law 11/2018,	Descriptive text		QUANTIT	ATIVE DATA			
of December 28)		Indicator description	Units	5	2016	2017	2018
	Distribution of		No. wor	kers	25	25	30
	employees by professional category	Support structure	No. wor	kers	84	75	69
	category	Management structure	No. wor	kers	105	105	107
	Measures the degree of retention and attraction of the managerial staff. Useful to achieve strategic direction of society.	Management retention rate	(Additions+Withdrawals) * 100/2) / Average workers and without taking into account the staff affected by the sale of tickets that was transferred in 2017 to the RENFE Group		0.47	0.47	2.25
PEOPLE AND SOCIAL ISSUES	Measures the turnover rate of the workforce, regardless of the employee's role.	Staff retention rate	(Additions+With 100/2) / Averag and without t account the staff the sale of ticke transferred in 2 RENFE G	ge workers aking into f affected by ets that was 2017 to the	2.09	2.84	3.64
	New additions	New employees (EPO)	Growth of the w the period (n workers inc	umber of	0	0	0
		Collective negotiation	nº collective ag signed in		1	1	1
	Collective negotiation	Employees covered by collective bargaining agreement	% of employees collective ba agreem	rgaining	51.16	48.78	48.06

(*) Diversity: Salary gap (average remunerations by professional categories)

ADIF-Alta Velocidad



MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE	SALARY
Female	59,551.11
Male	65,235.88
SUPPORT STRUCTURE	SALARY
Female	48,881.61
Male	48,591.11
MMII	SALARY
Female	33,198.69
Male	33,685.83
OPERATIVE	SALARY
Female	27,993.13
Male	29,216.62

(*) Labor regulations and salary tables applied by ADIF -Alta Velocidad prevent any discrimination based on sex. The difference in average salaries between men and women is motivated by the subsequent incorporation of women into the labor market, in quantitative terms, which also affects ADIF and ADIF AV in particular; therefore, the trend is the continued reduction of this wage gap, with the average equalization of male and female seniority.

1.6.3. Organization of Social Dialogue and Health and Safety at Work

Regarding this matter, the dialogue between ADIF-Alta Velocidad and its staff is structured through periodic meetings between the Entity and the Work Center Committee in Madrid and Staff Delegates in Seville, León and Barcelona, as well as in the existing Commissions: Safety in Circulation, Occupational Safety and Health, Advisory Council on Training and Social Policy and Equality. As well as those emanated from the Collective Agreement. In the pre-agreement of the II Collective Agreement of ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad, measures related to occupational health and safety are included, in addition to those existing in the regulations of the company. The 75.80 of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad staff is covered by the Collective Agreement.



Non-financial information (Law 11/2018,	Indicators of result/impact QUANTITATIVE DATA				
of December Indicator description 28)		Units	2016	2017	2018
	Days lost due to work accident or occupational diseases	Total number of days lost (days lost due to accidents in itinere are not included)	0	11	0
	Index in preventive medicine % of employees medicine participating in preventive medicine		25%	19.72%	21.62%
	Index on labor accidents.	‰	0	14.06	0
Incidence index (No. of accidents with no-in-itinere leave * 1,000) / Number of Average Workers)	Male	0	6.56	0	
	Female	0	32.79	0	
PEOPLE AND	Severity index (days lost for every	‰	0	0.03	0
SOCIAL ISSUES	1,000 hours worked)	Male	0	0.01	0
		Female	0	0.08	0
		No.	0	0	0
	Occupational diseases	Male	0	0	0
		Female	0	0	0
	Social Assistance Supplement	EUROS amount of social assistance (for medical expenses) per employee	1,800	1,226	2,472
	Absenteeism rate	% of workdays lost due to mild common illness	1.,56	3	2.97

1.7. OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION OF THE ENTITY

1.7.1. Measures Adopted to Prevent Corruption and Bribery

Within the framework of the strategic orientation of ADIF-Alta Velocidad and the commitment to create value for society and with the aim of developing a governance and management model that binds ADIF-Alta Velocidad as a well-governed and governed Public Entity under the principles of ethics and transparency, a Corporate Anti-Fraud Policy is established.

The Fight against Fraud is a fundamental pillar of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Regulatory Compliance model. Its fundamental documents are:

- Corporate Anti-Fraud Policy.
- Procedure of Prevention, Detection and Management of Fraud that establishes the principles and guidelines to fight against fraud.
- Institutional Declaration of Fight Against Fraud.

In ADIF-Alta Velocidad, fraud is any act, or omission, intended, designed to deceive ADIF-Alta Velocidad, or a third party by means of, on behalf of, or using ADIF-Alta Velocidad resources, resulting in a loss and/or gain for ADIF-Alta Velocidad, for the perpetrator, for a person linked to ADIF-Alta Velocidad, for a third party or a combination of the above.



Fraud often involves the use of deception. The intention is the fundamental element that differentiates fraud from irregularity.

This Policy applies to all members of the Board of Directors, Senior Management and in general, without exception and whatever their position, responsibility, occupation or geographical location, to all employees of ADIF-Alta Velocidad. They are all "Subject Persons."

Principles that ADIF-Alta Velocidad has to fight against fraud:

All subject persons must comply with the legislation applicable to personnel at the service of the Administration in terms of behavior in the business and use of public resources. ADIF-Alta Velocidad, as a Public Business Entity, is committed to integrity in the management of public resources, reaching this commitment to the entire organization and being led by the Board of Directors and Senior Management. The activity of ADIF-Alta Velocidad must respond at all times to the public interest and to the values embodied in its Code of Ethics and Conduct, so that each action and each decision taken meets the following premises:

- Be legally valid.
- Be ethically acceptable.
- Be desirable for society and for the Entity.
- Each person is willing to take responsibility for it before their peers, family members and citizens in general.

To demonstrate its commitment to zero tolerance for fraud and corruption, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has measures to prevent and detect, as far as possible, any fraudulent activity and, if applicable, correct its consequences. This control system is developed in the Procedure for the Prevention, Detection and Management of Fraud that establishes the objectives, responsibilities and anti-fraud measures of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

In addition, as a beneficiary of Community Funds, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has implemented the anti-fraud cycle that the European Commission requires as part of the anti-fraud measures in the management of European Funds. All this is specified in the Risk Management Procedure for Fraud in Community Funds.

Risk Management Procedure for Fraud in Community Funds, whose purpose is to establish the responsibilities, methodology and activities carried out in ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad in the anti-fraud cycle. This cycle includes all those measures aimed at the prevention, detection, correction and prosecution of Fraud. The combination of measures in these four elements of the anti-fraud cycle allows a proactive, structured, targeted and comprehensive approach to fraud risk management, as recommended by the European Commission, thus significantly reducing the risk of fraud and providing sufficient deterrence. On November 8, 2018, the Subcommittee for Fraud Risk Self-Assessment in Community Funds was established. Its main responsibility is to prepare, with the periodicity established in the Procedure, the Fraud Risk Self-Assessment, in terms of impact and probability, using the tools provided by the European Commission or others that could be established by ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad. This self-assessment, which contains more than 100 controls, must be reviewed and updated annually).



ADIF-Alta Velocidad will ensure that people subject to this Policy are kept aware of the need to not tolerate fraud in the Entity and that they receive adequate training in this regard.

Any person subject who suspects that a fraudulent activity is taking place must communicate this situation through the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Ethics Channel.

Other related policies:

- Code of Ethics and Conduct of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.
- Fraud Prevention, Detection and Management Procedure.
- Risk Management Procedure for Fraud in Community Funds.
- Policy on Prevention and Management of Conflict of Interest.
- Ethical Channel Management Procedure.

Non-financial		Descriptive	Ir	ndicators of QUANTITA			
(Law 11/2018, 28		text	Indicator description	Units	2016	2017	2018
			Notifications ethical channel (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV).	N₽	57	73	57
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION AND BRIBERY	Measures take corruption a	•	Declarations of conflicts of interest (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV).	N₽	N/A	N/A	794
			nº students trained in ethics (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV)	N₽	568	238	542



1.7.2. Social Commitments in Sustainability, Subcontracting of Suppliers and Consumers

Non-financial information (Law 11/2018, of December 28)			I	idicators of result/impact QUANTITATIVE DATA			
		Descriptive text	Indicator description	Units	2016	2017	2018
		Collaboration with NGOs and other non- profit entities	Education, culture and values (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV).	M impacted people	3.12	1.81	2.00
	Commitments of the company with sustainable development: the impact	Collaboration with NGOs and other non- profit entities	Solidarity campaigns (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV).	m euros	288	299.93	379.12
INFORMATION PERFORMANCE IN PERFORMANCE IN INFORMATION	Universal accessibility for people with disabilities	Accessibility in ADIF-Alta Velocidad stations only (Integrated ADIF - ADIF AV).	% passengers	80.08	81.21	83.19	
THE COMPANY AND PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY	RESPONSIBILITY local communities and the modalities of	Social Dialogue Workers Representatives	Collective agreements signed in force	nº	1	1	1
dialogue with them; membership of national and international associations; sponsorship actions; collective agreements agreed.	membership of national and international associations;	Membership of international	Presence in associations and international organizations	nº	N/A	184	218
	associations / International projects	Presence in international projects and activities	nº	N/A	145	158	
		Membership of national associations	Membership of national associations	nº	N/A	2	2

In 2018, Purchasing and Contracting Management, within its strategic objectives, established the "Approval of a Catalog that collects ecological criteria and social criteria for its mandatory incorporation in the Technical Specifications and Administrative Clauses for the contracting of works/services/supplies "(within Sustainability Pillar OE 3.1 Sustainable Business) that will be applicable to both ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad contracts.

In the absence of approval only, these catalogs propose the incorporation of social and environmental criteria, additional to those established by the LCSP, distinguishing on the one hand the inclusion of cross-application clauses to all contracts of ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad; and, on the other hand, the inclusion of clauses that only apply to a type of contract or to a specific benefit. In each case, they would be collected as solvency requirements, as award criteria or as special execution conditions. Being an objective of 2018, the indicators have not yet been defined, nor is there a historical series yet.

SOCIAL COMMITMENTS.-IMPACT OF ACTIVITY IN SOCIETY

ADIF-Alta Velocidad is aware of the significant impact that the development of its activity has on the communities in which it operates and in the country as a whole. The quality and availability of railway infrastructures, their safety, the impact of these infrastructures on economic development and social cohesion, the need to harmonize the



development of the network with respect for the environment, the opportunities offered by rail in the fight against climate change, the need to be an example of integrity and transparency as a public company that needs the confidence of citizens, etc. All this has an effect on the quality of life of citizens, and as we indicated at the beginning, "improving the lives of people" is our main purpose as a public service company.

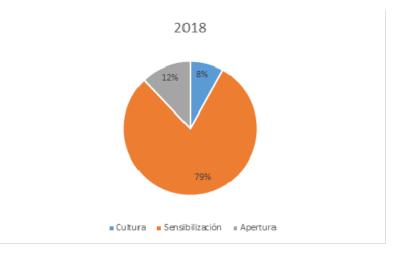
Therefore, it is important to take into account the different impacts we have on citizens and how we try to guide the strategy so that these impacts are increasingly positive, covering the purely operational and service dimension, but also the economic, social, environmental dimension and of government of the entity.

We highlight some projects that we understand are also relevant and have a more specific social nature:

Open Station Program

In line with the objective of ADIF-Alta Velocidad to optimize its external social impact in local environments, this program was born as an integral project that allows to coordinate and develop cultural, social and environmental initiatives in railway stations managed by ADIF, always under criteria of Social Responsibility and Sustainability and non-commercial purposes. With this program are offered, in short, spaces open to citizens.

In 2018, 413 activities were carried out in 68 different stations with an audience of 2.02 million people. The average assessment of the activities was of 8.8. The direct economic return reported by the entities participating in the activities carried out at the stations amounts to 17,324 euros and 3,015 members. The program has three main lines of action where the activities that are carried out are combined:



<u>Audioguide Service</u>

Within the UBICA project in October 2013, the Audioguide Service was implemented in the Madrid Chamartín and Madrid Puerta de Atocha stations. This service offers people with visual disabilities access to the station in an autonomous way, facilitating mobility by obtaining and reproducing structured audio files in



sections and chapters (access information, distribution of spaces, location of the main services of the station, routing from the Interactive Information Points to the Customer Service, Information and Ticket Sales, to the Atendo Help Service, toilets and access to station platforms and exits).

The audioguides are available in Spanish and can be played and/or downloaded from the ADIF-Alta Velocidad website and played from the Interactive Information Points installed at the stations.

Dialogue Service

This service is aimed at deaf and hearing impaired people to facilitate communication and access to the service information of the stations. DIALOGA consists mainly of a video-interpretation service in Spanish sign language in the Customer Service Offices and in a public address service of the station that is represented textually in the information monitors.

The most relevant incidents, emergency situations and other messages of a general nature in sign language are transmitted through the information monitors. In addition, a telephone information and text communication service is available for mobile devices.

Through ADIF's corporate website, ADIF-Alta Velocidad stations can be consulted adapted in their services and facilities to the needs of deaf and hearing impaired people.

2. ACTIONS PERFORMED IN THE BUSINESS AREAS OF THE ENTITY

2.1. NEW HIGH SPEED LINES

The following describes the main actions of 2018, and the situation existing at the end of the year:

2.1.1. Construction

L.A.V. Madrid-Extremadura

In 2018, the works on the platform between Talayuela and Badajoz continued, according to the planned schedule; including the connecting branches in Plasencia, and the connecting branches to the north and south of Cáceres; The drafting work of the platform adaptation projects between Talayuela and Plasencia was also initiated. In this way, the platform between Plasencia and Cáceres is quite advanced, being practically completed between Cáceres and Badajoz.

During 2018, the track assembly between Mérida-Badajoz has also been completed, and the adaptation to the international section of the Aljucén-El Carrascalejo section is almost complete; The projects for road renewal, adaptations and links between Monfragüe and Plasencia, and the adaptation of the accesses to the Cáceres, Mérida, Aljucén and -Badajoz stations, are being drafted. In addition, the road duplication project between Cáceres and Mérida has started.



Likewise, in this year 2018, the bidding of the contract for the electric traction substations and transformation centers in the Plasencia Badajoz section has begun; areas of Cañaveral, Carmonitas and Sagrajas.

With respect to the facilities, the execution of civil protection and security installations in tunnels continues, with the construction of security and communications facilities, and the GSMR between Plasencia and Badajoz.

The writing of the projects of architectural performances in the stations of Cáceres, Mérida, Plasencia and Badajoz has finished.

L.A.V. Antequera-Granada

During 2018 platform works, track assembly, catenary and facilities were completed, being in the testing phase of ERTMS N2.

L.A.V. Olmedo-Zamora-Lubián-Orense

- 1) <u>Zamora-Pedralba de la Pradería</u>: Of 110 kms in length, the route consists of five subsections, four of which are completely finished; being the most characteristic singular works: 7 tunnels (4.5 kms.) and 14 viaducts (4 kms.). During 2018, the platform works were completed, with the exception of the Cernadilla-Pedralba section. The execution of the central sections and the track assembly has also continued, finding a section pending reception; the lane of the general roads has almost been entirely installed, pending the installation of the secondary roads of the two existing PAET; the installation of deviations and expansion devices has begun; the mounting base of the Hiniesta has been executed; the execution of the offices and warehouses for the maintenance of the line continues; Work continued on the contact and energy overhead line, security installations, fixed and mobile telecommunications, as well as civil protection and security; and finally, to say that the actions in the power substations have been completed, and the energy remote control work has begun.
- 2) Pedralba de la Pradería-Ourense: Of 101 kms from Pedralba to Taboadela and 22 subsections, which run on left and right tracks, except for the first 5 kms of the Pedralba section-Padornelo tunnel and the last 3 km between Porto and Taboadela (22 km), which have been designed as a single platform with double track; and the tunnels predominate in the layout, reaching a total length of 125 km, compared to 9.4 km of viaducts. During 2018 the stretches of Miamán-Ponte Ambía, Túnel del Espiño VD, Túnel de la Canda-Vilavella, Túnel del Espiño VI, Campobecerros-Portocamba, Vilariño-Campobecerros VD, Túnel de Cañizo VI, Túnel de Prado VI, Ponte Ambía -Taboadela, Túnel de la Canda vía izquierda, Vilariño-Campobecerro VI and Cañizo VD have been completed and received.
- 3) <u>Taboadela-Ourense (14 Kms current corridor + 2 Kms connection branch)</u>



In order to put into service the works executed prior to the execution of the exterior variant of Ourense, the current corridor will be used from Taboadela, where a width changer will be installed; and for this, the Council of Ministers authorized the transfer of the Taboadela-Ourense section to ADIF-Alta Velocidad on April 6, 18. During 2018, work has begun on the Connection Branch in Taboadela and the Remodeling of the Ourense station (adaptation of roads and platforms); the contracts of the Third lane + Infrastructure Taboadela-Ourense and the Chancelier of Taboadela have been awarded, assembly of track in connection branch and remodeling of Taboadela station; the bidding of the Taboadela-Ourense Complementary Actions contracts, and the contact overhead line and associated systems of Pedralba-Taboadela-Ourense; and finally, the execution of the new high-speed station in Sanabria has begun, in addition to the tender for the work of the Puerta de Galicia station.

L.A.V. León-Asturias (Variante de Pajares)

The Pajares Variation, 49.6 km, is divided into eleven infrastructure contracts, of which eight correspond to the platform, two to complementary civil works inside the tunnels, and one to external civil works. During 2018, work on the Sotiello-Campomanes section was completed, leaving only the stabilization works in areas outside the platform and in the final part of the section that affect an electricity line (a new emergency has been approved, which collect these actions); and finally, electrification, civil protection, energy and security and communications facilities have continued.

<u>L.A.V. Madrid-Levante</u>

- During 2018, work has continued on the expansion of two to four lanes of the Madrid-Sur LAV between Madrid (Atocha) and Torrejón de Velasco, and the works inside the Atocha-Chamartín tunnel; and the testing phase has continued, still continuing in 2019, which will allow it to be put into service.
- 2) <u>Monforte del Cid Murcia</u>: The section of Monforte del Cid Murcia consists of 65 km of double track electrified by alternating current 2x25 Kv. At the end of July 2018, the provisional access route to Murcia, for commuter trains, goods and long distance (the current circulations) has been put into service, in Iberian gauge; allowing to release, in large part, the current way of the work in progress and continue with the burial of entry to Murcia. In addition, during 2018, the track assembly works, Civil Protection, energy and safety and maintenance facilities have been completed, with the contact air lines close to completion until the El Reguerón PAET (the general roads have been completely installed , as well as those in the section of the station of Elche AV and San Isidro, and we only need to energize the sectional pathways of the Callosa, Orihuela and Beniel stations, the Elche AV station has been completed, and finally, we have continued with the execution works of phase I of the accesses to Murcia, and the tender for the actions corresponding to phase II has begun (undergrounding of the station, Barriomar and Nonduermas).

<u>L.A.V. Almería-Murcia</u>



The Murcia-Almería section of the Mediterranean High Speed Corridor, has an estimated length of 184 km, and there are 4 stretches with the platform works completed between Vera and Los Arejos. During 2018, work has begun on the integration of the railroad in Puche, and the bidding of the contracts of Pulpí - Vera, Los Arejos - Níjar, Níjar - Río Andarax, Andaráx - El Puche, Nonduermas - Sangonera, Sangonera - Totana and Totana - Lorca has begun; and in addition, the Totana-Totana project is being written.

Vandellós-Área de Tarragona

During 2018, the track assembly works continued, being close to completion; the testing phase of the security, traffic control and telecommunications facilities has continued; and in addition, work has continued on the stations of Cambrils and L'Hospitalet de L'Infant, as well as on the Paet de Rifà (Montroig del Camp), and its completion is near.

L.A.V. Valladolid-Palencia-León

During 2018, work has continued on the implementation tests of the ERTMS Level 2 system; Work has begun on the drafting of the platform and track project for the integration of the railway in the city of Palencia, in its South access; Work has begun on the drafting of the RAF Palencia duplication project - Vilecha AV Bifurcation; and finally, the drafting of the Palencia-León duplication electrification project is in tender.

L.A.V. Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria

During 2018, between the stations of Valladolid and Venta de Baños (39.3 km), within the Valladolid-León LAV, the works have been completed, and this section is in service; Infrastructure works, track assembly, electrification and remote control, and security and communications facilities have been continued, practically completed, with the exception of the Estépar-Variante Burgos section.

L.A.V. Vitoria-Bilbao-S. Sebastián

Between the stations of Vitoria and Bilbao, nine stretches of platform are completed; continuing during 2018 the execution of the works in five more sections, although, two of them are without activity; Work has begun on the Mondragón-Bergara contracts, sector 1, sector 2 and sector 3; and in addition, the works of the Atxondo-Abadiño section, the works of the new emergency exits in tunnels, and the drafting of the new project for the works of the Elorrio-Elorrio section are in tender.

LAV Barcelona - Frontera Francesa

During 2018, the works on the Structure of the La Sagrera Station, as well as its access, after a paralysis of more than three years have been restarted; works that are advancing at a good pace, having practically completed the foundation slab of the Station, where pillars and girders are currently being erected. Likewise, the execution of phase 1 of the collector of Rambla Prim has been completed, and phase 2 of which is pending relocation within the lower level of La Sagrera Station (roads corresponding to the Rodalies lines); Work has begun on the execution of three additional Emergency Exits in the Sants-Sagrera tunnel, and the execution of ground improvement treatments prior to excavation with a vertical tunnel boring machine (VSM), which is scheduled to begin



work in mid-March 2019; in relation to another emergency exit located in Montcada and whose execution was resumed during 2018, the corresponding well has been installed and finished, as well as its facilities, only connecting them to the remote control; regarding the Project of additional Civil Protection measures for the tunnels of this LAV, it is in a high degree of progress, as well as its complementary works (reinforcement of the 750 V line); Phase 1 (Pozo Bombeo de Montcada) and 2 (Tunnels of Gerona) have also been completed, and phase 3 is expected to be completed in 2019 (remaining tunnels).

<u>Nudo de la Encina-Alcudia-Xátiva</u>

During 2018, the works of platform, track, electrification and CMS of conventional width between Alcudia de Crespins and Mogente have been completed, being in the training period of train drivers, so its commissioning is very close; The drafting of the track and catenary project in conventional width between Mogente and Nudo de la Encina has also been started, whose model will be delivered in February / 2019, and whose actions will allow changing the width after the current conventional line between the Nudo de the Encina and Xátiva, connecting thus in standard width Valencia with the LAV Albacete-Alicante, in addition to Monforte-Murcia-Almeria.

2.1.2. Security Systems - Telecommunications

L.A.V. Madrid-Extremadura

The Telecommunications facilities continue in the Cáceres-Badajoz section:

- The corresponding civil work has continued to be carried out.
- 85% of fiber optic cables are installed.
- The model of telecommunications networks has been made, checking the operation of them.
- The drafting of the phase II project (between Plasencia and Cáceres) has begun.

With regard to the GSM-R facilities in the Cáceres-Badajoz section, civil works have been carried out in more than 90% of the sites.

L.A.V. Antequera-Granada

During 2018, the work in Fixed Telecommunications has been completed, and all the networks have been put into service.

Regarding access control (video surveillance and anti-intrusion), it has advanced in its commissioning up to 95%; being finalized, with respect to fixed telecommunications and video surveillance, the installation in the Station of Travelers of Antequera AV, for not being in execution; as well as the part of the Granada Passenger Station located in the Renfe Space area.

With respect to the GSM-R installations, all the sites are executed, being in the optimization phase and testing the facilities.

L.A.V. Olmedo-Zamora-Lubián-Orense

In relation to Fixed Telecommunications, during 2018:



- 85% of all trunk fiber optic lines have been made.
- 80% of the buildings have been equipped with the elements that make up the telecommunications networks.
- The SDH transmission equipment and Telecommunications power have also been commissioned to service the La Hiniesta fork.
- Regarding video surveillance equipment, access control and anti-intrusion, 30% of the total allocated to the section has been advanced in its installation.
- With regard to GSM-R installations, civil works have been carried out in 100% of the sites.

In relation to Fixed Telecommunications, during 2018 a contract modification was requested, together with the Signage and Conditions techniques; advancing, in turn, in the drafting of the construction project, being the situation analogous to the GSM-R facilities.

<u>L.A.V. Madrid-Levante</u>

In the Chamartin-Atocha section, fixed telecommunications facilities are already completed. The protection and security facilities are in the integration phase. The GSM-R installations are completely finished, and the optimization tests of the system are being finalized.

In the section Monforte del Cid-Murcia, the access works to Murcia is in its execution, and the proposal of adaptation of the works in order to make them compatible with the burial of the station and the arrival at height -8m has been accepted. Regarding Fixed Telecommunications installations, they are available in this section, and the integration works in the managers are continuing. As far as the Protection and Security facilities are concerned, they are in the integration phase; and over the installations of GSM-R, the civil work has been completed throughout the section; and finally, in the sub-section Monforte-Beniel, the equipment has already been installed.

Vandellós-Área de Tarragona (High Speed link with the Mediterranean Corridor)

The Fixed Telecommunications installations are in the process of completing the exploitation and telecommunication integration works, as well as the passage of some services that run through the old fiber cables to the new ones (this last will have to be done just before the laying in service). The rest of the networks are already available; the protection and security facilities are in the integration phase; the GSM-R Mobile Telecommunications facilities, in the Tarragona-Vilaseca section, are completely finished in the absence of completion of tests with train circulations; and finally, the installations of the Tren-Tierra system on the Vandellós-Tarragona section have also been completed.

L.A.V. Valladolid-Burgos-Vitoria.

Fixed Telecommunications installations are executed to Burgos with the exception of those affected by the replacement of the viaduct over the Arlanzón River (currently in execution); and in addition, GSM-R mobile telecommunications facilities are fully completed, in the absence of optimization tests and quality of service with train circulations.



2.2. HERITAGE AND URBANISM

During 2018, the New North Madrid Project continued. On September 19, 2018, the Secretary General of Infrastructures decided to provisionally approve the "Informative Study of the new railway complex of the Madrid-Chamartin station", and initiate the corresponding process of public information and hearing. On September 20, 2018, the Governing Board of the Madrid City Council agreed on the Initial Approval of the Specific Modification of the Madrid General Plan (MPPGOUM). Finally, on December 28, 2018, the Railway Public Entities and the Castellana Norte District (DCN) signed the "Document to Modify the Revised Text of the Contract signed by Renfe. Today ADIF, ADIF-Alta Velocidad, RENFE-Operadora and RENFE Manufacture and Maintenance, SME, and DUCH, today DCN, on preferential adjudication of the rights of the former in relation to the urban development of the Chamartin and Fuencarral Railway Sites, in Madrid".

Additionally, the Entity has continued to develop its usual asset management activity, highlighting the following activities:

Concessions and Administrative Authorizations

The Administrative Concession of the lands occupied by the Vía Parque has been processed in the scope of the OI/2 of Alicante, and the Concession for the Servitude of the CRT-2, in the scope of Valencia Central Park.

Proposed Declaration of Unnecessaryness and Agreement of Desafectación

Deregulation records have been made on 1.888.600,96 m² of surface (mostly land used for landfills or material extraction, due to the AVE, and also for supported expropriations and reversal requests); and among them stands out the one carried out on the ground and the flight of the plot under which the railway tunnel runs in the Portillo area in Zaragoza (21,773 m²).

2.3. FIBER NETWORK

With the establishment of the contracts that regulate the Assignment to Red Eléctrica Internacional S.A.U. (REITEL) of the Rights of Use and Operation Management of the fiber optic cable network to the rail service, the action formulas established in previous years have been consolidated. In order to do so, during 2018, we continued to provide support services for billing and preparing commercial reports, development of the Renove Plan and provision of Professional Services.

The additional revenues for ADIF-Alta Velocidad derived from these actions in 2018, amounted to 826,487.20 euros, in addition to raising the figure of recurring revenues to 184,456 euros per year.

Likewise, within the Renovation Plan established in the Assignment Agreement, new cables have been renewed and put into service, in the sections: Abla-Almeria, Escacena-Huelva, Zafra-Fuente del Arco, Sevilla-El Pedroso, Cervera-Calaf, Astorga-Ponferrada



and Alsasua-Zumárraga; whose cost is initially budgeted with an amount greater than three million euros.

Additionally, the projects of the Girona-Port Bou, Orduña-Bilbao, Pamplona-Alsasua aéreo and Sevilla-Escacena routes have been prepared; and with respect to this last route, the tender has been carried out, as well as the first battery replacement batch in operators' booths of the high-speed lines.

2.4. ELECTRIC POWER

In the field of Energy, ADIF-Alta Velocidad has managed during 2018 the supply of electricity of 2,784 TWh, with the following average costs:

 Energy:
 63,58 €/MWh.

 ATRs:
 37,11 €/MWh.

 Total cost of MWh consumed:
 100,69 €/MWh.

The main actions that have taken place during 2018 are described below:

Invoicing with Embarked Measurement

A billing model for the complementary service for the supply of traction current in UIC lines (currently invoiced as "Real Cost") has been made using TKBs and Embarked Energy Measurement (according to the consumptions directed by Renfe Operadora to the ADIF-Alta Velocidad server -DCS-). The model has been applied to all high-speed lines, in the period July-September 2018.

Supplier invoicing

The billing procedure has been adapted to the exchange procedure between traders and distributors established by the CNMC, making ADIF-Alta Velocidad the 1st consumer to obtain recognition in the work groups of the CNMC, to be treated by distributors with the same protocol as that applied to marketers in F1 formats.

<u>Other actions</u>

A saving of 2.60 million euros has been achieved, corresponding to the compensation for 42.1 GWh of energy discharged by the braking of railway compositions in 20 substations of the UIC network; and in addition, authorization has been received from the Ministry for the Ecological Transition, for the discharge of energy in 7 new additional substations in the High Speed field; which will allow, from January 1, 2019, an additional annual saving estimated of 350,000euros, corresponding to the compensation of an additional 5.41 GWh/year of discharged energy.

2.5. FUEL

During 2018, fuel consumption in liters has increased, compared to the previous year, by 3.06%; which means an increase of 2.75 million liters, compared to the total consumption of 92.7 million liters.



Regarding the evolution of the price of fuel, it has maintained a bullish behavior during 2018, mainly due to the evolution of the Euro/Dollar exchange and the Brent oil price; which has meant an increase in the average price 2018, compared to the average price of the previous year; that is, an increase of 8.69 cents/liter (21.86%), until reaching the average price 2018 the figure of 48.47 cents/liter.

Both factors, consumption and price, have produced an increase in spending of 9.15 million euros.

In order to carry out new actions, 1.1 million euros have been budgeted for the Investment Plan for the 2019 fiscal year.

Non-financial info	rmation (Law	Descriptive text	Indicators of result/impact QUANTITATIVE DATA				
11/2018, of Dec	11/2018, of December 28)		Indicator description	Units	2016	2017	2018
			Passengers	M passengers	145.9	158.47	164.41
INFORMATION OF COMPANY PERFORMANCE AND PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY	Other areas of information relevant to the activity and impacts of the company	Capacity management => Number of companies that have operated in the Adif- AV network in each year 2016-> Renfe Viajeros, Renfe Mecancías, Acciona, Comsa, Contínal, Rail traction, Transitia Rail, Logitren, Transfea and Ferrovial Rail. In 2017 the previous ones, Low Cost Rail. In 2018, in addition to Medway and Alsa Rail, 2017, Ferrovial Rail has not operated.	Liberalization	Nº companies	10	11	12
	Capacity management	Accessibility to the High Speed Network	%	66.73	66.73	67.95	
		Capacity management	Development of the High Speed Network	km	265.70	2.80	71.8

2.6. CIRCULATION AND CAPACITY MANAGEMENT



2.7. SAFETY, PROCESSES AND CORPORATE SYSTEMS

Traffic safety has always been a hallmark and a priority in rail transport. Although the ADIF-Alta Velocidad standards related to traffic safety have always been very high, it is not exempt from important challenges such as the aging of the network, the complex interaction with the rest of the agents of the sector or the constant regulatory and technological evolution. The ultimate purpose of safety in circulation is based on prevention, learning and continuous improvement. ADIF-Alta Velocidad should promote a positive and active culture in this area, a standard that determines the technical pillar of the Fourth Railway Package. In this objective, the participation of all the areas is of special relevance, as well as the establishment of a management system that strengthens the confidence of all those who assume responsibilities. The objective is that no person suffers damages due to railway accidents.

The Directorate of Protection and Security is carrying out a comprehensive security policy that incorporates both security and civil protection. To do this, it has deployed the KPIs that are collected and that take into account all aspects of the activity. These data are measurable through the GIP application (Protection and Security Incident Manager) and the monthly reports that are prepared in each of the Areas.

- <u>Evaluation of the contracted surveillance services</u>: Through the appropriate inspections and evaluations of the security companies, it is possible to evaluate the compliance of the contracted services and measure the quality with which they are provided to maintain the quality and security parameters contracted.
- <u>Deliberate attacks against critical infrastructures</u>: Provide railway infrastructures with security plans and measures to guarantee the provision of the service and make them more and more resilient.
- <u>Crimes with incidence in the activity</u>: Through its monthly analysis, it's possible to identify the evolution and in the case of detecting any deviation or vulnerable points adopt the necessary measures.
- <u>Emergency Situations with application of the Self-Protection Plan</u>: In case of any emergency situation that entails the activation of the Self-Protection Plan, the corresponding report is prepared to analyze the action and to implement improvements in future situations..



Non-financial information (Law 11/2018, of December 28)		Indicators of result/impact QUANTITATIVE DATA					
		Indicator description Units 2016 2017 201		2018	2019		
	Consumers: measures for	Evaluation of the provision of surveillance and security services	points/45	38.4	38.33	39.46	> 35
INFORMATION OF COMPANY PERFORMANCE	COMPANY consumers;	Deliberate attacks against critical infrastructures	n⁰	54	38	9	<= 25
AND PRODUCT Systems, RESPONSIBILITY complaints received and resolution of them.	Crimes with incidence in the activity	n⁰	329	282	252	<= 250	
	Deceased persons or serious injuries in accidents	nº/ Mkm Train	0	0.018	0	0	

2.7.1. Protection and Safety

The exercise of police authority in relation to rail traffic, use and defense of infrastructure in order to ensure traffic safety, the conservation of infrastructure, facilities and material means of any kind necessary for exploitation corresponds to ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

During 2018, the number of electric conductor subtraction incidents decreased by 32% compared to the previous year; for the fifth consecutive year, 44% the subtracted meters; and the economic value of the stolen, 40% less, which has gone from \notin 499,655 in 2017 to \notin 300,325 in 2018.

Likewise, 26 radioscopy equipment has been replaced, which incorporates a technological renovation, which allows greater availability of the equipment.

2.7.2. Safety in Circulation

In 2018, the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Annual Safety Report was presented, in which the degree of compliance with the safety objectives, common indicators and the result of the Safety Plans for the year 2017 was presented.

Within the surveillance tasks, and based on the assignment agreement between ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad, the Annual Road Safety Plan 2018 was drafted, which sets the value of the security objectives for this period; establishing these objectives maximum values for the number of accident and accident precursors, whose figures in 2018 referring to the network owned by ADIF-Alta Velocidad, are included in the attached table (figures for the previous year are also indicated):



CONCEPT	REAL VALUE 2018	MAXIMUM VALUE OBJECTIVE 2018	REAL VALUE 2017	MAXIMUM VALUE OBJECTIVE 2017
TRAINS	0	1	1	2
OTHER ACCIDENTS	1	2	1	2
INCIDENTS PRECURSORS OF ACCIDENTS HAPPENED	19	24	19	24

Regarding security surveillance tasks, these were developed through two groups of activities entrusted to ADIF:

- <u>1st Level Surveillance</u>. It is a control of proximity and early detection on the application of safety standards related to processes and personnel, in particular in the exercise of safety functions, as well as on the state of facilities and infrastructure. During 2018, and with respect to this 1st Surveillance Level, 740 security visits were made, 619 monitored, as well as 454 audits (operational surveillance) on the activity indicated above.
- <u>Second Level Surveillance</u>: It is carried out through inspections, whose objective is the verification, through observation and analysis, of the correct compliance with the regulations and the safety requirements of application in activities, elements and conditions related to the safety in the circulation of trains and maneuvers. On the other hand, there are also operational controls that consist of improving the quality of surveillance actions (visits and eavesdropping) by periodically verifying the proper performance of the same; that is, they are supervisory actions carried out by the ADIF units responsible for executing the 1st Level Surveillance actions. During 2018, and with respect to this 2nd Level of Surveillance, 4,323 safety inspection actions were carried out in the High Speed Network, of which 4,082 were programmed and 241 were not programmed; detecting in addition, a total of 1,586 anomalies, of which 12.04% were of a serious level; which were put in communication of the affected area or company, for the adoption of the necessary measures for its resolution.

2.7.3. Common Actions: ADIF-Alta Velocidad / ADIF

<u>Quality and Client</u>

In 2018 the audits of AENOR were passed, renewing the Management System certification according to the ISO 9001 Quality Standard and the ISO 14001 Environmental Standard. On the other hand, in addition to compliance with the OSHAS 18001, UNE 166002 R&D and ISO 27001 certification of Information Systems, a new certificate has been obtained in ISO 20000-1 "Information Technology Service Management System "reinforcing the services we provide in information technology.

ADIF remains the first and only European railway administrator to be the European 500+ Excellence seal, forming part of the small group of 60 Spanish companies with such distinction.



In addition, ADIF continues to be a national and international reference in obtaining and improving ISO, UNE and EFQM certificates; is actively present in working groups such as AENOR, AEC (Customer Experience, Innovation, Environment, Quality), CEG, Group +500 of EFQM, etc ...; and collaborates with the Ministry of Development in continuing to promote and share best practices in all areas of public and private business management.

Customer Satisfaction

In 2018, the result of the Perceived Quality study was presented by the users of the Passenger Stations; in which the conclusions of an investigation that has had for main objective to know the level of satisfaction with the infrastructures, services, and the commercial offer of the ADIF stations are collected. The main results are shown below:



The Global assessment obtained by the users of the stations is of a 7.55 out of 10.



IMPORTANCIA Y SATISFACCIÓN CON LAS PRINCIPALES DIMENSIONES RELACIONADAS CON LAS ESTACIONES DE TREN			
	IMPORTANCIA*	SATISFACCIÓN**	
COMODIDAD / EQUIPAMIENTO	46,4%	7,20	
ACCESOS A LA ESTACIÓN	45,1%	7,69	
LIMPIEZA DE LA ESTACIÓN	43,8%	7,61	
INFORMACIÓN	39,9%	7,61	
ATENCIÓN CLIENTE ***	30,0%	7,75	
MOVILIDAD/FACILIDAD PARA DESPLAZARSE POR LA ESTACIÓN	22,3%	7,87	
SEGURIDAD ANTE DELINCUENCIA	17,8%	7,51	
RESTAURACIÓN	12,6%	7,13	
VENTA DE BILLETES	12,3%	7,90	
COMERCIOS	8,4%	7,59	
SEGURIDAD: INSTALACIONES / EQUIPAMIENTO	5,1%	7,59	
OCIO/ENTRETENIMIENTO	3,8%	7,75	
PROMEDIO	23,9%	7,60	

* Proporción de personas que citan espontáneamente el aspecto o la dimensión como uno de los tres más importantes. ** Satisfacción en una escala de 0 'Nada satisfecho/a' a 10 'Muy satisfecho/a'.

Digital Transformation and Systems

During 2018, the development of the strategy of the Directorate of Digital Transformation and Systems (DTDS), approved in December 2014; where the Action Plans and Services to be performed during this period have begun.

It has continued with the development of the Electronic Administration Plan, continuing with the implementation and commissioning of the electronic signature, and initiating various projects aimed at the implementation of the Bag, Handler, Electronic Office and Electronic Documents. Within the process of replacing Mainframe (HOST), we have continued with the development of the plan Transformation of legacy applications to open systems, carrying out a selective migration of applications and databases to the open systems environment. Finally, it is in the phase of awarding the modernization project of the ADIF and ADIF-Alta Velocidad WEBSITE, based on the implementation of the ADIF image renewal plan on the internet.

Finally, indicate that, from the point of view of continuous improvement, new management models have been developed aimed at Demand Management and Project Management, in order to cover in full the life cycle of any relative request. to processes of



the Direction of Digital Transformation and Systems, improving its management in an integrated way and giving an agile response to the implementation of each demand. *Information Security*

The Subdirection of Information Security (SSI) is encompassed in the General Directorate of Security, Processes and Corporate Systems, having entrusted the tasks and actions associated with cybersecurity globally for the entity.

Within the TRANSFORMA 2020 PLAN, the strategic objective of Cybersecurity within the Security Pillar was included, "Protecting Information Systems IT (Information Technologies) and OT (Operation Technologies)", against intrusions and aggressions; and, where appropriate, minimize its impact on the activity.

Cybersecurity is one of the biggest concerns of public entities and companies around the world. The importance of cyber-attacks is especially relevant in the railway sector, with railway infrastructure managers being critical operators in accordance with the provisions of current regulations.

In the railway sector we have passed, during the last years, the isolation of technological environments of railway exploitation, its hyper connection; introducing new emerging risk factors. This strategic objective aims to guarantee the integrity, availability and confidentiality of both the information of the organization; as of the systems, communications and technologies that support the different business processes. ADIF will have to reorder, renew and update the technological railway exploitation environments; and for this, teamwork in all areas is essential.

Within this scope of activity, the "Integral Security Plan for Information Systems" or PSISI, which emerged with the aim of defining a corporate model of Information Security Management with an integral scope, has continued to be developed; thus establishing the bases of a process of continuous improvement that guarantees the security of both the information and the systems, communications and technologies that support the different services of the Organization. Through the project, it is intended to know the status of Information Security, and propose the necessary actions to minimize the possible impact of the detected risks.

For this reason the PSISI was born, with the purpose of defining security plans for the protection of the Entity's assets, and establishing the aforementioned corporate information security management model with an integral scope, aligned with the strategic objectives, in accordance with the guidelines of the Information Security Policy, and in compliance with current legislation.

The PSISI encompasses both IT and operational environments, which fundamentally support ADIF business as a railway infrastructure administrator and are very heterogeneous in nature; having been implanted in these environments over time, according to the needs of the moment, and solving specific and very critical functions for the business; marked in many cases by technological obsolescence, and for which there are no information security plans.

For the control and monitoring of this project, the following committees were created: Steering, Tactics and Operational Working Group; who are responsible for identifying the



assets, developing, supervising and approving the actions that have allowed during this period to ensure the objectives set out in it. Based on this, a risk analysis of the Entity has been carried out, in order to identify the vulnerabilities and level of maturity that the company has, in order to establish action plans that mitigate said risks.

In addition, during 2018, the file "Managed Security Services for Information Systems" was also initiated; that once in operation, will provide service and support to the two main areas:

- GRC (Government, Risk and Compliance).
- Operations and SOC (Managed Security Operations Center).

2.8. PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROJECTS

Continuing with the strategy of previous years, the activities have been oriented towards the general objectives set by the Entity:

- Defense of the interests of ADIF-Alta Velocidad in the forums and international groups in which it is present.
- Profitability of the knowledge and experience accumulated by ADIF-Alta Velocidad through the attainment of technical assistance and contracts in foreign markets.
- Monitoring of opportunities that favor the participation of ADIF-Alta Velocidad professionals in projects and International Organizations, strengthening their individual capacities.
- Support for the internationalization of the Spanish business sector, to provide greater competitiveness to the list of suppliers of ADIF-Alta Velocidad.

2018 has turned out to be a year of great relevance, in which progress has been made in consolidating the size of the business abroad and the confirmation of very relevant opportunities; being proof of this, the Technical Assistance in India, Sweden or Israel.

Likewise, the activities carried out with strategic countries for our foreign business, such as the United Kingdom (project HS2, new high-speed line London-Birmingham-Leeds/Manchester), the United States, Russia, Israel, Korea, Australia, etc., are noteworthy. As well as the permanent collaboration with Amtrak, the rail operator of US travelers, through the North East Corridor Forum, whose vice-presidency we have played. From these collaborations, the signing of institutional agreements with MSTI-HŽ Infrastruktura (Croatia); with CU RZD, Corporate University of the Railways of Russia (RZD); with Renfe for the Dallas-Houston High Speed Project (Texas, USA), in which ADIF participates, with the collaboration of ADIF-Alta Velocidad, as a subcontractor within the contract signed with Texas Central Partners, a private rail operator of said line of high speed of 385 km in length, for the advice of Phase 1 of the project; and with China Railway Corporation, CRC.

As a result of these signed agreements, the collaboration with Croatia for the improvement of the connection of the Rijeka port within the Mediterranean Corridor and other sections TEN-T, with the support of ICEX and the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism, should be highlighted. Also the recovery of activity with the Russian RZD railways through the Seminaries for the training of managers with RZD CU of Russia; as well as the beginning of concrete training activities in Argentina within the Agreement



signed in 2017 with our ADIF SE counterpart. Finally with the Transportation Secretariat of that country, with great repercussion for the two Seminars already held.

3. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

3.1. 3.1. ANALYSIS OF ACTIVITY AND RESULTS

The pre-tax result for 2018 reflects losses of 223 million euros, compared to the 200 million euros loss in 2017; what supposes an increase of the loss of 11.7%.

The most significant variations in the sections of the income statement are the following:

• The Operating Result in 2018 shows a positive balance of 49.11 million euros compared to 38.98 million euros in 2017, which represents an increase of 25.99%.

The most significant changes in the income statement are as follows:

- Increase in Turnover of 3.64% (20.12 million euros) mainly due to the increase in revenue, basically as a result of two effects; the application of the new rates and the fee structure from July 1, 2017, and the growth of rail traffic. The global traffic reached the figure of 58,028 thousand km-trains in 2018 compared to 55,566 thousand km-trains in 2016; which means an increase of 4.43% (in the "Chapter 3.3 Fees" of this report, more information is detailed).
- The Other Operating Income heading recorded an increase of 1.9% with respect to the previous year, going from 404 million euros in 2017 to 412 million euros in 2018. This increase is largely driven by the increase in revenues derived from the supply of electricity to railway operators, which also shows an increase in expenses for this concept supported by the Entity. It also highlights the increase in rental income and services in the field of stations as well as advertising revenues.
- o The heading "Other operating expenses" has increased by 1.32% with respect to the previous year. This increase is explained by several factors. On the one hand there is an increase of 1.2% in the concept of repair and maintenance of the infrastructure of its ownership given the start of operation at the beginning of 2018 of the route between Valencia and Castellón of the Mediterranean Corridor as well as the increase of the sections to be maintained in ADIF-Alta Velocidad by the transfer from ADIF of certain sections of conventional width for their adaptation at high speed. This circumstance also causes an increase in the costs of circulation and network administration in the Entity registered in the services linked to traffic heading and which is billed by ADIF to ADIF-Alta Velocidad, in accordance with the current service management mandate. In addition, in fiscal year 2018 there was an increase of 1.05% (1,510 thousand euros) in the costs related to traffic and passenger service derived from the increase in service levels in security and surveillance at stations and other singular points..



- The Financial Result in 2018 recorded a negative balance of 272,52 million euros, compared to the negative result of 238,98 million euros in 2017. The main causes are summarized below
 - Financial expenses recorded a decrease of 2.53% compared to the previous year, going from 368 million euros in 2017 to 359 million euros in 2018. This fall is basically due to the decrease in the average rate of debt, from 1.91% in 2017 to 1.88% in 2018. Additionally, in 2018, there was a decrease in the estimated provision for financial expenses for interest on late payments to contractors and expropriated customers of 15%.
 - The heading "Impairment and result from disposals of financial instruments" includes, in 2018 for an amount of 26 million euros, the impairment of a noncommercial loan derived from a judicial procedure brought by ADIF to a contractor. The Entity has decided to impair the contingent asset when the contractor is in bankruptcy.
 - Financial income shows a decrease of 3.6%, caused among other causes by the drop in income from capitalized financial expenses, as a consequence, basically, of the decrease in the cost of the debt.

In ADIF-Alta Velocidad, different segments of activity are identified:

- <u>Network Administration</u>: Includes the processes of Capacity Management, Circulation and Safety Management, and Maintenance of the railway infrastructure.
- ✓ *Construction*: Includes the construction of the lines entrusted to it.
- ✓ <u>Management of stations and other assets</u>: This segment includes the management of the stations understood as the set of activities necessary to develop the provision of services to the final customer as well as the management of telecommunications and the management of other assets.
- ✓ *Energy*: Manages the supply of electricity.

Below is a breakdown of the operating result of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad by activity segments:



(Amounts in thousands of €	Work Administration	Construction	Station and other Assets management	Energy	Total
Revenue	488,169	0	83,953	0	572,123
Self-constructed assets	0	8,825	0	0	8,825
Other operating income	488	8,774	131,374	271,257	411,894
Personnel expenses	(151)	(10,741)	(2,509)	(708)	(14,108)
Other operating expenses	(281,324)	(22,874)	(100,780)	(277,058)	(682,036)
Income from internal operations	(3,552)	(1,506)	(242)	5,298	(0)
Depreciation and amortization	(297,820)	(524)	(45,957)	(253)	(344,554)
Non-financial and other capital grant	103,044	1	4,289	0	107,334
Impairment and results on disposal of fixed assets	(10,774)	(321)	126	(623)	(11,592)
Provisions excess	268	600	120	238	1,226
Results from operating activities	(1,652)	(17,765)	70,374	(1,848)	49,112

3.2. KEY ACTIVITY INDICATORS

In the attached table, we include some general economic and financial indicators:



	2018	2017
SELF-FINANCING RATIOS		
DEGREE OF FINANCIAL AUTONOMY Indicates the degree of independence from external financing	<i>53.33%</i>	<i>53.91%</i>
FINANCING OF FIXED ASSETS Indicates the % long term resources that finance non-current assets	98.17%	98.75%
PROFITABILITY RATIOS		
TOTAL ASSET TURNOVER Indicates the degree of efficiency in asset management	2.14%	2.11%
FIXED ASSETS TURNOVER Indicates the degree of efficiency in the management of fixed assets	2.16%	2.14%
CURRENT ASSETS TURNOVER Indicates the degree of efficiency in the management of current assets	197.61%	150.84%
LIQUIDITY RATIOS	2018	2017
LIQUIDITY COEFFICIENT Indicates how many monetary units for every 100 of assets are liquid	1.08%	1.40%
TREASURY COEFFICIENT Indicates the ability of the company to meet its short-term commitments	0.37	0.53
SOLVENCY RATIO Indicates the ability of the company to meet its liabilities based on the assets	2.14	2.17
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Indicates the remuneration to the capital	-1.60%	-1.45%
ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE Effective capacity to remunerate all available capital, wholly owned and others	-0.49%	-0.44%
WORKING CAPITAL (million €) Determines if a company can meet its current obligations with its current assets	-833.94	-559.20

<u>Average period of payment to suppliers</u>: Information regarding the 2018 and 2017 financial years on deferrals of payment made to suppliers as established in Additional Provision Three of Law 15/2010, of July 5 and in accordance with the methodology established in the Resolution of the Institute of Accounting and Auditing of Accounts of January 29, 2016, is shown in the attached table:

Payments made and pending payment at December 31					
	31-12-18 31-12-1				
	Days	Days			
Average payment period to suppliers	55.53	50.15			
Ratio paid operations	57.63	53.67			
Ratio of outstanding payment transactions	27.38	25.86			
	Amount (thousand €)	Amount (thousand €)			
Total payments	1,746,167	1,457,083			
Total outstanding payments	130,573	210,714			

The interannual variation of the average period of payment to suppliers is basically caused by the agreed conditions for the payment of VAT passed on by the State Company



of Infrastructure of Land Transport, S.A. in various deliveries in kind of works executed by said merchant. The payment period excluded from this operation was 50.56 days in 2018.

3.3. RAILWAY FEES

ADIF-Alta Velocidad receives from railway companies, under the provisions of the Railway Sector Law, fees denominated rail charges for the use of railway lines forming part of the General Interest Rail Network (RFIG) and for the use of stations and other railway facilities.

The structure of the fees applied in the first half of 2017 is regulated by Law 39/2003, of November 17, of the Railway Sector.

On September 29, 2015, Law 38/2015 of the Railway Sector was approved, which completely replaced Law 39/2003, and which unifies and concentrates in a single standard the complete legal regime of the rail transport mode. In addition, it incorporates into the Spanish legislation the new rules contained in Directive 2012/34 / EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of November 21, 2012, which cover almost all areas of railway legislation, among others, those related to transparency and sustainability of the financing of railway infrastructures, a new and more complete classification of the services related to the railway and the establishment of new and more precise rules in the pricing of access to railway infrastructure.

The new Railway Sector law substantially modifies the structure of the charges for the use of the railway lines that make up the Railway of General Interest, presenting a simpler and more traffic-friendly structure than the previous one. It also significantly modifies the structure of the fee for the use of the service facilities and the tariff regime for the provision of services, advancing in the free access to service activities without compromising the sustainability of the railway infrastructure. Likewise, the classification criteria of passenger transport stations are modified and extended in order to take into consideration the economic capacity of the associated services for the determination of the amount of the fee.

Law 38/2015 establishes in its fourth transitory provision:

"Until they are not fixed in accordance with the rules set out in Title VI, the railway charges and the fees for complementary services in the service facilities of the infrastructure managers referred to in article 22, those in force upon the entry into force of this law will still apply.

The adequacy of railway charges to the provisions of Title VI of Law 38/2015 will be included, in any case, in the first bill of the General Budget of the State that is processed after the entry into force of the law".



The fee structure established in Law 38/2015, and the corresponding unit rates, did not come into force until July 1, 2017, since under article 134.4 of Title VII of the Spanish Constitution, Law 48/2015 of General State Budgets for the year 2016 was extended until the approval of Law 3/2017, of June 27, of the General Budgets of the State for the year 2017, which in its Article 70. Railway Canons, states:

"As of the first day of the month following the date of entry into force of this Law, the railroad fees provided for in articles 97 and 98 of Law 38/2015, of September 29, of the Railway Sector, shall apply. with the unit amounts established in articles 71 and 72 below "

For this reason, the structure of the fees applied in the first half of 2017 is regulated by Law 39/2003, of November 17, of the Railway Sector, while as of July 1, 2017 and throughout 2018, the royalty structure regulated by Law 38/2015, of September 29 applies.

Additionally, the rates applicable in 2018 did not come into force until August 1, due to the approval of Law 6/2018 of PGE for the year 2018 that published them did not occur until July 3 of that year. This circumstance must be taken into account when analyzing the variations of income by fees in 2018 with respect to 2017 since the lack of homogeneity in the royalty structure in 2018 and 2017 prevents the comparative analysis by type of fee.

The methodology for calculating the rates of the fees, in accordance with the provisions of applicable European regulations and Law 38/2015, is aimed at transferring to the railway operator all costs directly attributable to the rail service, which entails the disappearance, as of July 2017, of the subsidy for the administration of the network that until then ADIF received.

The rates applicable in 2018 were calculated from the costs directly attributable to the operation of the rail service for the use of the lines of the 2016 General Interest Railway Network (last year closed and audited), broken down by high-performance lines and rest of lines.

The costs directly attributable to the rail service are the following:

- Costs of the process of allocation of capacity, traffic management, security in circulation and replacement of security and traffic control facilities (recoverable by mode A)
- Maintenance and conservation costs of the railway infrastructure (recoverable by the B modality), and
- Costs of maintenance and conservation of electrification facilities and their replacement costs (recoverable by mode C)

Financial expenses, replacement costs corresponding to the platform, tunnels, bridges, road, buildings and means used for maintenance and conservation, as well as those



necessary for a reasonable development of these infrastructures and all those costs that allow the infrastructure manager railways achieve the economic sustainability of the infrastructures it manages, they can recover, provided that the market can accept it, by adding to the full fee for the use of railway lines (mode B).

The total volume of royalties in 2018 experienced an increase of more than 4% over the previous year, mainly due to the increase in tariffs and the increase in production.

Below is a table that shows the income by type of canon corresponding to the 2018 and 2017 fiscal years:

(Importes en miles de euros)	2018	2017
CANON DE ACCESO		12.181
CANON POR RESERVA DE CAPACIDAD		56.420
CANON POR CIRCULACIÓN		40.573
CANON POR TRÁFICO		112.780
CANON ADJUDICACIÓN CAPACIDAD	86.192	41.564
ADICIÓN CANON ADJUDICACIÓN CAPACIDAD	867	710
CANON UTILIZACIÓN LÍNEAS FERROVIARIAS	203.868	98.808
ADICIÓN CANON UTILIZACIÓN LÍNEAS FERROVIARIAS	154.361	73.652
CANON UTILIZACIÓN INSTALACIONES ENERGÍA ELÉCTRICA TRACCIÓN BONIFICACIÓN PARA INCENTIVAR EL CRECIMIENTO DEL TRANSPORTE FERROVIARIO (Ley	34.481	16.640
38/2015, artículo 97.6.1°) (*)	-6.601	
INGRESOS CÁNONES POR UTILIZACIÓN DE LÍNEAS DE LA RFIG	473.168	453.327
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN DE ESTACIONES POR VIAJEROS	53.552	66.279
ADICIÓN POR INTENSIDAD DE USO ESTACIONES TRANSPORTE VIAJEROS	30.243	15.917
CANON POR SERVICIOS EN ESTACIONES FUERA HORARIO DE APERTURA	11	0
CANON POR ESTACIONAMIENTO Y UTILIZACIÓN DE ANDENES		4.409
CANON POR PASO DE CAMBIADORES DE ANCHO	4.596	4.095
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN DE VÍAS DE APARTADO		36
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN DOMINIO PÚBLICO FERROVIARIO		З
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN VÍAS ANDÉN ESTACIONAMIENTO SERVICIOS COMERCIALES	10.403	4.651
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN VÍAS ANDÉN ESTACIONAMIENTO OTRAS OPERACIONES	117	52
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN VÍAS OTRAS INSTALACIONES DE SERVICIO	0	25
CANON POR UTILIZACIÓN PUNTOS CARGA PARA MERCANCÍAS	0	0
INGRESOS CÁNONES POR UTILIZACIÓN ESTACIONES Y OTRAS INSTALACIONES	98.921	95.468
TOTAL INGRESOS CÁNONES FERROVIARIOS	572.089	548.795

(*) INCLUYE LA BONIFICACIÓN CORRESPONDIENTE A 2017 POR IMPORTE DE 795 MILES DE EUROS

In order to encourage the effective exploitation of the rail network and promote new rail transport services, in accordance with the provisions of article 97.6 of Law 38/2015, ADIF-Alta Velocidad established a bonus for the use of the integral lines of the General Interest Railway Network, modalities A and B, for the annual traffic increases according to the criteria included in the law itself.

The bonus lines in 2018 in the ADIF-Alta Velocidad network are the following:



- Axis Lines 11-A.V. Madrid Chamartín Valladolid Bifurcación Venta de Baños.
- Axis Lines 12-A.V. Madrid Atocha Barcelona Frontera Francia.
- Axis Lines 13-A.V. Madrid Atocha Levante (actually Valencia/Alicante).
- Axis Lines 14-A.V. Madrid Atocha Toledo / Sevilla Sta. Justa / Málaga María Zambrano.
- Axis Lines 16-A.V. Olmedo Medina Zamora Galicia.

The bonus generated in 2018 amounted to 5,806.6 thousand euros (794.7 thousand euros in 2017).

The amount of revenue from fees for the use of RFIG lines in 2018 registered an increase of 4.7% with respect to 2017 (considering the effect of the aforementioned bonus), reaching an amount of 474 million euros in 2018 compared to 453 million euros in 2017.

This increase is due, on the one hand, to the increase in traffic and, on the other, to the implementation of the new fee structure as of July 1, 2017 (with the entry into force of the 2017 LPGE) and the consequent increase of rates with respect to the first semester of 2017, and the application of rates 2018 with the entry into force of the LPGE 2018 on August 1, 2018.

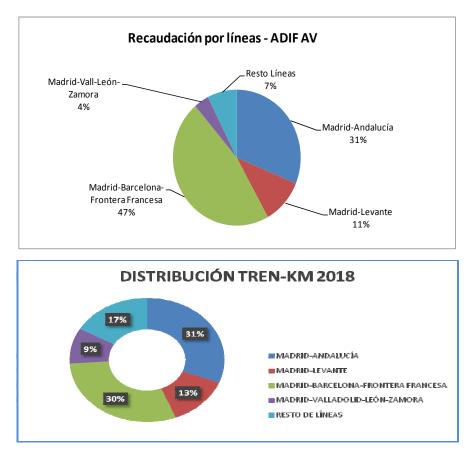
Global traffic, measured in terms of train-km, increased by 4.4%, reaching 58,028 thousand train-km in 2018 compared to 55,566 thousand in 2017. This variation responds to the growth registered in all lines except for the Madrid-Barcelona-French Border relationship that decreased by 0.3%.

Below is a table showing the variations of train-km number circulated in 2018 and 2017 by the main ADIF-Alta Velocidad lines:

MILES DE TRENES-KM UTILIZACIÓN LÍNEAS DE LA RFIG	2018	2017	VARIACIÓN	% VARIACIÓN
MADRID-ANDALUCÍA	18.005	17.674	331	1,87%
MADRID-LEVANTE	7.540	7.049	491	6,97%
MADRID-BARCELONA-FRONTERA FRANCESA	17.421	17.473	-51	-0,29%
MADRID-VALLADOLID-LEÓN-ZAMORA	5.407	5.302	105	1,98%
RESTO DE LÍNEAS	9.655	8.069	1.586	19,66%
TOTAL	58.028	55.566	2.462	4,43%

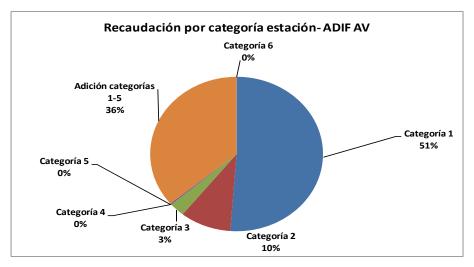
The distribution of collection and train-km circulated in 2018 between the main lines of ADIF-Alta Velocidad is shown in the following graphs:





On the other hand, the fees for use of the stations registered a growth of 2% with respect to the previous year.

The distribution by category of stations of the collection of the fee for the use of ADIF-Alta Velocidad stations is shown in the following graph:



Regarding the fees for using other facilities, the collection of 2018 has increased by 14% compared to 2017, mainly due to the implementation of the new fee structure as of July 2017.



3.4. FINANCING THROUGH GREEN BOND EMISSIONS ("GREEN BOND")

On April 23, 2018, ADIF-Alta Velocidad carried out its second issue of fixed-income securities under the "Green Bond" format. This transaction is part of our Strategic Plan objectives for the coming years; the Transforma 2020 Plan and the Entity's strong commitment to sustainability, as already indicated in previous sections, pointing out that its entire strategy is aligned with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs); besides contemplating in the Plan, specific strategic objectives that seek to improve our impact on society from an economic, social, environmental and good governance point of view of the organization. Thus, for example, Objective 3.2 of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad Strategic Plan is "to contribute to a respectful transport with the environment and responsible in the use of resources". To achieve this, initiatives have been designed to fight against climate change, incorporate circular economy projects, apply ecological purchasing criteria, and strengthen the environmental monitoring system.

In this context and to develop its activity as a sustainable issuer, ADIF-Alta Velocidad, in compliance with the Green Bonds Principles (GBP) of ICMA (International Capital Market Association), in June 2017, a framework ("framework") was provided, with the objective of guaranteeing the transparency, disclosure and integrity of its Green Bond issues.

In this "framework", the Entity acquires the commitment to allocate the resources coming from the green bond issues to the Eligible Green Projects, which will include both new projects and continuation of ongoing projects; with disbursements from 2 years before the bonds are issued and up to 24 months from the date of issue. Specifically, ADIF-Alta Velocidad undertakes to allocate the funds obtained through these bonds to the two categories of projects described below:

- a) Investments related to new high-speed rail lines and extensions of existing highspeed lines.
- b) Investments related to maintenance, upgrades and energy efficiency of highspeed rail lines.

Likewise, in order to provide investors with an independent assessment of compliance with the "Green Bond Principles", ADIF-Alta Velocidad selected CICERO (Center for International Climate Research) as a specialized entity to review its framework of actions, and issue a Second Opinion

The Second Opinion issued by CICERO, classified as "DARK GREEN", confirms compliance with the ICMA Principles within the framework of ADIF-Alta Velocidad green bonds.

The main characteristics of the first issuance of "Green Bonds" of ADIF-Alta Velocidad are the following:

\checkmark	Volume:	600,000,000 EUR.
\checkmark	Date of execution:	23 April, 2018.
\checkmark	Payment Date:	4 May, 2018.



\checkmark	Maturity:	4 May, 2026.
✓	Rate:	1.25% annual.

✓ Net Amount: 595,212,000 EUR.

Finally, it is necessary to indicate that 45% of the investors who acquired these securities are socially responsible investors.

3.5. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Treasury of the Entity is directed in a centralized manner in order to achieve maximum optimization of resources.

The evolution of the treasury during 2018 and 2017 is reflected below:

Amounts in thousands of euros	2018	2017
Cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities	(119,789)	(78,480)
Cash flows from/ (used in) in investing activities	(878,593)	(1,216,275)
Cash flows from/ (used in) financing activities	881,477	1,031,877
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(116,905)	(262,878)

Cash flow generated from financing activities corresponds to the following sources:

Amounts in thousands of euros	2018	2017
Grants, donations and equity issuance	116,620	13,938
Increased debts with credit entities	311,574	229,100
Collections and payments of financial instruments	453,283	788,839
Cash flows from financing activities	881,477	1,031,877

The Treasury of the Entity is directed in a centralized manner in order to achieve maximum optimization of resources.

The ADIF-Alta Velocidad working capital went from (559.20) million euros as of December 31, 2017, to (833.94) million as of December 31, 2018, which represents a negative net variation of 274.74 million euros. This situation is considered temporary given that the patrimonial contributions provided by the Entity, the subsidies and the limit of indebtedness reflected in the State Budgets carried over to 2019 can improve and even reverse the aforementioned situation. In addition, the Entity has underwritten and not arranged as of December 31, 2018, short-term credit facilities with financial institutions for a total amount of 385 million euros. The maturity of the mentioned credit policies is short term, with an annual tacit renewal for some of them, with an established limit of renewals.

Likewise, it should be taken into account that the Entity, in accordance with a policy of optimizing its financial costs, reduced the appeal to external credit to the maximum in 2018, so that, although it was authorized to increase its long-term indebtedness in



nominal terms in a total amount of 1,890 million euros, this debt only increased by 371.5 million euros.

Indebtedness, both with credit institutions and by issuance of obligations, includes the debt contracted by ADIF-Alta Velocidad, mainly with the European Investment Bank, to finance the investments in property, plant and equipment contemplated in the Multi-Annual Action Plan (PAP) in previous exercises.

On November 13, 2018, the renewal of the informative brochure of the EMTN Program was registered in the Irish Stock Exchange for a nominal amount of 6,000 million euros, and was transferred to the CNMV on the same date.

The conjunction of the evolution of interest rates, the policy of debt renegotiation and the diversification of financing sources, has placed the average interest rate of the ADIF-Alta Velocidad liabilities, contracted in the long term, in 1,88% annual, as of December 31, 2018, for an average life of 10.30 years (1.91% per annum, on December 31, 2017, for an average life of 11.09 years).

3.6. COVERAGE RATIO ESA (European System of Accounts)

The Royal Decree-Law 15/2013, of December 13, on the restructuring of the public enterprise entity " Administrador de Infraestructuras Ferroviarias " (Adif) and other urgent measures in the economic order, includes an additional first provision in which the regulations are regulated. criteria and procedures to ensure compliance with the principle of financial sustainability of the new public business entity ADIF-Alta Velocidad and consequently of the requirements demanded by the regulations governing national accounting.

Specifically, the additional provision states that:

- ADIF-Alta Velocidad, in accordance with the principle of financial sustainability, will ensure that the coverage ratio of production costs with sales revenues, as they appear set out in the regulations governing the national accounts, allow their classification as a public unit included within the "Non-financial corporations" sector.
- The budgeting and execution of the investments will be adjusted in time and in the amount so that in no case can investments be made that jeopardize the consideration of Adif-Alta Velocidad as a non-financial company for the purposes of national accounting.

In application of this additional provision, the value of the SEC 2010 coverage ratio is calculated as of December 31, 2018, considering the modifications proposed by the IGAE in this regard:

• The information on financial income has been broken down, distinguishing between those corresponding to the return on financial investments and those recognized by the activation of financial expenses, showing the 50% ratio, without netting the income from the activation of the total financial expenses. To



compare the figures in homogeneous terms, the same criterion has been applied to the scenarios on the basis of which the segregation was decided.

- The amounts related to Modality A, to the Addition of Modality A and to the Addition of Modality B, when referring to VCM services, have not been considered within income by infrastructure fee, for the purpose of calculating the ratio linked to Public Service Obligations not accepted by Eurostat as market revenues.
- A coefficient of elevation has been applied to the accounting depreciation in the terms proposed by the Intervention for its adjustment to linear amortization. The value of this coefficient for 2016 is 0.80; this value has been applied provisionally to the amounts of 2018.

The values obtained on December 31, 2018 are:

Revenue in National Accounts	929,608
Expenditures in National Accounts	1,655,426
Ratio SEC 2010	56.16%

3.7. INVESTMENTS DURING THE YEAR

During fiscal year 2018 (compared to the previous year) the investments shown in the attached tables, detailed by nature and by line, have been executed:

NATURE	2018 THOUSAND€ (VAT included)	2017 THOUSAND€ (VAT included)
ELECTRIFICATION AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS	88,029	69,276
PLATFORM	700,106	867,223
SIGNS AND SAFETY FACILITIES	98,636	95,286
EQUIPMENT AND OTHER OPERATIONS	195,630	164,801
TRACK	174,649	119,095
STATIONS AND GOODS TERMINALS	53,328	30,459
TOTAL	1,310,378	1,346,140

LINES	2018 THOUSAND€ (VAT included)	2017 THOUSAND€ (VAT included)
VANDELLÓS-VALENCIA	32,581	12,546
L.A.V. LEVANTE	83,423	108,280
L.A.V. ALMERIA-MURCIA	21,379	11,968
L.A.V. BOBADILLA-GRANADA	73,241	87,691
VANDELLOS-TARRAGONA	39,091	53,327



PALENCIA-AGUILAR DE CAMPOO	586	
CABCERA NORTE DE CHAMARTIN	857	
L.A.V. ASTURIAS (VARIANTE DE PAJARES)	67,234	89,652
L.A.V. VENTA DE BAÑOS-PALENCIA-LEÓN-ASTURIAS	18,580	30,445
L.A.V. VALLADOLID-BURGOS-VITORIA	48,337	67,096
L.A.V. VITORIA-BILBAO-SAN SEBASTIÁN	68,155	65,916
L.A.V. MADRID-EXTREMADURA	139,286	109,332
L.A.V. GALICIA (OLMEDO-LUBIÁN-ORENSE)	487,652	327,158
L.A.V. ZARAGOZA-PAMPLONA (CASTEJÓN-PAMPLONA)	7,953	481
CONEXIÓN U.I.C CHAMARTÍN-ATOCHA-TORREJÓN	36,329	46,846
ATLANTIC AXIS (CORUÑA-VIGO)	30,532	64,231
IMPUTABLE TO THE NETWORK	47,488	25,392
INVESTMENT IN OPERATING LINES	95,084	233,149
OURENSE VARIANT	1,393	
STATIONS AND OTHER ASSETS	11,197	12,630
TOTAL	1,310,378	1,346,140

3.8. INFORMATION ABOUT THE RECRUITMENT CARRIED OUT

SUMMARY OF TENDERS						
Management	N° Filings (internal)	Amount (Thousand € no VAT)	Nº Tenders	Amount (Thousand € no VAT)		
Construction Management	126	57,338	407	3,017,646		
Energy and Fiber Network Management	4	3,068	18	423,965		
Technical performance Management	2	535	6	9,601		
Others	2	176	8	565		
TOTALES	134	61,117	439	3,451,776		

Below is detailed information on the hiring activity during 2018:

SUMMARY TABLE OF CONTRACTS					
Management	Nº Filings (internal)	Amount (Thousand € no VAT)	№ Contracts	Amount (Thousand € no VAT)	
Construction Management	126	57,106	357	927.559	
Energy and Fiber Network Management	4	3,048	37	424.188	
Technical performance Management	2	535	9	8.751	
Others	2	176	9	755	
TOTALES	134	60,864	412	1,361,253	

SUMMARY OF TENDERS BY PROCEDURE				
Procedure/Criteria	N° Filings	Amount (Thousand€ no VAT)	% Imp	



Open	196	2,874,110	83.3%
Most advantageous offer (multiple			
criteria)	140	2,605,257	75.5%
Price (criteria)	36	268,853	7.8%
Restricted			
 Most advantageous offer (multiple 			
criteria)			
Price (criteria)			
Negotiated			
 With Advertising 	2	424,774	12.3%
 Without Advertising 	49	89,993	2.6%
- Supplementary			
- Technology linking	38	55,870	1.6%
- Other Causes	11	34,123	1.0%
 Smaller contracts 	52	757	0.0%
Order from Framework Agreement	6	1,026	0.0%
TOTAL TENDERS	305	3,390,659	
Internal Filings of the AGE	134	61,117	1.8%
TOTALS	439	3,451,776	100.00%



^{*i*} The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) of the 2030 Agenda were formulated by the United Nations in September 2015, and represent a global reference for the 193 countries that sign these commitments. These are 17 objectives that are materialized in 169 integrated goals.

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